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WASHINGTON.

The Alabama Claims Question.

A Review of our Diplomatic Correspondence in 1861.

The Advisory Indian Commission Laying out its Work.

Interviews Between Secretary Fish and the Spanish Minister.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 27.

DIPLOMATIC CORRESPONDENCE—A RETROSPECT.

All of our early diplomatic correspondence with foreign governments is undergoing close examination by the administration, and as a result members of the Cabinet are questioning whether, in the position we may assume concerning the settlement of the Alabama claims, we can rest our demands upon England to any great extent on her early recognition of belligerency, without in the first place running great risk in being beaten in the argument, and, in the second place, unnecessarily shackling ourselves. The correspondence referred to shows that on the 19th of June, 1861, Lord Lyons explained to Mr. Adams that England, in issuing the proclamation of the month before, really intended to be strictly neutral; that Mr. Adams wrote on the 21st that a desire to be perfectly neutral inspired Her Majesty's Minister, and that Mr. Seward, in reply, virtually declared that there was no special cause for trouble on account of the proclamation at that time. On the 17th of June, 1861, the Spanish proclamation of neutrality was issued. On the 2d of August Mr. Schurz wrote to Mr. Seward:

"In pursuance of the instructions contained in your despatch I addressed a note to Senor Calderon Collantes, a copy of which is hereby annexed. I would have solicited an interview with the Secretary, for the purpose of explaining to him the satisfaction with which the proclamation of the Queen was received by the President, had he not been absent from the Capital."

The note of Mr. Schurz to the Spanish Secretary of State, to which he refers, contained the following regarding the proclamation:

"LEGATION OF THE U. S., MADRID, July 31, 1861.

"SIR: Yesterday I received a despatch from the Secretary of State of the United States, informing me that the President has read with the greatest satisfaction, the proclamation of Her Catholic Majesty concerning the unfortunate troubles that have arisen in the United States, and it affords me the sincerest pleasure to express to your Excellency the high sense which the President entertains of Her Majesty's prompt decision and friendly action upon this occasion."

In thus carefully renewing all the arguments which have been lately brought promiscuously to public notice, the only purpose of the administration is to find the strongest position which the government can take and successfully maintain.

CLAIM AGAINST GENERAL BEAUREGARD.

Third Auditor Clarke, finding an old claim of the government against General Beauregard of ten dollars and a half, wrote asking him to settle. Beauregard, in reply, sends a bill against the government of $16,550 for transportation upon an order of the War Department in January, 1861, to proceed from West Point to New Orleans. He also communicates information that his resignation as officer of the army was regularly accepted in February, 1861.

THE CENSUS COMMITTEE.

The Sub-Committee on the Census had a meeting to-day. Five members were present. They found matters well advanced. Dr. Hough, of New York, who took the census of that State for two years, and who was put in charge of census matters in the Interior Department for that special occasion, has prepared a number of very valuable schemes for the consideration of the committee. Commissioner Capron has submitted plans for collecting all information pertaining to the agricultural interests. Mr. Walker, of the Treasury, assisted by a person detailed from the Internal Revenue office, has prepared methods for that part of the work concerning all financial affairs of the nation.

THE QUAKER CITY CASE.

At an interview of the Spanish Minister, Mr. Roberts, with Secretary Fish, the latter communicated the decision that the libel of the court in the case of the Quaker City took the case out of the jurisdiction of the departments here. At first Mr. Roberts was quite dissatisfied with the course he supposed was to be taken, and expressed an opinion that our neutrality laws should be more strictly enforced; but the Secretary soon convinced him that the department was doing all in its power in the matter. The fact is, as expressed by a high official to-day, that the bearing of the question upon the Alabama negotiations has made the strict enforcement of our neutrality laws a matter of interest as well as principle, with the administration. The Spanish Minister made no complaints upon the supposition that the vessel was to be released. Some correspondence has passed between Secretary Fish and Mr. Roberts, which shows that the administration holds vigorously to the Monroe doctrine, and in a recent communication Mr. Fish wrote in effect to enforce the neutrality laws, he would not attempt to disguise the fact that, so far as Cuba is concerned, the sympathies of the government were all with the revolutionists.

M'MAHON HEARD FROM.

The government has at last received information from Mr. Webb that Minister McMahon was under the protection of the allies at Asuncion, about March 30.

AMICABLY SETTLED.

The Lizzie Major case is amicably settled. Spain will make a formal apology to the United States for the capture and imprisonment of the American citizen Annibel, and also make proper compensation to him.

TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

APPOINTMENTS.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—The President has appointed Samuel H. M. Byers, Consul at Zurich.

The following Postmasters have been appointed: Samuel P. Drake, Portsmouth, O.; Wm. H. Lowderwell, Cumberland, Md.; H. A. Reed, Marshall, Mich.; Jno. Chandler, Coldwater, Mich.; James M. Reed, Steubenville, O.; L. M. Cox, Thorntown, Ind.

Uriah Bruner has been appointed Receiver of Public Moneys at West Point, Neb.; John Meanshaw, Supervising Inspector of Steamboats for the Third District; George Moore, Collector of Internal Revenue, Tenth District, Ind.; Newton Cooper, Collector Internal Revenue, West Virginia.

REVENUE RECEIPTS.

Internal revenue receipts for the month to date, $16,782,286; customs receipts for the 5th to the 22d inclusive, $2,673,451.

CUBA.

Despatches were received at the Navy Department to-day from Admiral Hoff, dated Havana, May 19, but they make no reference to political affairs, being confined exclusively to the movements of the squadron. His silence concerning the reported battle between the insurgent and Spanish troops is construed at the department as an [illegible] that those reports were manufactured outside of Cuba for effect.

THE ADVISORY INDIAN COMMISSION PREPARING FOR WORK.

The Indian Commission has passed resolutions declaring it expedient for its members to recommend persons for appointment in the Indian Department. Messrs. Stuart, Farwell, Dodge and Campbell were appointed a committee to co-operate with the government officers in the purchase of goods and supplies for the department. The board resolved to divide into three committees, for the purpose of visiting the Indians, viz: Northwestern Division—Welch, Farwell, and Toby; Western Division—Campbell, Stuart, and Hall; Southern Division—Brunot, Bishop, and Dodge.

REPORT OF THE PACIFIC RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

It appears from the report of the special commissioners appointed by the President to examine the two Pacific railroads, that $6,771,710 will be required to bring the Union Pacific up to a first-class road, measured by the standard of the best Eastern roads, or $6,549 per mile, and that $6,714,942 will be required by the Central Pacific Road to the same end, or $9,083 per mile. The aid extended to each company was: Union Pacific, $27,190,000, or an average of $26,200 per mile; Central Pacific, $26,076,000, or an average of $35,109 per mile. Each company has, of course, issued first mortgage bonds of an equal amount.

KANSAS.

Further Outrages Committed by Settlers on the Joy Purchase—Indian Murders.

ST. LOUIS, May 27.—The Lawrence (Kansas) *Tribune* says on Friday night last two settlers on Cox's Creek, Neutral Lands, Kansas, were hanged by the leaguers. Another was shot and several others warned to leave. Considerable numbers of the settlers not in sympathy with the league were going to Fort Scott for protection, and others were leaving the State. It is said that there are nearly 3,000 well-armed and organized men in hostility to Mr. Joy. Protection will be given to the railroad engineers, and the lawless men in that region will have to flee the country or suffer the penalty of their acts.

The *Democrat* has a letter from Sheridan, Kansas, giving an account of the murder of three men by Cheyenne Indians about a month ago. It appears that four men, named R. T. Smith, of Cincinnati; J. W. Saryock, of Pennsylvania; W. Head, of Williamsburg, and J. G. Doran, of Steubenville, Ohio, went to Sheridan early in the spring and started on a trip to New Mexico about the 18th of April. On the 1st of May, when near Antelope Hills, on the border of the Indian Territory, they were attacked by twenty Cheyennes, and the three first-named young men were killed. Doran then surrendered, and while in camp with the Indians that night, he drugged some brandy he had with him with opium, which the Indians drank; and when they were stupefied he escaped and reached Sheridan on the 18th inst., whence he left for the East.

KENTUCKY.

Honor to the Remains of Ex-Governor Morehead—Revenue Collections.

LOUISVILLE, May 27.—The collections made by internal revenue in the Louisville District, during the year ending April 30, 1869, were $3,363,461.54.

The remains of ex-Governor Morehead, who died some time ago, at Greenville, Miss., will arrive here to-day, per steamer Richmond, *en route* to Frankfort, for final interment. A military and civic procession will escort the remains to St. Paul Church, where they will lay in state until Monday morning, with religious services on Sunday morning.

LOUISVILLE, May 27.—A large quantity of island sugar, from which the government should have received for import duties several thousand dollars in coin, was seized to-day by the custom officers.

MISSOURI.

St. Louis Income Returns—Sale of Mining Lands—Return of the Stolen State Seal—Masonic—Raft Broken Up.

ST. LOUIS, May 27.—The United States Revenue taxes of this (the First) District of Missouri, for the fiscal year ending May 31, amount to $3,618,139.

The income return list of last year is published, and shows only two hundred and one incomes over $5,000. Of the large incomes the following are the most prominent: John J. Roe, $211,000; F. Whittaker, $100,000; John Whittaker, $[illegible]; Jos. Whittaker, $30,000; L. L. Ashbrook, $40,000; Henry Ashbrook, $46,000; Jas. Ashbrook, $60,000. All these gentlemen are pork packers: James H. Lucas, $138,000; Jno. G. Copelin, $73,000; Andrew Christy, $57,000; Chas. H. Buck, $[illegible]; Dan. Catlin, $47,000; F. O. Day, $48,000; Robert Campbell, $70,000; Jas. Fiske, $31,000; A. & W. Goodwin, $40,000; H. Hoffman, $[illegible]; Wm. Hamilton, $30,000; Nicholas Shorffer, $30,000; Henry Shaw, $41,000; William McKee, $31,000; Alexander Kelsey, $30,000; A. Knight, $30,000; Joseph Weil, $[illegible].

Parties here representing the Fleming Bros., of Philadelphia, sold to-day five-sixths of the Mine LaMotte property to Mr. Lockwood, of New York, for $340,000. Colonel L. V. Bogy, of this city, bid the same amount, but Mr. Lockwood was declared the purchaser. The Mine LaMotte property comprises 24,000 acres of rich mineral land, and near to Fredericktown, Mo., on the extension of the Iron Mountain Railroad.

The original great seal of the State was to-day sent to Governor McClurg by Thomas C. Reynolds, who was Lieutenant Governor of this State, under Claib Jackson, at the commencement of the war, and by whom it was carried away. The seal is electrotyped with gold and encased in an ebony box.

The Twenty-ninth Annual Convention of the Episcopal Church, for the Diocese of Missouri, commenced here to-day. Quite a large number of delegates are present.

The colored Free Masons of this city were out in strong force to-day, and went to Carondelet, where they laid the corner-stone of a chapel.

General W. B. Hazen left here this morning for the Indian Territory.

A raft containing seven hundred thousand feet of lumber, and carrying several thousand bundles of shingles and lath, was completely broken up Tuesday by coming in contact with Renewek boom at the Rock Island bridge. The boom was torn away and carried down the stream, and the raft scattered. The raft belonged to Neeves & Sallee, of Quincy, Ill.

The incomes of newspaper proprietors in this city, as returned to the United States Assessor, are: *Republican*, George Knapp, $38,168; John Knapp, $38,244; William Hyde, $7,000. Of the *Democrat*, William McKee, $131,509; G. W. Fishback, $34,127; D. M. Houser, $10,000.

RELIGIOUS.

The Old and New School Presbyterian Assemblies in Session in New York—Conference Committee's Report on the Basis of Reunion.

NEW YORK, May 27.—The Presbyterian Conference Committees on Reunion reported the basis of reunion, this morning, which is: That such reunion, under the style of Presbyterian Church in the United States, shall be on the doctrinal and ecclesiastical basis that the Old and New Testaments be acknowledged as the inspired word of God, and the only infallible rule of faith and practice; the confession of faith to be adopted as the system of doctrine and discipline of the church, shall be approved as containing its principles and rules of polity. The basis of reunion is to be submitted to the several presbyteries, and their votes thereupon shall be sent to the next meeting of the two General Assemblies, to be held in Pittsburgh the second Wednesday in November. If two-thirds then be found favorable, then the two assemblies shall act accordingly, consolidate their committees, and take other necessary action for the interest of the church. The second Sunday in September is recommended as a day of prayer for the whole denomination.

OLD SCHOOL ASSEMBLY.

In the Old School Presbyterian Assembly, to-day, the Committee on Church Union made a report, of which a full synopsis is given above. A concurrent declaration was also reported, which gives all ministers and churches the same standing in the United Body as now, and says that all imperfectly organized churches must become thoroughly Presbyterian within five years. Boundaries of presbyteries are to be adjusted by the United General Assembly. The official record of the two branches is to be preserved, but no rule or precedent shall be of authority unless approved by both bodies, or established by the United Body unless it effects the rights of property. The corporate rights of the two assemblies are to be consolidated as far as possible, and the several committees and boards consolidated impartially. The Board of Publication of the United Church is to revise the editions, so as to exclude invidious reflection. The theological seminaries now under assembly control, may be transferred to the care of one or more adjacent synods; and it shall be the duty of all judicatories, ministers and people of the United Church to preserve peace, and as far as consistent with the convictions of duty, conform the practice to the general custom of the Church prior to the controversies which resulted in the separation.

The report was accepted, and addresses made by Rev. Mr. Musgrave, Rev. Wm. Plumley, Rev. Dr. Spring and Rev. Dr. Skinner, of Ft. Wayne, in favor of its adoption.

At the afternoon session, Rev. Dr. Sam'l Miller, while in favor of reunion, objected to some features of the basis, such as the admission of Congregational Churches to representation, and to the portion of the declarations in regard to the Board of Publication, who would publish nothing contrary to the standard of the Presbyterian Church.

Judge Kennedy spoke in favor of reunion, and was followed by Henry Day, Secretary of the Committee of Conference, in advocacy of the report, which he said was the best document upon the subject that would be presented.

NEW SCHOOL ASSEMBLY.

In the New School Assembly the Committee on the Report of Delegate to the Scotch and Irish Churches made a report, endorsing the suggestion contained therein, especially in relation to the maintenance of closer correspondence and more friendly relations with sister churches in the British Isles.

A resolution proposing some liturgical changes, which formed part of the report, was put aside for future consideration.

The Mileage Committee recommended that such delegates as were entitled to receive traveling expenses be paid in full. Adopted.

The report on reunion was then submitted. Its discussion was at once entered upon, Judge Strong, Rev. Dr. Fisher and others, speaking in favor of its adoption, the feeling of the assembly being evidently unanimously in favor of the report.

At the afternoon session Rev. Dr. Heacock, Rev. Dr. Sunderland and others spoke on the same side.

State Congregational Association of Illinois.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

FARMINGTON, Ill., May 27.

At the session of the State Congregational Association of Illinois this morning, after devotional exercises, Rev. M. K. Whittlesey read a paper on the statistical history of the association. This body, which now reports 231 churches and 203 ministers, opened its first session with 5 delegates, representing as many churches.

An interesting paper was next read by Rev. S. G. Wright, full of rich home missionary experiences, which gave a vivid idea of the work of the pioneers twenty-five years ago.

Rev. William Carter then read a paper on the [illegible] of the Illinois College, founded in 1829, on $3,000 endowment; Knox College, which was originally called Prairie College, and which commenced work in August, 1837; Chicago Theological Seminary, projected by Rev. Stephen Peet, of Wisconsin, chartered in 1855, and opened in 1858; Wheaton College, passed over to this body by the Wesleyans, and Beloit College and Rockford Female Seminary, the brother and sister of Northern Illinois and Southern Wisconsin. In all these works the Congregational and Presbyterian brethren worked at first together.

After a little speech by President Blanchard, Rev. Lucius H. Parker presented a paper on the Reformatory Work of the denomination in Illinois, opening with reference to the orthodox Abolitionism, which has always been a sound point in the creed of Congregationalists, and their great engineering work in constructing and running the underground railroad, which the speaker said beat the Union Pacific Railroad out and out. He next ventilated the subject of secret societies, and gave the record of the association on that point in connection with the Sunday question, upon which this body has always been sound. Honorable mention was made of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad, which runs no Sunday trains. The uncompromising loyalty of this body all over the country, during the war, was proudly recorded, as was also the work and sentiments of Congregationalists in the temperance reform, closing with reference to the crime of infanticide and the amusement question.

Rev. J. E. Roy, of the Home Missionary Society for Illinois, then gave some interesting extracts from his historical home missionary sermon, from which it appears that good service was rendered by the home missionaries in preventing Illinois from becoming a slave State. The earlier missionaries were itinerants, but the system was afterward changed to a settled ministry on the ground that the itinerants did not build up churches—a difficulty which seems [illegible] to have troubled the Methodists. The apostolic [illegible] of those early Western Congregationalist preachers, Messrs. Giddings, Hollister, Catlin, Sprague, Reed, Bliss, Hardy, Bergen, Beecher, Jenny, Bascom, Sturtevant, Farnham, Baldwin, Brooks, Kirby, Turner, Ellis, and others, were set forth as a new edition of the Acts of the Apostles. Three hundred and sixty-six churches have been helped into life in Illinois by the American Home Missionary Society. He closed with a tender reference to the wives of the early missionaries, whose unwritten history is precious, with mind on the Lord, and whose holy memories still stir the hearts and inspire the actions of many of the best and truest men of to-day.

The association adjourned to tea. If anything can promote good fellowship, it is ministerial life, accompanied with good digestion, clear conscience and orthodox theology. Witness the social tea party in the vestry this afternoon.

EVENING SESSION.

A brilliant meeting, a reunion, with letters from old friends, and short, pithy, and sometimes witty, speeches from the fathers in Israel as well as some of the sons.

A memorial hymn, written by Mrs. Wm. E. Holyoke, of Chicago, was then sung, Mrs. Holyoke presiding at the organ.

A letter from Rev. Jeremiah Porter, one of the pioneers of Illinois, now in Brownsville, Texas, was read, who reports three Congregational churches lately established in Mexico.

The first speaker was Rev. Mr. Bascom, who gave a picture of Chicago in 1833, when there were three hundred people in it. Next came Dr. Beecher, with a speech of great spiritual power, showing the needs of more godliness in the hearts of good men to save the nation from the tide of sin that is sweeping over it. He was followed by Rev. Nathaniel Clark, of Elgin, Rev. L. Farnham, of Newark, and Rev. Hiram Foote, of Quincy, the oldest minister present; also Jenny, of Galesburg, Merritt, of Dallas City, Savage, of Chicago, and Whittlesey, of Ottawa.

Rev. Mr. Bartlett, of Chicago, on behalf of the new comers to the association, closed the list of the evening most beautifully with an outlook into the work of the future.

Adjourned.

The Southern Presbyterians.

MOBILE, May 27.—The General Assembly adopted a paper urging the Presbyterians of Florida to lay before the Central Presbytery, of Philadelphia, a statement of the facts connected with the seizure of the Jacksonville Church by Northern ministers, and ask for redress.

The plan for the relief of families of deceased clergymen was referred to the Committee on Sustentation, to report to the next assembly.

The subject of the overture on church music was indefinitely postponed.

The revised work of the church order was sent down to the presbyters for criticism, the revision to be completed at the next session.

The assembly dissolved at 1 o'clock.

Tract Society Anniversary.

BOSTON, May 27.—The fifty-fifth annual meeting of the American Tract Society, of Boston, was held to-day, Senator Wilson presiding. Julius A. Palmer, the Treasurer, read his report, from which it appears that the debt of the society, at the beginning of the year, was $17,498; the payments and expenditures, $119,906. The institution was placed entirely under Congregational control—that denomination having given, heretofore, twelve-thirteenths of the money contributed to its support.

Layman's Institute at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 27.—The Layman's Institute will adjourn to-morrow. Dr. Robinson lectured before it this evening, on the classification of knowledge and relation of the same to Christianity. The best method for lay preaching continues to be discussed.

GEORGIA.

An Editor Indicted for Publishing Incendiary Matter—Four Men Killed by an Exploding Shell.

ATLANTA, May 27.—The grand jury of the Bibb County Superior Court have found a true bill against J. Clark Swayzee, editor of a newspaper at Macon, Ga., for high misdemeanor. The bill is predicated upon an incendiary article appearing in his paper some weeks ago, and is based upon that section of the code that forbids any person to circulate any writing that inculcates resistance to lawful authority, insurrection or conspiracy against the citizens. After the death of Dr. Ayres by a negro, near Savannah, Swayzee published an inflammatory article calling on the Union men to organize for self-protection. The penalty is imprisonment in the Penitentiary from five to twenty years.

This morning four men at the Atlanta rolling mill, on opening an old shell, ignited the powder. The shell burst, killing them all.

Declines a Banquet.

NEW YORK, May 27.—Hon. John M. Francis, of the Troy *Times*, has declined a banquet tendered him by the editors and others of this city and State.

THE M'CONNELL MURDER.

Fourth Day of the Trial of Robinson at Jacksonville.

Testimony of George M. McConnell.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

JACKSONVILLE, May 27.

The fourth day of the trial of William H. Robinson, charged with the McConnell murder, was opened this morning at 8 o'clock, pursuant to adjournment.

THE ATTENDANCE.

The fact that the testimony, and consequent real interest of the investigation, had commenced attracted a large number of persons to the hall, and the whole proceedings of the session were watched with the most marked attention.

THE PRISONER

maintains the same interested yet composed demeanor that has characterized him all along, though occasionally he appears to be momentarily bothered by some drag or delay in the case, and his light blue eyes will move restlessly round the hall until the rough places in the evidence are made smooth, and he can again devote his attention to the proceedings.

RELATIVES OF THE DECEASED EXCLUDED FROM THE COURT-ROOM.

Upon the coming in of the court, Mr. Ketcham, counsel for the people, asked that the order excluding witnesses from the court-room be not enforced, so far as the family of the deceased are concerned. Judge Shaw, of the prisoner's counsel, declined to accede to the proposition.

TESTIMONY OF GEORGE M. M'CONNELL.

The evidence on the part of the prosecution was then continued by calling to the stand Major Geo. M. McConnell, who, in answer to questions by I. J. Ketcham, testified substantially as follows:

My name is George M. McConnell. I am the son of the deceased, Murray McConnell. I am the oldest son living. At the time of my father's death I was living in the western part of the city, where I have lived for seven years. The members of my father's family besides himself were my mother, my brother Edward, aged about 28, my nephew, Murray D., aged about 15, and his sister, Bella, whose age is about 18. The girl, Mary Ryan, also lived with the family before his death. I last talked with my father in the National Bank, about noon on the day previous to his death. At the time of his death I was engaged at the bank, which opens punctually at 9 o'clock, and did so open, I believe, on the 9th of February. About ten or fifteen minutes past 9 that morning the hired girl, Mary Ryan, came to me and told me that my father had had a fall, and my mother wanted me immediately. She did not remain in the bank more than two or three minutes. The girl left the bank by the front door. Immediately after I turned back, changed my coat, went out around the back room to the front door. I got out on the street, and saw the girl about a hundred yards in advance of me, going very rapidly. I crossed at Ann street, and she at North street. North street is a little over a hundred yards from the house. I don't remember seeing the girl go in the gate, but I saw her enter the door. I was then fifty or sixty yards behind her. At no point on the sidewalk, in going to the house, did I walk with the girl. I was behind all the time. When I got to the house I entered by the main front door, which was open, into the hall. The hall is about nine or ten feet wide, running east and west from the front to the rear of the house, though there is a partition and door about twelve feet from the front door. In the front hall there is a door on the north side. In the rear hall, as you go in through the partition, the first door leading out of the hall is on the south side, close to the partition, and leads to my father's office. The next door goes from the north side of the hall into the dining-room. The parlor is on the east of the dining-room. The rear hall is on the west of it, the kitchen on the south, and on part of the north side is my mother's room. In the southwest corner of the dining-room there is a window about three feet from the door leading from the hall. In the hall there is a rear door leading on to a porch into the back yard outside. In the rear yard there is the kitchen. On the north, further west, is a shed closed on the north and opened on the south, and further on still and adjoining is the wood house. The well is on the northwest corner under the shed. In going into the office you pass under the platform. Up stairs is a small room over the back hall, occupied by my nephew. The one next is used by my brother. In front is a room with windows looking east. On the south is a small room. Mary Ryan slept over the kitchen, in the west end. A person occupying Edward's room could hear steps in the hall below. There is a brick wall around the office, which extended back from the main building. On entering the office saw a pool of blood and my father on the floor, held by my mother, his head and face completely covered with blood, his eyes closed and breathing spasmodically, without other signs of life; he was so bloody as to be scarcely recognized. Mr. Anderson came in and lifted him on to the bed. Went to see about holding an inquest, and was absent fifteen minutes. Saw Edward and others, who entered as I left the house. Father always deposited from fifty dollars upwards and kept a bank book himself. In the table in the office is a drawer in which were bundles of paper and one of notes, and a list of same showing names, when due, amount of interest, &c. Among others on the list was a note given by Robinson for $430, May 2, 1867. I examined the papers and found one which was crumpled at the corners. Among other things in the office was a box containing a hammer, hatchet and monkey wrench. I was conversant with my father's business. On my return to the office I noticed a large blacksmith's hammer near the coal box. I found father's hat on the floor, crushed in, and blood splashed on it. There were three bars of iron; two were found under some paper [illegible].

Cross examined: Went to [illegible] talking to a clerk when before the murder. [illegible] Don't know how much money father had on his person. A person could enter the office from the outside door, on the east; a person coming in from the rear could be seen to the end of the shed as they passed, from the window of one of the upper rooms. [Here the wires gave out.]

ROCKFORD.

Startling Tragedy—A Man Shot Dead by His Wife While Standing at Her Bedside—Facts Brought Out at the Coroner's Inquest.

ROCKFORD, May 27.—At 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon, a woman named Dixon shot and killed her husband, Banks J. Dixon, a gunsmith of this city, under the following circumstances, as elicited at the Coroner's inquest:

Dixon and his wife, it seems, had lived unhappily together for some time, when, finally, from real or imaginary causes, she left him, going to her father's house in the country. About five weeks since she returned to this city, stopping at the house of a friend, and was there confined. Since her accouchement her husband has made frequent attempts to obtain an interview with her, for the purpose, as is alleged by some, of getting possession of the young child, and by others for the purpose of seeing his wife and effecting a reconciliation. A week ago yesterday he called at the house, requesting to see her. It was not deemed advisable by her physician to see him in her then weak state, she having been confined to her bed since the birth of her child; but it was arranged that he should see her the following Wednesday, which was yesterday. He desired to bring his eldest child, a little boy of two or three years old, with him. While he was standing bent over the bed, looking at the babe, with the little boy in his arms, his back to his [illegible] she, who had appeared perfectly calm, without [illegible] excitement, suddenly rose, took a revolver [illegible] twice, either the first or last shot taking fatal effect, the ball passing entirely through him, near the heart, causing death in about an hour. Dropping the child, he ran down stairs through a sitting-room toward the door leading outside, when he fell, exclaiming: "Oh! Mrs. Lost! Mrs. Lost!" to a lady who had followed him. He held the revolver in his hand, which, it appears, he had wrenched from her after she had fired the two shots. Three witnesses to the shooting testified that the only words spoken during the interview were by Dixon, who said as he entered the room, "How do you do, Jane?" which is not known to have met with any response from his wife. Subsequent developments in this sad affair seem to indicate that the father of Mrs. Dixon has been instrumental in fostering an ill-feeling between the parties, and that she has been influenced by him to the commission of this terrible deed. She is now in the hands of the Sheriff.

NEW ORLEANS.

Yesterday's Proceedings in the Commercial Convention.

NEW ORLEANS, May 27.—The Commercial Convention upon assembling this morning took up the report of the Committee on Removal of Obstructions from the mouth of the Mississippi. The report, without recommending any particular plan of operation, respectfully commends to the attention of the General Government the suggestions of the New Orleans Chamber of Commerce upon the subject; that while acknowledging the liberal appropriations for the removal of obstructions, would, in view of the large accumulation of deposit within the past few years, earnestly urge the necessity of a still further appropriation for continuing the work, and also recommends that the control of the undertaking be confided entirely to the United States Engineering Bureau, in which they express entire confidence. The report was adopted.

The following, which was embodied in both the majority and minority report of the Pacific Railroad Committee, was adopted.

Resolved, That the Main Trunk Railroad line from San Diego, California, should be built to the junction of the Rivers Colorado and Gila, along the valley of the Gila, south, of the same to El Paso and the Rio Grande, thence to a convenient point near the thirty-second parallel, west of the Brazos, at or near the river in the State of Texas, to which main trunk, feeding roads may be built from Cairo, Memphis, St. Louis, Vicksburg, New Orleans and Galveston on the east, and Guaymas, Mazatlan and San Francisco on the west, with equal rights of connection for all, which shall be known and designated as the Southern Pacific Railroad.

The discussion on the Pacific Railroad was lengthy and exciting, and a longitudinal route from Cairo to Mazatlan was strongly advocated by the Texans and Illinoisans.

The convention remained in session until 3 p. m., when it adjourned till to-morrow.

A number of new delegates arrived yesterday and to-day. A few departed this evening.

MASSACHUSETTS.

The New England Woman's Suffrage Association Decides to Form a National Organization—New England Anti-Slavery Society.

BOSTON, May 27.—At a meeting of the New England Woman's Suffrage Convention yesterday evening, a resolution was adopted instructing the Executive Committee to take measures for the organization of a National Woman's Suffrage Association. Addresses were made by Julia Ward Howe, Wm. Lloyd Garrison, Lucy Stone, Mrs. Livermore, and Whitney Griswold, Chairman of the Legislative Committee who reported in favor of female suffrage.

The convention then adjourned.

At a meeting of the England Anti-Slavery Society, Wendell Phillips offered resolutions and made a speech enunciative of his peculiar views, and was followed by several others in support of the resolutions. The attendance was small.

PACIFIC COAST.

Arrival of Japanese Colonists in San Francisco—The Cultivation of Silk and Tea to be Introduced—Indian Troubles in Arizona—Alaska Advices.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 27.—The French gunboat Lamothe Piquet arrived from Panama last night.

Three Japanese families have arrived here under the auspices of a Prussian named Schnell, an old resident of Japan, driven thence in consequence of the defeat of the Northern Princes. Thirty-seven more families are on their way, and eighty additional intend coming, making a total of a hundred and twenty families who propose settling permanently in this State to cultivate silk, tea, &c. They bring money, mulberry trees, tea and bamboo plants and intend purchasing government land for immediate cultivation. It is not improbable that several Northern Princes will also come and bring many more industrious families.

[illegible] Arizona advices state that the grasshoppers [illegible] near Hardyville.

Colonel Price had organized a strong expedition against the savages. Many recent depredations had been traced to the so-called friendly Indians on the government reservations, and means have been adopted to punish these depredations.

Alaska intelligence represents the Indians quiet. Heavy and almost interminable rain storms prevailed.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 27.—Orders have been received at the Mare Island Navy Yard to put the iron-clads Moadnock and Camanche, in readiness for immediate services. The Mohongo is put out of commission and her officers ordered East.

POLITICAL.

Third Illinois Congressional District Convention—H. C. Burchard, of Freeport, Nominated on the 353d Ballot.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

FREEPORT, May 26.

[The following is the concluding portion of our despatch, cut off by the storm of Thursday morning:]

At the expiration of the ten minutes' recess the convention was again called to order, and proceeded to call the roll in the usual way, with the same result. A motion to adjourn was lost. A motion to proceed to vote by written ballot was carried. The same gentlemen acted as tellers as on the previous occasion.

THREE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-THIRD BALLOT.

Shaw	00
Edsall	18
Pinckney	13
Burchard	33
Dinsmoor	00

Burchard nominated. The result was received with great applause. The nomination was made unanimous.

Mr. Burchard was introduced to the convention and was received with three cheers. He returned thanks. It was an honor to represent the State of Illinois in Congress, and more particularly to represent the district which had been represented by E. B. Washburne. He concluded by pledging his cordial support to all the principles.

Mr. J. K. Edsall was called to the stand, and cordially endorsed the action of the convention. We had had five or six candidates all day. Now we had but one. He pledged the cordial support of Lee County, by her old fashioned majority, to the nominee of this convention. He condemned, in strong language, the tendency to squander the public money, and trusted the successor of E. B. Washburne, would, as his predecessor, be known as the "watch dog" of the Treasury.

Mr. Dinsmoor pledged the hearty and cordial support of Whiteside County to the support of the nominee of this convention, and thanked the Whiteside delegation for their support.

Mr. Pinkney, although beaten in a fair contest, was not going to weep over the result. He was for the nominee—the man to follow in the footsteps of the noble Washburne. Mr. Pinkney, at some length, with thrilling effect, receiving the warmest response in cheers from the audience, said that Ogle, his county, would roll up her usual majority.

Mr. Shaw thought he was the worst defeated man in the pile, and the cause was that his county was small, and gave not so many votes. But one thing they cannot do, and that is, give a bigger Republican majority than little Carroll.

Mr. Cary pledged the vote of Jo Daviess County to the nominee.

Adjourned.

ILLINOIS.

Accident at a Pigeon-Shooting Tournament—Damage in Bloomington by Storm—Decision in the Mandamus Case at Springfield.

QUINCY, Ill., May 27.—At a pigeon-shooting tournament given at the Fair Grounds yesterday, under the auspices of the Quincy Sportsmen's Club, a person named F. W. Digman, was injured by the accidental discharge of a gun in the hands of one of the sportsmen. The charge entered his scalp, just behind the left ear, inflicting a serious but not fatal injury.

Two barges were seized yesterday by the Surveyor of Customs for alleged violation of the Revenue laws. The matter was settled by the owners rather than test it before the United States Court.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., May 27.—Another severe wind storm visited this town last night, doing considerable damage, most of which falls upon the Chicago & St. Louis Railroad. Their freight-house was left a total wreck, the roof being torn off, and about half of its eastern wall demolished. A heavy rain-storm set in as soon as the wind had ceased, which completely drenched all the goods in the house, and doing considerable damage. The roof of the old bath-rooms was also blown off. Also, the cupola from the First Ward School.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 27.—Treasurer Bates' motion to set aside the peremptory *mandamus* compelling him to pay certain coupons was sustained by the Court, this morning, upon the ground that the law made it the duty of the Treasurer to pay money out of the Treasury upon the warrant of the Auditor alone, and he had a right to refuse payment unless the law was complied with, which was not done in this case.

NEW YORK.

JOHNSON'S DISAPPOINTED PARDONEES.

NEW YORK, May 27.—The case of the two Depews, whose pardon was signed by President Johnson, and revoked by President Grant, was before Judge Blatchford to-day on a writ of *habeas corpus*, with a view of testing the power of President Grant to revoke the pardon. Arguments are to be heard in a few days.

SUIT AGAINST THE GREAT WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY.

Action has been brought in the Supreme Court to foreclose the second divisional mortgage of the old Atlantic & Great Western Railroad, by one of the bondholders, for non-payment of interest. The defence moved to transfer the case to Chautauqua County, where the mortgaged real estate is situated. Decision reserved.

ACCUSED OF STEALING.

Kate Fisher, the actress, was in court yesterday on a charge of grand larceny, preferred by Mrs. Bevins, of Long Island, in having, it is alleged, stolen a watch worth $300. She denied the act, and the case was postponed until Friday.

HEAVY FRAUDS.

Scott & Munson, the absconding Wall street grain merchants, have swindled to a larger extent than was at first reported. Their total fraudulent transactions amount to $91,000. Thomas Seaman, Van Nostrand, J. W. Mott, and the Guarantee Indemnity Company are represented to be the heaviest sufferers.

THE UNION LEAGUE.

The Executive Committee of the National Union League met here yesterday, and adopted measures to aid Union men in the elections to take place in Virginia and other Southern States, and adjourned till July.

CANADA.

Resolutions in Parliament Relative to the Acquisition of the Hudson's Bay Territory—The Nova Scotia Legislature—An Anti-Union Resolution Offered.

OTTAWA, May 27.—The resolutions to be proposed on Friday, relative to the Hudson's Bay territory, ask the Queen to unite Prince Rupert's Land and the Northwestern Territory with the Dominion of Canada, on the terms prayed for in the joint address of both branches of the late Parliament, the Canadian Government to make provision for the protection of the Indian tribes.

HALIFAX, May 27.—In the House of Assembly, yesterday, a preamble was introduced by Mr. Murray, of Pictou, which speaks of the forcible change of the Constitution of Nova Scotia without the consent of the people, and in opposition to their wishes. He says even inquiry into their grievances has been refused, and they now occupy the position of a degraded people, and that the Union has resulted in financial disaster and oppression, and that their principal commercial trade has been, and always will be, naturally with the United States; therefore, believing the Imperial Parliament has been imposed on by false representations, and that the free people of the British Isles will not persist in keeping this heretofore loyal colony in a hated union.

Resolved, That an humble address be presented to the Queen, asking the restoration of our beloved institutions, or, to be absolved from allegiance to the British throne, thus enabling us, as a free people, to adopt the political institutions we deem most conducive to our happiness and prosperity.

Mr. Vail said he considered that an annexation resolution, which Mr. Murray denied. Monday next was assigned for its consideration.

TENNESSEE.

The Nashville Postmastership—Judicial Election—Decision in a Case Bearing upon the Franchise Law.

NASHVILLE, May 27.—Enos Hopkins, the newly-appointed Postmaster, assumed the duties of that office to-day.

An election for Judges of the Supreme and other Courts took place to-day. The Republican nominees for the Supreme Court had no regular opposition, and are undoubtedly elected. The election of Chancellor in this district results in the choice of East, moderate Republican, over Rexford and Brien, Radicals. The returns are not all in, but Rexford's friends concede East's election by several hundred majority. The vote in the city is very close between East and Rexford. Brien was scarcely known in the race. A number of the most intelligent and influential Radicals of Northern birth supported East.

The Supreme Court at Brownsville, to-day, decided an important case, having a bearing on the Franchise law. The Circuit Court of Weakly had decided that neither the Legislature nor the Governor had power to set aside the registration made under the Franchise law of 1866, and that all holding certificates under them are entitled to vote. The Commissioner of Registration appealed, and the Supreme Court affirmed the decision of the Circuit Court. This will largely increase the number of voters.

OHIO.

General Sheridan at Cincinnati—Coal from Cincinnati for Chicago—Fatally Injured—Suicide of a Young Lady.

CINCINNATI, May 27.—General Sheridan will be present at Spring Grove on Saturday, at decoration of soldiers' graves.

Within the week, 250,000 bushels of coal were shipped from Cincinnati to Chicago.

The Gas Company lost 540,000 feet of gas by the explosion on Monday.

A. L. Stone, Master Mechanic, of the Miami Railroad machine shops, died this morning from injuries received by a blow from a breaking cable yesterday while drawing an engine on the track.

Miss E. R. Beckett committed suicide last night by drowning in a cistern. She was young and was suffering from consumption.

Samuel Wright died near Springfield, yesterday, from a wound received on Tuesday from the discharge of a loaded uncapped shot gun in the hands of a boy who was playing with it.

ROCHESTER.

Resurrectionists—A Physician and Students Arrested for Body-Snatching.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 27.—A disgusting case of body-snatching has just occurred at Williamson, Wayne County. Stephen Burton, a respectable citizen, died on Wednesday last from an overdose of chloroform, and was buried on Friday. It was suspected that his grave had been violated, and the tomb was examined. The body had been dragged out of the coffin and mutilated, and concealed in the woods. Dr. Brant, of Ontario, has been arrested, with two students, and held to answer for the crime.

The American Central Railroad Completed to the Mississippi River.

GALVA, Ill., May 27.—The first excursion over the American Central Railroad, between Galva and New Boston, came off yesterday. The trip included a sail on the Iowa River to [illegible]. Everything passed off pleasantly and without accident. Mr. E. F. Hawley was in charge of the train, and did much toward making the trip successful by his excellent management.

EUROPE.

Further Changes in the Italian Cabinet.

The Alabama Claims Still Discussed by the English Press.

Great Britain.

THE TIMES' SEVERITY ON THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

LONDON, May 27.

The Alabama claims still form the great theme of conversation and newspaper comment. The *Times* to-day has an article on the communications of Sir Francis Head, which have recently been published here, respecting the ship Caroline and the course of the United States towards Canada during the patriot war. The *Times* says Senator Sumner's assertions of English hostility to America is met by the testimony of American official abuses, much more flagrant, which occurred within the frontier of the United States, for the popular feeling of the State of New York was admitted to have more than countenanced the Fenian expeditions to Canada. The American press expose Mr. Sumner's inconsistency by historical tests and point out of his perversion of facts.

A LETTER FROM THE LAIRDS.

The Messrs. Laird, of Birkenhead, who built the Alabama, have recently published a letter giving legal opinions and extracts from documents and speeches to prove that the building of the Alabama was not illegal. This letter has been extensively copied and thus commented on by the papers to-day.

France.

OPPOSITION GAINS IN THE LATE ELECTION.

PARIS, May 27.

Returns show twenty-eight Opposition candidates elected to the Corps Legislatif.

MINISTER WASHBURNE RECEIVED BY THE EMPEROR.

PARIS, May 27—Evening.

Hon. E. B. Washburne, United States Minister, was received by the Emperor to-day, and made a brief address, in which he assured the Emperor of the friendship entertained by the people and Government of the United States towards himself and the French nation. Napoleon, in his reply, expressed the utmost satisfaction at Mr. Washburne's cordial assurance.

Italy.

FURTHER CHANGES IN THE CABINET.

FLORENCE, May 27.

Further changes have been made in the Cabinet. Filippi has resigned as Minister of Justice and is succeeded by Pironti.

Suit Against the Erie Typographical Union.

ERIE, May 27.—A very important case was brought before Justice Gunnison, in this city, to-day. A short time since the printers employed in the *Republican* office here ceased work, having learned that the publishers were about to employ persons to do their work under the established scale of prices adopted by the Printers' Union of this city. As is customary with all Printers' Unions, circulars were issued to sister unions throughout the country declaring the publishers unfair to printers and employes, and pronouncing the office an unfair one. Upon this ground the publishers have brought suit for libel and conspiracy against the Typographical Union of this city. The case was postponed till the next Court of Quarter Sessions. It is a test case and undoubtedly involves the entire National Typographical Union.

The Trans-Continental Railway Project.

BUFFALO, May 27.—At a meeting to-day of citizens and members of the Buffalo Board of Trade, resolutions were adopted favoring the construction of a direct line of railway between Portland and Buffalo as part of the trans-continental railway from San Francisco to Halifax and Newfoundland.

The Pennsylvania Registry Law.

PHILADELPHIA, May 27.—In the Court of Common Pleas, to-day, Judge Pierce read an opinion by Judge Allison sustaining the 27th section of the new Registry law, which applies to hotels, taverns and sailors' boarding houses. The Assessors are prohibited from registering any inmates of these establishments.

Presidency of Harvard College.

BOSTON, May 27.—Charles W. Eliot has accepted the Presidency of Harvard College.

New York Breadstuffs, Provision and Grocery Markets.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, May 27.

BREADSTUFFS.

Flour unsettled and variable. Wheat—Holders were not disposed to accept the low prices bid, and the close was in their favor. Corn very irregular. Oats—Upward tendency on speculative influences.

PROVISIONS.

Pork closed steady. Lard firmer with sales since 'Change of 250 tcs prime steam at 18¾c, seller June.

[illegible] Rio at 15@18c. Sugar quiet; sales fair to prime grocery at 12¾@12⅞c.

The Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, May 27.

Beeves—No receipts; prices nominally unchanged; fair to prime droves, 14@15½c.

Sheep—Receipts, 400; steady; sales embraced ordinary to good Ohio at 5@6½c.

Swine—Receipts, 3,000; with favorable weather, the market was firmer at 9¼@9⅝c; city dressed advanced to 11⅛c.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, May 27.—Cattle steady and firm at 4@7½c. Hogs in good demand and firm at 9¼c.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, May 27.—Already there has been a movement in printing cloths, and an advance of ⅛@¼c per yard been established, but there are other classes of unbleached muslins which are selling at relatively lower rates, and must eventually advance as the production is now reduced to meet the limited requirements of the trade, which is generally exceedingly quiet. In York 30 inch ticks an advance of 1c is established. The goods are now selling at 26c. The Waugsan blue denims have, on the contrary, declined from 22½c to 21c. The sale of Lancaster Hercules by auction yesterday was a perfect slaughter, the goods being closed out at $1.62½ per orders of 62 yards.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, May 27.—COTTON—In limited demand; middlings at 28½c; sales of 500 bales; receipts, 557 bales; exports, 160 bales.

MONETARY—Gold, 138⅜. Exchange—Sterling, 151; New York sight, par@⅛ discount.

GROCERIES—Sugar—Common, 9½@10½c; prime, 13¾c; molasses dull; fermenting, 30@32½c.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour—Superfine, $5.25; XX, $5.87; XXX, $6.25. Corn firm; white, $1.06. Oats—Market bare; quoted at 78c.

HAY—$30.00 for prime.

PROVISIONS—Pork, $32.00. Bacon firmer; shoulders, 13½c; sides, 17¼@17½c. Lard—Tierce, 19¾c.

WHISKEY—90@97c for Western rectified.

San Francisco Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 27.—Flour firm, at $4.90@5.37½. Wheat—Choice firm at $1.60. Legal tenders, 73¾.

COOK COBURN & CO.,
NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING AGENTS,
Are authorized to receive advertisements for THE TRIBUNE *at our lowest rates. Also, agents to receive advertisements or notices for all* NEWSPAPERS OR MAGAZINES *(in any language) in the U. S. or Territories, at the publishers' lowest rates.*
OFFICE 87 DEARBORN-ST.

MASONIC NOTICES.

Masonic.

A Regular Convocation of WASHINGTON CHAPTER, No. 43, R. A. M., This (FRIDAY) Evening, at 8 o'clock. Business, and Work on Mark Masters' Degree.
JOHN WHITLEY, Secretary.

Masonic.

ORIENTAL LODGE, No. 33, A. F. & A. M. Special Communication this (FRIDAY) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, for Work on the "F. C." Degree, at Oriental Hall, 122 LaSalle-st. Visitors cordially invited. Per order of the W. M.
E. N. TUCKER, Secretary.

Masonic.

Special Conclave of the co-ordinate bodies forming the Ancient and Primitive Rite of Memphis, for the transaction of important business, on SATURDAY EVENING, May 29, at Blaney Hall, at 7½ o'clock.
C. R. McCLELLAN, S. D.
A. D. BASCOM, S. G. O.
H. F. HOLCOMB, M. W.

OLD NEWSPAPERS.

OLD
Newspapers,
IN
PACKAGES OF 100,
FOR SALE AT
TRIBUNE OFFICE.

NEWSDEALERS.

News Dealers and Booksellers,
The Old Pioneer News Co.
McNALLY & CO.,
81 Dearborn-st.
ESTABLISHED 21 YEARS.
Packers, Forwarders and General Jobbers of Books, Stationery, Cheap Publications, Newspapers, &c. Trade List furnished on application. The largest assortment of Theatrical Plays west of New York.
McNALLY & CO., 81 Dearborn-st., Chicago, Ill.

INITIAL STATIONERY.
INITIAL STATIONERY.
[illegible]
Stereoscopic Views, $1.50 per dozen.

CLOAKS AND SUITS.

CLOAK AND SUIT
DEPARTMENT.
118 & 120 State-st.
Owing to the backwardness of the season, we offer our Entire Elegant Stock of
LADIES' DRESSES,
Walking Suits,
AND
SILK CLOAKS,
AT
Large Reductions in Price,
WITHOUT REGARD TO COST.
A few of the cheap TEN DOLLAR SUITS left. Call and see them.
The Largest, and unquestionably the Cheapest, assortment of
Llama Lace Points
In the city, warranted pure Llama, from $12.50 each, up to the finest and most costly "Dentelles des Indes."
CARSON, PIRIE & CO.

STOVES.

THE BASE-BURNING
AMERICAN COOKING STOVE
More Improvements and Two More Patents.
After a long series of experiments, we have added the Base-Burning principle to this already world-renowned Stove, by means of hot air chambers in front and rear of the fire box, and a regulator at the pipe collar. With this improvement we accomplish the following results:
1st. A coal fire can be kept all winter by replenishing the fire twice every 24 hours.
2d. A continuous fire can be kept through the winter with the consumption of less than 20 lbs of coal in 24 hours, and the oven kept in baking order a large portion of the time.
3d. The coal will be thoroughly consumed without the usual amount of cinders and clinkers, and the annoyance of dumping the grate every morning to make a fresh fire, avoided.
4th. For a wood fire, with two moderate sized sticks of dry wood, a fire can be kept from 15 to 18 hours without any trouble.
This will be found the greatest improvement yet made in Cooking Stoves. It has all the advantages of a self-feeder with much greater economy of fuel, and without its inconveniences. It is fully secured by letters patent.
MANUFACTURED BY
SHEAR, PACKARD & CO.,
17 and 19 Green-st., Albany, N. Y.
FOR SALE BY
S. J. SURDAM & CO.,
Chicago, Ill.

TOYS AND NOTIONS.

NEW GOODS
AT
LOW PRICES.
TO WHOLESALE BUYERS ONLY
CLOSE CASH BUYERS ARE REQUESTED TO CALL AND GET BARGAINS IN
Bird Cages, Pipes, Albums,
Jumping Ropes, Base Balls,
Baskets, Bags, Combs,
Pocket Books, Violin Strings
Fans, Beads, Vases,
AND ALL KINDS OF
TOYS & NOTIONS.
Dollar Stores Supplied.
CALL AND SEE GOODS AND PRICES, AT
PEUGEOT'S
Importing House,
99 & 101 Lake-st.,
Up Stairs.

FAMILY SUPPLIES, &c.

The Chicago Market,
S. E. Cor. State & Adams-sts.,
IS PRE-EMINENTLY THE PLACE
TO PURCHASE
All Kinds of Family Supplies.
Every variety of Fish and Meats, fresh, salted, smoked, dried and canned; foreign and domestic Fruits and Vegetables, staple and fancy Groceries, Flours, etc. The proprietors are Commission Merchants, receiving goods at first hands, and selling at the
LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES.
Buyers will SAVE TIME AND MONEY by purchasing at this market. Goods delivered to all parts of the city.

SUSPENSORY BANDAGE.

A NEW
Suspensory Bandage.
DR. S. N. MARSH'S SILK ELASTIC SUSPENSORY BANDAGES are far superior to anything heretofore offered. These, and all other kinds of Bandages, Trusses, Shoulder Braces, Elastic Stockings, Apparatus for Deformities, etc., etc., accurately fitted at the RADICAL CURE TRUSS OFFICES of Marsh & Co., New York and Marsh, Bowles & Co., 71 Washington-st., Chicago, adjoining Crosby's Opera House.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION.

The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of Heintz & Baumgarten, is dissolved by mutual consent. The settlement of their business will be done by Frederick Baumgarten, who will collect all debts due the firm, and will also pay all its liabilities.
PHILIP HEINTZ.
Dated Chicago, May 26, 1869. J. F. BAUMGARTEN.

DISSOLUTION.

The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and style of F. D. Paradis & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts will be paid by F. D. Paradis and J. C. Paradis, to whom all bills will be presented. Chicago, this 27th day of May, 1869.
FRANK D. PARADIS,
RUFUS HIGGINS,
JAMES C. PARADIS.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS.
The attention of the trade and dealers generally is called to the superiority of
GOOCH'S PATENT I. X. L. FREEZER
Unapproachable in simplicity, effectiveness and durability. Supplied at manufacturers' prices by
CUPPLES, MARSTON & PECK,
37 South Water-st., manufacturers of Cordage, Twines, Wood and Willow Ware, Matches, Blacking, &c.

GENERAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

The members of TAYLOR'S BATTERY are requested to meet at the office of Ramsey, Williams & Co., 33 Chamber of Commerce, this evening, at 7:30, sharp.

Pay Your Water Tax To-Day.

Ten per cent Added After May 30.

FOR SALE.

COW FOR SALE.
Fine young cow, giving eighteen quarts of rich milk a day. Kind and well broke. Price $75. Call after 1 o'clock at 13 Twenty-second-st.

REAL ESTATE.

Washington Heights
Great Auction Sale,
ON THE GROUND,
TO COME OFF
Wednesday, June 2,
Unless postponed on account of the weather, in which case due notice will be given through the press.
A free pass to and from the grounds will be given to all adult persons who wish to attend the sale by calling on Clarke, Layton & Co., on Monday previous to the day of sale. A free lunch will be served up on the ground to all who attend. The excursion train will leave the depot of the Rock Island Railroad between the hours of 9 and 10 o'clock a. m., and will return to the city at 4 o'clock p. m. The sale will commence at 11 o'clock a. m.; thus giving parties time to examine the grounds before the commencement of the sale. Parties wishing to go down to examine the property before the day of sale, with the view of purchasing, can get free tickets by applying at our office at any time before the day of sale.
That portion of the property which will be offered at this sale is the most eligible and the choicest suburban property ever offered the public around Chicago, and will POSITIVELY BE SOLD to the last and highest bidder.
TERMS OF SALE—10 per cent cash on day of sale, 15 per cent in 30 days, 15 per cent on August 1st, 1869, and the balance in one, two and three years, with annual interest at 7 per cent.
Now is the time to secure a country seat only 35 minutes' ride from the city, at a fare, on season tickets, at only 11½ cents each, or $70 a year for one person. About twenty trains each day already run to this property, and all trains stop to let passengers on and off.
CLARKE, LAYTON & CO., Agts,
124 Washington-st.
WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers.

FOR SALE CHEAP.
100 LOTS.
$300 will buy LOTS on the GREAT WESTERN BOULEVARD.
$150 and upwards will buy lots joining the above.
Small cash payment. Balance, time. These Lots are just at the southwest corner of the OLD CITY LIMITS, and are reached from three different parts of the city by regular trains and Dummy.
ARCHER-AV. HORSE CARS will run to within three blocks of them the coming summer.
GROUND HIGH AND DRY, and well set with SHADE TREES. Streets made and improvements rapid. In the immediate vicinity one of the largest manufacturing establishments in the city have purchased grounds for their factory near this. Buyers will be shown the grounds free of charge. Call and examine.
W. H. PHARE & CO.,
115 Dearborn-st.

NEWELL PRATT, ATTORNEY.
FOR SALE—88 feet on West Lake-st., $6,000; 25 feet on North Clark-st., $7,000; 125 feet on Jefferson-st., $7,000; house and lot on Warren-st., $5,000; a machine shop, $7,000. To Rent—Two stores and house on South Jefferson-st.; a rear office at 104 Clark-st. To Loan—$1,000.00 on real and personal security, at 8 per cent. 104 Clark-st., Room 15.

FINANCIAL.

$35.00 and $40.00
FOOT FRONT.
11 Lots on Indiana-av. at $40.00.
28 Lots on Prairie-av. at $35.00.
28 Lots on Calumet-av. at $35.00.
This property is all located beyond Twenty-ninth-sts., high and dry, and is offered to close a partnership at the above sacrifice.
TERMS—1-6th cash, 1-6th in 90 days, balance 1 and 2 years at 8 per cent interest.
FIELD, KING & CO.,
First National Bank Building, basement, cor. State and Washington-sts.

LOANS
Made on City Real Estate, for a term of years, by
J. H. STEAD & CO.,
49 LaSalle-st.

$1,200.
$2,000 Stock & Mutual Ins. Co.'s Stock.
Apply to FIELD, KING & CO.,
First National Bank Building, basement, Corner State and Washington-sts.

$3,000 TO LOAN,
ON REAL ESTATE SECURITIES.
HUTCHINSON & LUFF, 92 Dearborn-st.

Money to Loan.
$100,000 on City Real Estate, at 9 Per Cent.
MEAD & COE, 154 Washington-st.

TO RENT.

To Lumber and Coal Dealers.
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THURSDAY, MAY 27, 1869.

GRAIN FREIGHTS TO NEW YORK.

Commerce is inexorable, and no monopoly and no mere legislative enactments can govern or coerce it. New York city has long held the larger share of the foreign trade of the United States. This trade has gone to that point because New York has offered to every vessel entering that port a return cargo of any article of domestic production. It has offered cotton, tobacco, rice, breadstuffs and provisions, at prices which admitted of hardly any competition by the ports in the cotton and tobacco States. Vessels have found it more profitable to bring a cargo to New York, and reload at the same dock, than to go empty to Charleston or New Orleans and get cotton or tobacco at a shade lower rates. While it has thus successfully competed with local ports, even as to their special products, it has been able to command almost exclusively the foreign trade in breadstuffs and provisions. That city has been supplied with these domestic products from the Northwest by means of the lakes and the Erie and Oswego Canals. In the meantime, however, there has grown up between the producer and New York an array of intermediate agents, who, in the haste to amass fortunes and declare immense dividends, have gradually so increased the cost of handling and transportation that they have rendered it almost profitless to grow either wheat or corn, except for home consumption. These charges consist of rail transportation to Chicago, commissions and storage here, insurance and freights on the

"conspiracy among witnesses" in circumstantial evidence as indirect, and it is an absurdity to say that testimony which proves facts from which guilt may be inferred can be stronger than testimony which proves guilt itself.

THE TENNESSEE ELECTION.

In the State of Tennessee there are two Republican candidates for Governor. One of these is Colonel W. B. Stokes, and the other the present acting Governor, Senter. The State is overwhelmingly Republican, but in this contest the chances are that the candidate having the support of the Democrats will be elected.

The difference between the two candidates is not wholly personal; it extends to political matters as well. Colonel Stokes represents the extremists,—the men who, having got the negro population enfranchised and invested with the same political privileges as the whites, and having got the entire former rebel population disqualified from voting and holding office, insist upon maintaining this condition of things permanently. He represents the faction which will not tolerate the ex-rebels as voters, and which scouts and rejects universal suffrage coupled with universal amnesty. Governor Senter represents that portion of the party which proposes to relax the disfranchisement which followed the war, and, with suffrage secured to the freedmen, contemplates the restoration of the same privilege to the white population, without reference to the rebellion. In this policy he is sustained by Governor Brownlow, who, in his day, has been as extreme as any person in the State in his rigorous treatment of the rebels, but who now thinks that the peace and prosperity of the whole people may be best promoted by equality of political rights.

Looking at the question from a national point of view, we cannot forbear saying that Governor Senter represents the better policy. To prolong the political punishment of the rebels is neither wise nor just. They constitute a large portion of the people of Tennessee. Thousands of their sons have reached manhood since the close of the war, and, annually, there are large additions to the number who feel the disfranchisement of their relatives and friends keenly, and resent it as a personal outrage. While the disfranchisement continues, the ex-rebels and their friends must regard themselves, in

the capitalists, whose money, like that of Sprague, is invested in domestic manufactures. That no part of it, or only a very insignificant portion of it, goes to the workmen, is proven by Sprague's declaration that, if the mills of Rhode Island were to stop work for two weeks, the operatives would have to be supported by private or public charity, or perish from starvation.

The workingmen and producers of this country will understand why it is that their wages will not meet their actual expenses of living,—because, by operation of the tariff, the price of everything they eat and wear and use is taxed, not to pay the debt or its interest, but to swell the profits of the home-manufacturing capitalist. The farming community, whose corn does not yield at the place of growth more than an average of 30 cents a bushel, can estimate how many bushels they contribute to pay the tax imposed by the tariff; and they can best understand the equity of that policy which for every bushel taken by the government requires that seventeen bushels be handed over to the capital engaged in American manufactures. We have given the figures and the comparisons upon the gold basis, and, when they are reduced to currency, the producing classes can see more readily how their substance is taken from them, and how, unless there be a speedy change in our policy, the condition of the laborers of Rhode Island must be that of laborers in all parts of the country. The remedy is not an increase of wages, not the reduction of interest, not the repudiation of the debt, not the depreciation of the currency, but the speedy, immediate reduction of the cost of living by the removal of all taxes which give special bounties to capital.

Mr. Horatio C. Burchard, of Freeport, is the nominee of the Third District Republican Convention, to fill the vacancy in Congress caused by the resignation of Hon. E. B. Washburne. The convention having decided, after an unexampled contest, that Mr. Burchard was the best man for the place, we are gratified to be able to concur in their decision from an independent standpoint. We even think that Mr. Burchard will make a better Representative than his predecessor. A more conscientious man cannot be found anywhere, and it is safe to say that there is not a more cool, thoughtful, painstaking, industrious, solid lawyer in the Third Con-

Whittlesey, and Lewis McKenzie, President of the London & Hampshire Railroad.

Henry Shaubut, of Mankato, Minn., offers himself as a candidate for Treasurer of Blue Earth County, and agrees to enter into bonds with ample security, if elected, to give to the county treasury all the proceeds of the office over and above $1,500 a year. Mr. Shaubut says he does not desire the office if any other good man will take it on the same terms.

A New York paper states that Collector Bailey is considerably exercised over a demand made upon him by Horace Greeley to appoint a son of Commodore Vanderbilt to a revenue position in the Thirty-second District. This young gentleman, now a clerk in the Treasury Department, is the individual with whom Mr. Greeley is reported to have had some financial dealings of an unprofitable character.

MISCELLANEOUS.

It is asserted that "those ladies acquire the best carriage who don't ride in one."

Homœopathy is the regular school in Brazil, and the allopaths are heterodox.

A firm in Dalton, Mass., has made three thousand reams of bank note paper for the Italian Government. It has another large order from the Brazilian Government.

The veil is now taken in France for a period terminable at the end of each year. Three nuns of Paris have just laid it aside for orange blossoms.

John Trask, while plowing on his farm, near Springfield, Mass., on Saturday, turned up a silver watch which he lost there fourteen years ago. The watch was but little tarnished.

"See here, mister," said a lad of seven summers who was driven up a tree by a ferocious dog, "if you don't take that dog away I will eat up all your apples."

A London mechanic has invented a self-registering ballot-box, which, it is claimed, will effectually prevent stuffing or tampering with the ballots.

A Scotch minister, being asked by a friend, during his last illness, whether he thought himself dying, replied, "Really, friend, I care not whether I am or not; for, if I die, I shall be with God; and, if I live, God will be with me."

In Connecticut, during the year 1868, there were 12,449 births registered—an increase of 440 over the highest number heretofore reported. The excess of births over deaths was 4,000. Of the births, 196 were illegitimate. There were 4,734 marriages during the year, and 478 divorces.

Charivari has a battle-piece by Cham, illustrating the efforts of the modern French school in this department of the art. A battery in the foreground is pouring forth such a hot and destructive fire that a portion of the picture-frame opposite to it is actually shot away.

A Hindoo widow, who had been left £90,000 by her husband, had her right disputed by other members of the family, and the English courts haggled so long over the matter that when the case was decided in her favor it took the whole £90,000 to pay the money the poor woman had been obliged to borrow to defend her claim.

A car arrived in Worcester, Mass., on Sunday last, from Albany, destined for Providence, containing twenty-nine Texan cattle, in a horrible condition. One was dead, two were dying, others

BOSTON.

Legislative Matters.

The Police and Black-Mail Inquiries.

The Programme of the Peace Jubilee.

Literary and Other Matters.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

BOSTON, May 24.

THE LEGISLATIVE INVESTIGATIONS.

It is a satisfaction to announce that anything connected with our Legislature is about completed, since that body itself is very far from concluding its session, but will, probably, hold possession of the State House until driven away by the heats of July, and then close up its business in a hurry and confusion prolific of blunders. The Liquor bill is in a particularly unpromising deadlock, having been referred by the impracticable President of the Senate to a committee of an even number, equally divided on the great test question of lager or no lager. But it is safe to say that the two leading investigations in committee rooms, which have attracted more of the attention of the public than anything done in the Legislature proper, are substantially completed.

The inquiry of the Metropolitan Police Committee, which branched into an investigation into the probity of the Boston detective officers, ends with no more practical results than such extra judicial inquiries usually have. A great deal of evidence was listened to; two lawyers were given an opportunity to earn some hundreds of dollars, and to throw a great deal of dirt at each other and at each other's witnesses; and those who before thought the detectives great rascals will think so still, while those who considered them models of integrity and efficiency will not change their opinion. The report of the committee, while leaving this point undecided, will, undoubtedly, recommend the establishment of a thorough-going Metropolitan Police, giving the city of Boston entirely into the hands of State officers. It is to be hoped that on the passage of the bill through the Legislature an amendment will be secured leaving the enforcement of purely municipal ordinances, for sidewalk cleaning, &c., in the hands of municipal officers.

The other committee—that into legislative corruption—has much less to show for its labors. Mr. Drew, after all his plucky submission to imprisonment, has consented to give his testimony; and according to his sworn statement, corroborated by that of Mr. Eldridge, of the Hartford & Erie Railroad, the much-talked-of transaction between the two was "simply a bit of private blackmailing." Mr. Drew formed a

brought out here this season is to be added "Billiards," a three-act comedy in the nature of a farce, by Mr. H. T. Craven, author of two or three capital pieces and a much longer list of great failures. This must be added to the latter category. It has one moderately good part for a low comedian with the gift of making fun out of the quality of sheer impudence, and a group of characters so stupid that no actors could possibly make anything out of them, and its plot has been used again and again in farces. REVERE.

THE WHITE PINE REGION.

To all Whom it May Concern.

From the Daily White Pine News.

On an average, we receive at least twenty letters a week from all parts of the Union, asking all manner of questions about the White Pine District in general, and the chances to make a sudden raid on a fortune. Some wish to know "if a mill would pay?" others "if good mines can be bought cheap?" if a bookkeeper, a hotel clerk, a salesman, or mechanic, could find profitable employment; or, if a wet nurse, or a chambermaid, could obtain a situation at fair wages; or a physician a lucrative practice? Some are anxious to know what kind of climate we have; others wish to know the locality, date of location, characteristics and present and prospective value of the "Horned Toad Mine," or the "Skinflint Combination Company," or what distance the tunnel projected by the "Will-O'-The-Wisp Consolidated Tunnelling and Mining Company" will have to penetrate the mountain to tap living water and pay ore; or what chance there is to collect a board bill from Slim Jim or Poker Bill, that they forgot to pay before leaving for White Pine. These and a thousand other questions are asked and answers expected. It being our general rule to answer all such letters, and to give all the information requested by the several writers, our many duties necessitates this mode of answering them—so we adopt it, and for answer say: A quartz mill, well built, in a good location, managed by experienced and industrious men, would be furnished with all the ore necessary to keep it in steady work for years, at prices which would have to be agreed upon between the various mine and mill owners. A good mine is worth money here. A mine showing good pay can not be had for a song, nor can it be purchased on time. For coin, in sums to suit, the very best mines can be bought; but a man who buys a mine without coming here and examining it, and investigating the title, deserves to be swindled, as he generally is. We have all kinds of mines here—the good, bad and indifferent—at prices varying from ten million dollars down to one hundred dollars. Bookkeepers, hotel clerks and salesmen are not in demand, and what few have come here searching such situations have generally failed to find employment, and are now amongst our most aristocratic bummers—without money or friends, and never will have either unless they go to work and earn an honest living. Mechanics can find steady and profitable employment in this district; yet a mechanic who has steady work in his present home would be foolish to come here simply for the advance he would receive on his wages—the difference being small and the hardships many. A wet nurse could not find a situation for about eight months to come; the prospects are favorable for them at the expiration of that period. Chambermaids, if good looking, not old nor cross, can find plenty of good places to live, and stand a fair chance to marry. Physicians coming here will find the profession well represented by the very best of physicians, who are well educated and have large experience in treating the diseases that prevail here. These physicians are popular and competent; a new arrival would have to take his chances with them in the practice, and might not make it pay—poor place for doctors.

lines," "easy grades," low costs and durable construction—all essential conditions for cheapening rates and lessening time of transit—"can only realize her greatest destiny by taking enlarged views and adhering to a comprehensive policy" of extending co-operation and material aid to all railroad enterprises that can see it for their interest to pass through our city and State.

Resolved, That the vast amount of produce and other property that will come from and along the shores of Lake Superior and the great "North by Northwest," as the several sections of railroads are brought into use, united and consolidated into one line northward from Detroit to the Straits of Mackinaw, thence along the south shore of Lake Superior to the extreme west point of lake navigation, there to connect with and form a part of the great trunk line to the North Pacific Ocean, must of necessity have other railway outlets directly through eastward, on the north side of Lake Erie, and along the south shore of Lake Ontario, thence direct to Portland and the extreme eastern point of departure for European markets.

Resolved, That in this, as well as many other avenues of transit, Detroit and Chicago each have large advantages not possessed by the other—yet in this question of "trans-continental railways," ship canals, and many other great questions of vital importance to the growth and welfare of the Northwest, it is for the interest of both cities to unite in a concentration of power and influence for the accomplishment of those great national objects.

Resolved, That this board most heartily endorse and appreciate the new explanations and revival of one more of the important duties to the East, and thank General John A. Dix and the Chicago Board of Trade for the recognition of the fact that the great national transit railway lines from ocean to ocean must take the natural route of "air-lines," "water-levels" (or nearly so), and easy and durable structure, which lies through Detroit and the State of Michigan.

CRIME IN TENNESSEE.

Three Men Murdered—Two Men Lynched—A Train of Cars Stopped and a Prisoner Rescued.

From the Nashville Press, May 25.

The first we have heard of the most shocking murder that has occurred in this State for years reached us yesterday. It occurred in Obion County, on the banks of the Mississippi River, on the 17th of March last.

Yesterday the Governor issued a proclamation offering a reward of $500 to each person who may be engaged in the capture of any or all of those accused of the murder.

A number of respectable citizens of Obion County got up a document in substance like the following, which has been presented to the Governor:

"TIPTONVILLE, TENN., May 18, 1869.

"*To His Excellency Governor Senter:*

"We, the undersigned, have the honor to submit that on the 17th of March, 1869, Clinton A. Lane, Robert B. Lane, and C. P. Edwards, were cowardly and brutally murdered in Obion County, by Henry M. Darnell, Jr., Richard M. Darnell and Matthew Darnell; that an indictment has been found against said parties by the grand jury of Obion county; that said parties have fled to Missouri, and we are of the opinion that they cannot be brought to justice save by the agency of the detective police; that they have considerable property, which is being transferred by third parties; and we fear that delay in action will be fatal to justice in this case. We, therefore, desire your Excellency to act promptly."

The following statement was also submitted, substantiating the facts alleged in the representation of the citizens:

"ON BOARD BELLE MEMPHIS, May 19, 1869.

"*To His Excellency, D. W. C. Senter:*

"DEAR SIR: We beg leave to make the following statement of a murder committed on our boat March 17, 1869, while we were landed in the jurisdiction of your State (Tennessee):

On the 17th day of March last we landed at Cook's Landing, and took H. M. Darnell, Jr., Richard Darnell and Mathew Darnell on board as passengers. We were bound for St. Louis. We had gone but about three miles after the above-named Darnells came on board (who were armed with shot guns), when we were again hailed at Watson's Landing. We landed, and R. B. Lane came on board, leading by the hand Mrs. Edwards. He had reached the platform where the stairway divides to the right and left, when, glancing up, he beheld H. M. Darnell, Jr., standing at the head of the stairway. That glance was his last on earth. In it he

THE INDIANA BOLTERS.

The Law of Quorums

Senator Morton's Opinion.

An Exhaustive Argument.

To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal:

The Constitution of the State provides that the House shall not exceed one hundred members, nor the Senate fifty members, and the Legislature has, by law, fixed the number of members of the House at one hundred, and the Senate at fifty. It is contended that under all circumstances, a quorum of the House consists of sixty-seven members, and of the Senate thirty-four members, and that whenever, by resignation or other cause, the number of members in the House is reduced below sixty-seven, or the Senate below thirty-four, the legal character of the Legislature is destroyed. In the early part of March, and before the necessary appropriation bills had been passed, the Democratic members, to prevent the ratification of the fifteenth article proposed by Congress as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, resigned their seats in the House to the number of forty-one, and in the Senate to the number of seventeen, thus withdrawing more than one-third of the members elected to each house, but leaving a clear majority in each of all the members elected or authorized by law to be elected. Governor Baker issued writs of election to fill the vacancies caused by these resignations, and in nearly every instance the members who resigned were re-elected. The Governor then convened the Legislature in extra session, as he had a right to do, and it reassembled on the 8th day of April, and again, on the 18th day of May, the Democratic members, to the number of more than one-third of the members elected to each house, but less than a majority, resigned their seats to prevent the consideration of the constitutional amendment.

According to the construction contended for, seventeen members of the Senate or thirty-four members of the House, can, by resignation, destroy the existence of the Legislature, and if they are sustained by a majority of the people of their districts, may be re-elected and again resign, and thus, in effect, overturn the Government of the State. If the Constitution of Indiana thus provides for its own destruction, it is high time the people should understand it, and take steps for its amendment.

The question now presented is new in the history of the State. Heretofore the question of what constituted a quorum in the two houses has been raised by the mere absence of members, and not by vacancies produced by the resignation of one-third of each or of both the houses. And whatever popular notions on the subject may have grown up, have been with reference to attempts to break the quorum by mere absence and not by resignation.

When the members of either house are absent from their seats, the number required to constitute a quorum is unchanged. The absentees may be sent for and their attendance compelled; but, when the number of members is reduced by resignations or death, the question is changed; and, it is in this aspect the subject is now presented. The question as to the number which will constitute a quorum in each house is entirely distinct from that of the number required on the final passage of a bill. The number necessary to constitute a quorum may be greater or smaller than the number required to pass a bill, as I shall show hereafter.

the precise ground that a "majority of each house" meant a majority of all the members of which the Senate or House of Representatives was authorized by law to be composed; and it was supported upon the precise ground that a "majority of each house" meant a majority of actual members.

Members resigned, members chosen, but not sworn, members contesting for seats, but not yet admitted, or vacancies, are not counted in making up a quorum. I am not aware that the House of Representatives has any express rule upon the subject, but it recognizes the rule of the Senate precisely in practice, and did so by common consent before the adoption of the rule by the Senate. That either house may, by law, consist of a larger number, is not taken into account. Whenever the number of members of the Senate is reduced by resignation, or death, a majority of those who are left constitute the quorum.

During the last session of the Fortieth Congress the number of members of the Senate was 66, and the quorum was 34. But at the beginning of the late session the number of members was only 65, owing to the absence of the new Senator from Maryland, who was delayed by sickness, and the quorum fell to 33; but afterward, when he appeared and was sworn in, it rose to 34 again.

The Constitution of the United States declares that the "Senate shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof," and when the secession of the rebel members took place in 1861, it was boldly argued by the rebels and their friends that the legal character of the body was destroyed, because it could consist only of two Senators from each State, and that the quorum must continue to be what it was before secession took place.

This opinion has been urged until very recently, and it has been said that Congress was an illegal body, hanging upon the verge of the government, and that most of the important legislation there since 1861 was unconstitutional, because of the absence of the necessary quorum in the two houses; the membership of the Senate having at one time been reduced to fifty, twenty-six being held to be a quorum, and the votes of fourteen sufficient for the enactment of laws.

The very point was made by Mr. Senator Davis, of Kentucky, in the late impeachment trial, that the Senate could consist only of two Senators from each State. But it was negatived, there being two yeas and forty-nine nays.

The principle is fully established in the National Government that the legal character of Congress cannot be destroyed by the resignation or secession of a portion of its members. That the members who remain in each house will constitute the "house;" that the necessary quorum to do business in each house is determined by the actual membership, and not by what the membership ought to be or might be by law.

This is the practical construction given to the Constitution of the United States, and is thoroughly republican in its character, and is the only one which can prevent a factious minority from involving the country in anarchy; and this construction is just as necessary and proper in its application to the Constitution of the State of Indiana, subject, however, to the limitation that the Legislature ceases to be vital when the number of members in either house is reduced below a majority of the members elected to that house.

The doctrine contended for by the revolutionists leads to nullification and secession, and is but another form of the Calhoun philosophy—that the government of the majority may of right be nullified by the minority.

It is time to have done with all these pestiferous doctrines, and to reject from State Governments, as well as from the National, every noxious principle by which unscrupulous and desperate factions can block the wheels of government and endanger the peace of the country.

When a minority abdicate to obstruct legislation, they must be held to resign their power into the hands of those who remain; and it was upon this principle the majority acted when the rebel Senators and Representatives withdrew from Congress. The most dangerous revolution is that which is perpetrated under constitutional forms, and

in the matter, and in case you obtain his recommendation this department will immediately—

Doctress Walker (delightedly). Have my appointment made out? Ah! thank you, Mr. Secretary. Justice is done me at last, and——

Secretary. Not quite so fast madam. I was about to say that in such a case this department will immediately take the matter into consideration. Good morning, Madam; you must excuse me now, as important business awaits my attention.

Doctress Walker bows, Fish bows likewise, and the interview terminates.

MINNESOTA FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

A Paper by the President of the St. Paul Board of Health.

A paper by Dr. Brewer Mattocks, President of the Board of Health at St. Paul, is published in the *Medical Record*, and gives some very important suggestions in relation to the effect produced upon the lungs by the peculiar climate of Minnesota. The mortality from consumption in many parts of this country is so great as to almost assume the character of an epidemic, and justly excites apprehension.

By a table taken from the census returns of 1860 it appears that the mortality from this one complaint, in Massachusetts, was one in every 200 inhabitants; in Connecticut, one in every 340; in New York, one in 470; in Pennsylvania, one in 580; in California, one in 730; in Tennessee, one in 770; in Louisiana, one in 840; in Illinois, one in 880; in Iowa and Missouri, one in 900; in Minnesota, one in 1,170; in North Carolina, one in 1,300; in Florida, one in 1,440; in South Carolina, one in 1,720; and in Georgia, one in 2,150.

The consumptive States are those extending from the Atlantic to the westernmost of the great lakes, and southward to the sub-tropical States, North and South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Louisiana, Mississippi and Texas. In this number Louisiana exceeds the others in the frequency of consumption—a fact to be attributed to the mixture of race, so common there; scrofula being the inheritance generally of mongrel peoples. Yet locality evidently does more to produce this disease than predisposition; nevertheless, the haunts of consumption are not limited to certain districts.

Doctor Mattocks places much dependence upon *climatic treatment* for the phthisis. The disease being one bounded by climates or isothermal lines—one side of the continent being terribly afflicted with it and the other but little subjected to its ravages—the treatment must have direct regard to that fact.

First of all, dry climate is absolutely imperative. In the table lands of Mexico, and in Greenland, Iceland and Russia, the disease is hardly known. The principal similarities in the climates of those countries, as will readily be perceived, is their dryness.

Reference is next made to temperature. Some patients cannot stand the cold at all; it seems to wither them all up; these are, as a general thing, of a phlegmatic temperament, anæmic and bloodless. They have no life, no vitality, and they seem to desire none; they want perpetual sunshine, with little stirring about them. Such of course should be sent South; but generally there is little to hope from such patients.

Another class cannot live at the South; they dread and shrink from it, saying that they cannot breathe there. They are of a nervous, sanguine temperament, who say "they will or they won't."

Minnesota possesses a tonic climate, bracing and stimulating. It is on the height of land of the continent, with three water-sheds descending from it. The soil is porous, and moisture is quickly absorbed. The spring is early, and the immunity from disease is remarkable. In 1868 but six American-born persons died of consumption in St. Paul, and the entire mortality was but one in eighty-two.

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The Stanton Street Tragedy.

From the New York Sun, May 25.

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Mrs. Kobel can give a rambling account of the bloody affair, and seems to suffer very little pain from her wound, while Kobel himself sits up in bed and discourses in a stentorian voice that might be envied by our sensational authors and preachers. Both he and his wife seem to be to blame in the affair. While one loved drink, the other loved dress; and while one pawned clothes, the other pawned furniture. Kobel spent his time in saloons, and his wife in disreputable company gossiping; and it is further charged by him that she committed another crime. There is no doubt much truth at the bottom of these charges, but all their anger might have found an outlet in scolding and an occasional beating, but for the interference of a woman, a midwife by trade, living in the same house with them. She was an old crony of Mrs. Kobel, prejudiced her against her husband, and aided her with money when any serious difficulties occurred. She no doubt contributed towards the attempt to commit murder.

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It will be asked who will be benefited by a trip to Minnesota or a residence in that State? We answer in general terms, all who would be benefited by a tonic course of treatment.

It has been supposed that bronchial patients should not go to Minnesota; but that opinion Dr. Mattocks shows to be without foundation.

At what stage of the disease, inquires the author, should tuberculous patients be sent to Minnesota? As a general rule, he replies, when they can travel with convenience and without much fatigue. The sooner the better, even before the cough, if consumption is expected. The golden opportunity is missed if the patient waits beyond the period which the inconsiderate call laziness, for the cure of which, perhaps, the well-meaning yet injudicious physician prescribes exercise; a period often overlooked at the time—a stage called the "pre-tubercular stage."

It is held that in the New England States the reason for so large a death-rate by consumption is cold and moisture, brought about by sudden changes. The same rule holds true in most, if not all, of the other States, so far as each State is exposed to such influences; that the general treatment for the disease is the removal or modifying of the cause, so far as we are able; and as in many instances the cause is climatic, we think the treatment should be such. As remedies are prescribed suitable for individual cases, so should we prescribe a climate, ever bearing in mind that the same remedy given for the same disease oftentimes affects two persons entirely [illegible]. This holds true as regards climate—hence the necessity of a patient and careful examination into all the circumstances connected with each case; and by all means let it not be confined to the chest, but let age, sex, temperament, tastes, individual preferences, means and general condition of health exert their influence on the mind of the physician before venturing an opinion as regards a change of climate.

INDIANA.

Fatal Accident on the Fort Wayne Road—A Divorce Sensation at Fort Wayne.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., May 28.

A freight brakeman, named Wm. Hartnett, was instantly killed near here, this evening, by accidentally falling under the locomotive while it was running. He was a single man, about 30 years of age.

In the Common Pleas Court, this county, a divorce case, where the plaintiff and defendant are members of our upper ten, will come up in a few days. It is expected that it will exceed the celebrated Stewart case of Chicago. Upwards of $75,000 are involved, about seventy-five witnesses subpœnaed, and some of the best legal talent of the State are retained on both sides. The wife sued for divorce.

MICHIGAN.

Another Railroad Project—Marine Disaster—The Towing Business Dull at Detroit.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

DETROIT, Mich., May 27.

To-day our Board of Trade adopted resolutions formally endorsing the general views set forth by John A. Poor, of Portland, in his address here last week in favor of a railroad from this city along the north back of Lake Erie and south bank of Lake Ontario, and thence direct to Portland, as part of the Grand Trans-Continental Line.

The scow Asa Childs, bound up, with coal, is in serious trouble on St. Clair Flats, having got hard aground.

Business is so dull here that to-day the Tug Association hauled off four of the tugs that have been towing between Lakes Huron and Erie.

KANSAS.

Purchase of Lands for Canada Emigrants—Storm [illegible]

[illegible]

OHIO.

Death from Carelessness in Handling Fire-Arms.

[illegible]

VIRGINIA.

Conservative Meeting at Richmond.

[illegible]

Railroads.

[illegible]

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On Friday last McDaniels drove Mrs. Andrus down to New York for the transaction of some business. They returned on Saturday evening, and when they drove up they found Corwin sitting on the front stoop. Angry words ensued; there was a fierce and bitter quarrel, and finally, in a fit of rage, McDaniels seized a stout oaken stick and struck Corwin several frightful blows, which laid him in a moment dead at his feet. The stick used for perpetrating this terrible crime was one of those used in the fastening of bales of hay, long, very heavy and with sharp edges.

McDaniels, finding that his foe was dead, drew the body into the side entrance and then went into the bar-room and behind the bar, where he was found when the police officer came to arrest him. With him were arrested Mrs. Andrus, Hiram Downs, the serving-man at the hotel, and a negro servant. The version given by McDaniels was that Corwin was the assailant, offering to strike him with a chair, and that he thereupon used the club in self-defence.

McDaniels was held by the Coroner to await the action of the grand jury. Mrs. Andrus, Mr. Downs, the boarder, and James Jones, the colored employe, were held each in the sum of $500 to appear as witnesses when the accused shall stand for trial.

MURDER IN THE ELEVENTH WARD.

From the New York Times, May 25.

Sheriff street, near Stanton, is inhabited chiefly by licensed venders, who have become fully educated in the lore of the prize ring, and whose evening amusement seems to be principally confined to fights among themselves, or with a number of kindred spirits living in an adjoining street, and designated as the "Pitt street gang." Prominent among the Sheriff street rowdies are John Purcell and Wm. Purcell, brothers, aged 22 and 18 years, respectively, born in the locality, and for some years engaged as street venders. Associated with them was one John Tracy, who lived with them at 109 Sheriff street, and who had rather a great renown because his brother, Peter Tracy, was murdered a year ago in the Bowery by a young German whom he was grossly assaulting. In opposition to these three was one William Kiernan, also born in the neighborhood, and also a licensed vender, and, it would appear, of some business aptitude, as he already had become owner of two horses and wagons. Bickerings between the two Purcells on one side and Kiernan on the other, as to who was the best man in a fight, appear to have been constantly occurring for some time past, but to have resulted in nothing more serious than bitter taunts, until last night, when the ill-feeling resulted in murder.

About 9 o'clock the parties met in front of the residence of Kiernan, No. 105 Sheriff street, and Kiernan announced that he had a youngster, named Neddy, at hand who could whip Bill Purcell. Tracy, who is better known as "Bottles," interfered, saying Billy wasn't to fight, but Kiernan said he must, and was forcing the reluctant Neddy into the encounter, when John Purcell interfered. A word or two ensued between him and Kiernan, exactly what it was impossible to ascertain from the confused accounts [illegible], when Kiernan struck John a powerful blow in the face. John had prepared himself for the occasion and, without more ado, drew a small single-barrelled pistol and fired at his opponent. The ball took effect in the temple, and, passing entirely through the head, Kiernan fell insensible, and, being carried into his home, upon whose lintel his blood had spurted, expired in a few minutes.

The instant that he fired John Purcell turned and fled toward Houston street, hearing the shot the officers of the Eleventh Precinct, [illegible] seeing the flying man started in pursuit, joined by [illegible] which had quickly gathered. Purcell seemed to think that the avengers of the murdered man were upon his track, and, straining every muscle, for the moment distanced his pursuers. But the crowd grew in numbers and the shouts became louder, and the flying man soon saw but one refuge left him. He was near the Eleventh Precinct Station-house, over Union Market. Never pausing, even for an instant, he bounded up the stairs, and brandishing the pistol over his head, rushed up to Sergeant Thompson, who was in charge of the house. Thompson seized his arm, and wrenching the pistol from him, asked: "What's the matter; have you killed anybody?" To which Purcell answered: "Yes I have; I shot Bill Kiernan, the d—d hog thief, and I'm ready to swing for it. He tried to lick me and my brother, and I tried to kill him." By this time the crowd came surging into the station house, and Purcell was hurried to a cell, a self-accused homicide.

In a few moments comparative quiet was restored, and from the statements made Captain Walsh directed the arrest of William Purcell and Tracy as accessories to the murder, and they were soon secured by Officer Fitzmaurice. It was asserted that Tracy had given John Purcell the pistol with which the shooting was done, but the latter denies the truth of the statement, and declares that he obtained the weapon half an hour before the affray from a neighboring bar-keeper.

PROBABLE MURDER IN THE FOURTH WARD.

From the New York Tribune, May 25.

Shortly before 1 o'clock this morning, a party of Spanish sailors were passing along Oak street, singing one of their national songs. When, opposite No. 31 Oak street, some young men on the other side of the street commenced mocking them. An altercation ensued, during which the sailors were struck. They resorted to using their sheath-knives freely. Two of the young men, named William Bradley and Peter Burns, received dangerous wounds. Bradley was stabbed in the small of the back, and Byrnes in the right breast and arm. Bradley is a plumber and gas-fitter, and lives at No. 53 Oak street. He is a native of Scotland, and aged 19 years. Byrnes is a native of Ireland, aged 25 years, and a cook on the tugboat President. Immediately after the stabbing the assailants fled, and have not yet been arrested. The wounded men were taken to the Oak street Police Station, where Police Surgeon Armstrong attended and dressed their wounds. They were then removed to Bellevue Hospital.

MISS COUTTS' MARKET.

Its Opening—Who Were Present.

London (May 1) Correspondence of the Boston Journal.

Her Majesty the Queen is the first lady of the land. Every movement of hers is considered worthy of note. Her coming to London brings sunshine, gladness and trade. Her departure fills the metropolis with sorrow. To be presented to her is a boon the remembrance of which is handed down to children's children. Next to her Majesty, the most noticeable lady in the kingdom is Miss Coutts, who signs herself Augusta G. Burdett Coutts. She has produced this week one of the profoundest and most genuine of sensations. She opened in person the Columbia Square Market. She did it in the presence of all the royal family in this city; in the presence of dukes, marquises and lords, archbishops, bishops and deans, with the noble and notable people of the kingdom that can be gathered outside of a levee at the Queen's Palace. Miss Coutts is a lady of vast wealth; she inherited much of it from the famous banking house of Coutts & Co. She has earned more by continuing the business of that celebrated house, of which she is now the head. Her donations for charitable purposes are stupendous. The Dean of Westminster, desirous of building a church among the slums of his district, presented himself before Miss Coutts. On the one hand he presented the destitution and needs of the section for which he plead. On the other hand he had no money; he said he could raise none among his friends, and he was in despair. "How much money do you need?" was the pointed question of the banker. "I cannot tell," said the Bishop, "but I want several thousand pounds." Without another word Miss Coutts signed a check in blank and handed it to the Bishop, who filled it up for £8,000. The church was built, but with the schools and other appliances the sum reached £20,000 ($100,000), which Miss Coutts paid. This is her style of doing things.

In the lowest part of London, in Shoreditch, where the poorest and most neglected of the working people dwell, the darkest, foulest, dampest, most ill-ventilated dwellings are found, Miss Coutts purchased an entire square for the erection of a market and other buildings to benefit and elevate the poor. On this site of land she erected a substantial and elegant block of buildings occupying the entire room, with buildings not only convenient but elegant. This block embraces one of the best markets in the kingdom, with chapels and houses for artisans, workmen and their families, with turrets, towers, stained windows, clocks and all the appliances of elegant residences. On this establishment she laid out the immense sum of $1,000,000. She turned the crooked, damp, narrow lanes into broad roads; fitted up the neighborhood; laid out parks, gardens and play-grounds; and has dedicated the whole to the neglected of the neighborhood in which this splendid establishment stands. This market was formally opened on Wednesday.

Poor and wretched Shoreditch never before saw such a day. It was very bright and sunny. Flags floated in every possible direction. Uncounted thousands of the populace turned out to see the unwonted sight. The coaches of the nobility, the Lord Mayor's royal turnout, the Sheriffs with a display of coaches, footmen and out-riders, far exceeding any display made by Her Majesty, even on state-occasions; the royal carriage with the Duke and Duchess of Cambridge, the Princess Mary, with the nobility and gentry of the land, were an unwonted sight in that forlorn and neglected region. The chapel was fitted up in regal style. A crimson dais was raised at one end. A brilliant company filled the galleries and every available place on the floor. A battalion of soldiers kept the crowd back. Prompt on the time the order was given to present arms, and the procession entered. The honor was intended for Miss Coutts. She led the procession. The whole assembly rose to receive her—a tall, slim lady, dressed in a purple satin dress, bonnet of the same color, black sash heavily embroidered. Miss Coutts stood in the centre of the hall to receive the grand ovation. She looks less than fifty, though that is about her age. In size, appearance, manners and face she resembles very much the widow of the Hon. Daniel Webster. Simple, direct, business-like in her movements, with great self-possession, she appeared the woman of talent and ability which she is. She joined heartily in the services, which were conducted by the Bishop of London. The singing was especially grand, being led by the band of the Coldstream Guards. In this Miss Coutts seemed to take a deep interest. Mr. Peabody's great donation to the poor of London is even greater than he supposed—it is provoking so many wealthy people to imitate his example.

All the members of the royal family present honored the assembly with their presence. At the appointed time the flourish of trumpets and the sharp order of the Colonel's "Attention," indicated the arrival of the Duchess of Cambridge, Princess Mary, Prince Teck and other distinguished persons. Miss Coutts, leading the way, descended from the platform, followed by the Archbishop, Bishops, deans and noblemen—proceeded to the entrance door to receive the guests. The hold the royal family have on the British public was seen clearly by the excitement produced on the coming of these representatives. Everybody came to their feet, and there was a general excitement which lasted long after the notables were seated, as they were, on the right and left of Miss Coutts, she holding the seat of honor. Could Her Majesty have entered the chapel, the excitement would almost have brought the house down. The Duchess of Cambridge, cousin of the Queen, who stands next to the throne, and outranks all the peers and peeresses of the land, is a remarkably preserved lady of about 70. Tall, finely formed, with a face strongly marked, coarse, and somewhat masculine, yet exceedingly pleasant, appearing in public, as she is really in private, unaffected, exceedingly courteous, and without hauteur. Princess Mary, her daughter, is one of the most regal looking ladies in England; quite tall, rather stout, with a face indicating benevolence and character. She dresses with great simplicity and elegance, and would be a marked lady in any circle. She is greatly beloved for her kindness of heart and benevolence of life. She is the most popular princess in the land. When she was married to Prince Teck, she refused to be married in any of the royal chapels or palaces. She insisted upon a simple wedding, the direction of which she took into her own hands. She was married in the little country church at Kew, where her summer residence is. She invited all her country neighbors to be present, and threw her lawns open to them. She gave special orders that the infirm and aged should have the best seats in church, and that the crowd might have a good view of the procession in which was the Queen. She walked from the palace to the church, that all who wished might see her. She entered heartily into all plans for the benefit of the poor, the infirm or the sick, and lends her name and influence everywhere where it can be used with profit to the lowly. Entirely free from affectation, she seemed to enter most heartily into the enjoyment of the occasion which she graced with her presence. Most of the noblemen present were old men, many of them prematurely old. This is especially true of the Duke of Wellington, who inherits his father's titles and some of his looks. He is very gray, his frame worn and attenuated, and he has the look and stoop of a man of 80.

COPPER AND IRON.

The Lake Superior Mines.

From the Portage Lake Mining Gazette, May 20.

COPPER FALLS.

It has been reported that orders have been received to suspend further work on the Ashbed and that they have been carried out. We learn that the show in the bottom of the ninety-fathoms level, Owl Creek vein, is very good just now, and the management feel somewhat encouraged, though they are very careful of talking of it since their abuse of confidence by the level above.

AMYGDALOID.—Report says that the last of the Philadelphia series of mines has stopped work, with a poor "prospect of resumption at an early day." We sincerely pity those stockholders who have stood by this and other mines so long and faithfully. They deserve better, and we believe had our oft repeated suggestion to cross-cut the property been adopted, or even that portion of it embraced between the west and Connecticut veins, they would have found a rich deposit ere this.

OGIMA.—Orders have been received to suspend further operations at the Ogima mine. The reason of suspension is partly attributable to the low price of ingot copper and partly to the scarcity and high price of labor.

SCHOOLCRAFT.—The stamps work full time and are doing better duty than has been expected. With twenty or twenty-four more heads, the agent thinks a product of 50 to 75 tons could be maintained next winter, and a fair profit realized. The Schoolcraft will be all its friends claim for it, ere long.

APRIL PRODUCTS.—The following have been received:

	Tons.	Lbs.
RIDGE MINE—(January, February and March).		
Masses	1	[illegible]
Barrel	8	[illegible]
Total	9	1,[illegible]
RIDGE MINE.		
Mass	9	1,[illegible]
Barrel	9	1,[illegible]
Total	18	[illegible]
EVERGREEN BLUFF MINE.		
Mass	[illegible]	[illegible]
Barrel	3	[illegible]
Total	3	1,[illegible]
NATIONAL MINE.		
Mass	[illegible]	[illegible]
Barrel	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stamp	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	18	917
HURON MINE.		
Mass, barrel and stamp	[illegible]	[illegible]

RETIREMENT OF AN OLD MINE CLERK.—We were called upon this week by Mr. D. P. Waite, of Rockland, who has most acceptably filled the post of chief clerk of the Minnesota mine for the last fifteen years. He has lately resigned his position, and is on his way to Sycamore, Ill., which will be his headquarters for the present. Mr. Waite came to the Minnesota mine in July, 1853, and at the time of his resignation was, we believe, the oldest mine clerk on the lake. During the time he has filled his position he has paid out several millions of dollars, and did business enough to earn him the Cross of the Legion of Honor.

THE IRON DISTRICT.

NEGAUNEE, May 20.

The great activity in the iron ore market has prompted many of the companies to increase their working force, and many extra exertions to increase their shipments.

The Forster mine, five miles southwest of Negaunee, which has been working a limited force since last November, merely producing enough hematite to supply the Pioneer furnace, has resumed work with a considerable force. Since April 1 Captain Rowland, formerly of the Iron Mountain, has had supervision of the Forster, and expects to produce 15,000 or 20,000 tons of ore during the season. The mine is reached by a branch of the C. & N. W. Railway. The ore taken from the mine is pure hematite of the best quality, and, as far as can be judged from the explorations, is of unlimited extent.

The New England mine is situated two and a half miles southwest of the Lake Angeline mine, and has also been working but a small force the past winter, but have now increased, and expect to ship 15,000 tons the coming season. The ore is of a slaty nature, but is very valuable because so easily smelted.

The Jackson mine expects to ship 15,000 tons this month. There is now nearly 3,000 feet of tunnelling in this mine, with rail tracks laid the whole length. An engine manufactured in England, and purchased by Captain Merry while on a visit there, is used in hoisting cars out of the mine. An engine of similar construction and dimensions is now making in Cleveland, to be used as an auxiliary or reserve engine, as required.

[illegible] the past week:

	Tons.
IRON ORE.	
Jackson	[illegible]
Lake Angeline	1,[illegible]
Barnum	1,[illegible]
Cleveland	[illegible]
New York	14[illegible]
PIG IRON.	
Pioneer Furnace	[illegible]
Michigan Furnace	[illegible]
Bay Furnace	70

THE AFRICAN GOLCONDA.

Diamonds at the Cape of Good Hope—Schalk van Niekerk's Pandeloque.

HOPETOWN, South Africa, March 18.

Our little village is filled with an unwonted excitement, caused by the news that a diamond of extraordinary brilliancy has been found in the colony.

Mr. Schalk van Niekerk, a Dutch farmer living on the banks of the Vaal, was the discoverer of the first diamond found in this region. Undeterred by the adverse criticisms of various connoisseurs, he continued in his work of discovery like a man who felt sure of success, until on the afternoon of this day, at 4 o'clock p. m. or in now evening, he brought to the aroused people of this place the largest diamond that has yet been found in Africa. It weighs some 83½ carats, and is of the first water. Competent judges regard it as one of the most brilliant in the world. It is a little over an inch in length by three-fourths of an inch in breadth, and glitters like pure ice. It has a slight indentation at one end, but this is so slight as to impair its value, and will certainly not hinder its cutting. By the delighted colonists it has been called "Niekerk's Pandeloque," and will probably bear this name long after its original owner is forgotten.

Mr. Niekerk did not find it by treading the waters of the Vaal with his naked feet, as the natives of the district do, but bought it of a Hottentot or Kaffir doctor, who used it as a charm in his profession, for a horse, ten head of cattle and five hundred sheep. The first diamond he had the good fortune to find he sold to the Governor of the colony for £500, but this last and extraordinary stone he disposed of to Messrs. Lilienfeld Bros. for the round sum of £11,200, or nearly $56,000 of your money. Even that was below its real value, for it is now estimated at from £20,000 to £30,000.

Besides this diamond, several others have been found in the same region, all of great purity and value. Last Sunday Mr. J. G. Carianus passed through Saffan's Drift, a village in our immediate neighborhood, with a diamond in his possession, of almond shape, of splendid water, and weighing some 18 carats. The Kaffir Chief, Sebonnei, was also found by traders to be in possession of six diamonds, weighing from 3½ to 10 carats each, all found along the Vaal; Jantje, another Kaffir Chief, found three diamonds in the same place; Mr. Charles Mons is the owner of a diamond, entirely free from spots, weighing 11 1-16 carats; and, finally, Mr. Julius Gerz had a diamond that, though small, was regarded as the purest in the country.

Mr. Gregory, at one time assistant to Emanuel, the London jeweller, was present at the discovery of the first stone, and declared his belief that it was not a genuine diamond. Since then, however, as we have shown above, proof has been added to proof, until credulity is no longer possible without becoming stupidity. Messrs. Lilienfeld Bros. have invested thousands of pounds in them, no mean sign of their probable value, for capitalists are proverbially, almost, timid. Besides these, Dr. Muskett and Mr. Louis Hond, the lapidary, both of this place, have expressed their conviction that the gems are genuine beyond a doubt.

This African gem of ours, although an unusually brilliant one, is still surpassed by many of which your readers have doubtless heard. The Koh-i-noor, or "Mountain of Light," belonging to Queen Victoria, and weighing 186 carats before cutting; the Orloff diamond, belonging formerly to Catherine of Russia, weighing 195 carats, and sold for about $390,000; the Pitt diamond, weighing before cutting 410 carats, and now valued at $1,000,000; and, finally, the diamond, belonging to the Sultan of Matan, in the Island of Borneo, weighing 367 carats after cutting, and worth $3,500,000, are all far more valuable and magnificent.

Olive Logan's Opinion of the Theatrical Profession.

To the Editor of the New York Times:

In your issue of to-day you are pleased to accuse me of "slandering" the dramatic profession by certain remarks which I made at Steinway Hall on Wednesday evening. This is a strange charge to bring against a woman who has suffered as much as I have for insisting that there are virtue and honor among the members of that profession. On one notable occasion I stood up before an audience of 3,000 of the most puritanical people to be found in New England, and tried to interest them in the career of a virtuous young actress. I signally failed, and I can only express my profound regret that I ever was so foolhardy as to draw upon myself the condemnation of intelligent people by advocating a cause of a profession which is now disgraced by its recognition of these indecent women.

The cases you cite of successful players who still retain decency in the dramatic profession are those of Janauschek, Ristori, Mrs. Lander and Miss Bateman. Janauschek has always played to empty benches at the Academy of Music. Ristori, as a natural result of skillful manipulating by an astute manager, drew almost as well as a circus for a few weeks, but, when the furore died out, she played for the pleasure of playing, apparently, for she had to pay for the privilege. Mrs. Lander, a true artist and a lady, is, it is well known, as unprofitable a "star" as the country affords, even when backed by two or three strong subsidiary players, whom she takes with her. Miss Bateman's success was before the advent of the yellow-haired nudities.

Beside, even if it were quite different, the persons you name are players who have toiled for many years in this profession, and who have acquired world-wide celebrity. I referred the other night to decent young women who are not celebrities—merely honest, modest girls, whose parents have left them the not very desirable heritage of the stage, and who find it difficult to obtain any other employment, being uneducated for any other. When these girls go into a theatre to apply for a situation now, they find that the requirements of managers are expressed in the following questions:

1. "Is your hair dyed yellow?"
2. "Are your legs, arms and bosom symmetrically formed, and are you willing to expose them?"
3. "Can you sing brassy songs, and dance the can-can, and wink at men, and give utterance to disgusting half words which mean whole sentences?"
4. "Are you acquainted with any rich men who will throw you flowers, send you presents, and keep afloat dubious rumors concerning your chastity?"
5. "Are you willing to appear to-night, and every night, amid the glare of gaslights, and before the gaze of thousands of men, in this pair of satin breeches ten inches long, without a vestige of drapery on your person?"

"If you can answer these questions affirmatively, we will give you a situation; if not, there's the door."

For myself, I left the stage four years ago to pursue literature. With writing and lecturing I am able to earn a decent and dignified livelihood. I am very thankful I can do so, but my own private affairs are not my sole concern, and "what I see, I say." I am, sir, very truly yours,

OLIVE LOGAN.

The Authors' Union, No. 304 [illegible] street, Friday, May 14, 1869.

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Opening of Proposals for Furnishing Supplies, and for Various Street Improvements.

The Board of Public Works on yesterday opened proposals for painting and glazing the new City Bridewell, as follows: Barry & Cushing, $2,797; Morrison & Bro., $2,930; Van Doren & Co., $1,864; W. A. Reason, $2,005; Chancey, Webb & Co., $2,379; Otto & Valk, $3,330.

Also proposals for supplying the city with cement until April 1, 1870, per barrel of 300 pounds, as follows: William Kerr & Co., Louisville cement at $1.65; and Akron at $1.77; Seeley & Hayden, Louisville cement at $1.96; James Clark & Co., Clark's cement at $2.15 delivered, and $1.90 at store.

Also the following proposals for curbing, filling and paving Eighteenth street, from [illegible] river to Chicago avenue, as follows:

Names of Bidders.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
McBean & Bro.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Steel & McBean	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wm. Gossin	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
McMahon & Steel	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jacob Richman	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
DeGroyer & McGowan	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jno. A. Nelson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Thos. Mackin	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
F. M. Ingersoll	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Awarded to Thomas Mackin.

Also proposals for curbing, filling, grading and paving Wabash avenue, from Twenty-second to Twenty-ninth streets, as follows:

Names of Bidders.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
McBean & Bro.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hervey Nash	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
McMahon & W. R. Steel	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
J. A. Nelson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
F. F. W. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jacob Richman	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Thos. Mackin	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Steel & McBean	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Robert Stewart	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

No award.

On Wednesday last the Chicago & Alton and the Chicago & Joliet Railway Companies, sued out, before Judge Williams, of the Circuit Court, an injunction restraining the Board of Public Works from tearing down, or in any manner interfering with the railroad bridge which crosses over Healey Slough.

BOARD OF POLICE.

Negligent Firemen—Protection of Emigrants—Unhitched Horses.

The regular semi-weekly meeting of the Board of Police and Fire Commissioners was held yesterday afternoon, President Brown in the chair. Present, Commissioners Titsworth, Gund and James.

Charges were preferred against W. A. McIntyre, of the steamer William James, for intemperance and neglect of duty, and he was sentenced to forfeit one day's pay.

Also against Patrick Crowley, of the steamer Chicago, for neglect of duty. After a lengthy discussion of this case the board decided to amend the regulations in question so that it is made the duty of the engineer, when not otherwise engaged, to assist the stoker in cleaning the engine.

The following communication was received:

GENTLEMEN: The undersigned, General Agents for the several ocean steamship lines, beg leave to represent to your honorable body that at the different railroad depots in this city—especially at the Michigan Southern and Michigan Central depots—the Special Agents of the several steamship lines are often interfered with in their legitimate endeavors to assist and protect those newcomers, by runners and associates of boarding house keepers and others enticing the unwary away to their respective establishments for the purpose of imposing upon them. We would, therefore, petition the honorable board for the efficient assistance of a few policemen on each arrival of a large number of emigrants, not to hinder any of them who desire so to go to boarding houses, but to prevent the runners from enticing, persuading, and, as it sometimes happens dragging the emigrant off against his will by holding out to him inducements which are seldom fulfilled. To this end and purpose, therefore, we pray your honorable body that this petition be speedily granted. Signed by F. L. Hawkinson, James Warrack, Herman Ross, F. S. Winslow and J. A. Foscobey.

Superintendent Kennedy gave notice to the board of his intention to direct the Police Department to strictly enforce Section 39 of the Revised Ordinances, relating to the leaving of horses or other animals attached to vehicles insecurely hitched or fastened in the street, the penalty for which is arrest and a fine of not less than two nor more than ten dollars. This order to take effect from and after to-day, May 28.

The board then adjourned.

MILITARY NEWS.

Items from Lieutenant General Sheridan's Headquarters.

A new post, to be garrisoned by one company of infantry, is to be located somewhere between Sheridan, Kansas, and Denver, Colorado Territory.

Major General Meade has appointed Captain H. J. Farnsworth to be his aide-de-camp. He has also made the following appointments: Major General Stewart Van Vliet to be Chief Quartermaster; Brigadier General Nathan W. Brown to be Chief Paymaster, and Brigadier General R. C. Drum to be Adjutant General of the Division of the Atlantic.

Florence L. McCarthy, late Lieutenant of the Twenty-seventh Infantry, has been tried by court martial and dismissed the service for conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman.

The Free Press of Philadelphia has been placed on the advertising list of the War Department.

First Lieutenant Wm. Quinton, Department of the [illegible] visiting orders, reported at the Lieutenant General's headquarters.

THE POLICE COURTS.

Before Justice Salisbury.

ANNIE BOGART, a negress, and one of the worst characters in the city, who has been arrested once or twice, and sometimes three times a week for years past, was up on the old charge, "drunk and disorderly," yesterday morning. She was fined $50. On being taken from the court room and placed in the corridor, she became very violent, tore a stove door from its fastenings and threw it through the transom light, scattering the glass in all directions. She was introduced to His Honor again, and fined $50 and given ninety days in the Bridewell additional. While "Jess," the assistant constable, was taking her to that institution, she caught him by the coat collar, backed him up against a fence, and commenced pummelling him. It required the united strength of two officers to make her desist. On reaching Wells street two Africans, who were standing in front of a barber shop, laughed at her. She knocked the sign in front of the door over, and struck one of the laughers over the head with her fist. The one struck fell against the other, knocking him down and falling himself. Annie was closely guarded during the remainder of the journey. Every time she has been arrested she has attempted to commit suicide. Once she burned nearly all the hair off her head. Last Wednesday night she tried to hang herself, but was cut down, as usual.

—THOMAS NUGENT was fined $25 for becoming intoxicated and abusing Jennie Murphy.

—FRANCIS GIBBS, being destitute of parental care, was sent to the Home of the Friendless.

—JOSEPH LA MORGAN, keeper of a disorderly house, was fined $50, and eight inmates $10 each.

—FRED NORTON was fined $50 for vagrancy, on general principles.

Before Justice Quinn.

CHARLES ANDERSON and Andrew Olson were in a saloon on the North Side, on Wednesday night. Charles dropped his pocket book; Andrew picked it up and ran off. He was pursued and captured. When searched, a five dollar bill which had been taken from the money-holder was found in his stocking. He was fined $10.

—MARY MCDONALD found Louis Holbrook in the street, at a late hour on Wednesday night, drunk, and wanted him to go home with her. As Louis had $1,779.85 in his pocket, it is supposed she wanted that, and not him. She was fined $10, and he $5.

—FRANCIS SAVOC was assessed $15 for attempting to enter Lynch's saloon, on the corner of Clark and North Water streets. He had broken a light of glass when discovered.

—JOHN FASNAUGHT, who has been frequently arrested for drunkenness, was fined $50 for being a vagrant.

REAL ESTATE.

Warrantee deeds for city and suburban property within seven miles of the Court House, filed for record on Thursday, May 27:

Cornell st, 346 6-10 ft e of Reuben st, s f, 25x128 ft; May 27	$1,050
String st, 212½ ft s of Eighteenth st, e f, 24x93 ft; May 18	650
String st, 186½ ft s of Eighteenth st, e f, 24x93 ft; May 19	650
Seward st, 181 6-10 ft n of Canalport av, e f, 24x100 ft; May 1	900
Chicago av, 75 ft w of Sangamon st, n f, 24x113 ft; April 10	1,600
Silver st, 158 ft s of Harrison st, w f, 52x215 ft; April 15	8,500
Rubie st, 278 ft s of Sixteenth st, e f, 72x100 ft; Feb. 19	2,300
Fulton st, 85¾ ft e of Elizabeth st, n f, 25x164½ ft; May 1	1,800
Blue Island av, n e cor of Evans st, n w f, 90 7-10x160 ft; May 26	3,400
Rubie st, 161½ ft s of Eighteenth st, w f, 24x98 ft; April 1	650
Rubie st, 186½ ft s of Eighteenth st, w f, 24x98 ft; April 1	650
Rubie st, 306 ft s of Sixteenth st, e f, 48x100 ft; May 26	1,600
Lot 50, Block 4, in Walker's Subdivision of n w ¼ Sec. 31, 39, 14 east; April 30	700
Clybourne av, 100 ft n w of North av, n e f, 48x100 ft; May 26	5,000
Halsted st, 122 ft s of Rees st, w f, 25x100 ft, with buildings; May 21	1,100
North Wells st, s e cor of Chicago av, w f, 50x110 ft; May 26	17,000
North Wells st, 40 ft n of Huron st, e f, 20x110 ft; May 1	6,450
Eighteenth st, 224 ft e of Prairie av, n f, 22x122 ft, with building; April 13	1,150
Wabash av, n e cor of Twenty-eighth st, w f, and ½ of 124 1-5x120 ft; May 25	2,070
Indiana av, bet Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth sts, e f, 38 36-100x170 ft; May 11	22,000
Main st, 148 1-5 ft n w of Thirty-first st, s w f, 25x115 ft; May 26	500
NORTH OF CITY LIMITS.	
Court, bet Centre st and Green Bay road, 302 ft s of Albert st, e f, 84x162 ft; Dec. 31, 1868	500
SOUTH OF CITY LIMITS.	
Lilly av, 140 ft e of Blanchard av, n f, 18x125 ft; May 21	750
Wabash av, 87½ ft n of Fifty-fifth st, w f, 25 8-10x164 ft; April 14	1,000
Cottage Grove av, 91 6-10 ft s of Forty-second st, e f, 24x131 ft; March 27	900
Cottage Grove av, 115 6-10 ft s of Forty-second st, e f, 24x131 ft; March 27	900
Wentworth av, 75 ft s of Chestnut st, e f, 50x100 ft; May 18	800
Indiana av, 221½ ft s of Fifty-first st, w f, 109 56-100x233 ft; April 26	7,605
Stewart av, 50 ft s of Fifty-ninth st, e f, 25x124 ft; May 21	300
Spencer av, n w cor Sixty-third st, e f, 25x124½ ft; May 27	300
S ½ of w ½ of [illegible] ¼ Sec 15, 38, 14 east; Aug. 20, 1868	36,000
Sw ¼ of [illegible] Sec 15, 38, 14, east; May 24	48,000
WEST OF CITY LIMITS.	
Walker st, w of Kincade st, e f, 25x150 ft; May 24	800
Harrison st, s e cor of Sacramento st, n f, 66x148½ ft; April 21	1,320
Charlotte st, 575 ft w of Mamie st, s f, 49 6-10x124½ ft; May 25	160
Lots 6 and 7 in Pope's sub of B 5, in Cook & Anderson's Sub of w ¼ n e ¼ Sec 24, 39, 13, e; May 25	600
Lot 17 in Pope's Sub of B 8, in Cook & Anderson's Sub of w ½, n e ¼ Sec 24, 39, 13, e; May 25	225

Murder Trial in Savannah.

SAVANNAH, Ga., May 26.—The trial of the murderers of Bradbacker and Brickman resulted in the conviction of two for murder, four plead guilty of manslaughter, and a nolle prosequi was entered against the remaining three.

Arrest for Alleged Forgeries.

BUFFALO, May 26.—Charles Foster, of Chicago, was arrested here to-day, charged with forgeries committed on various parties in this city.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

THURSDAY EVENING, May 27.

The recent fluctuations in the prices of gold and bonds, and the complications made in the quotations of the latter, owing to the two standards of value—gold and currency—will, perhaps, be explained better by the following table than in any other way. A week ago many thought that bonds were advancing, because the currency quotations were higher, while others thought it was only greenbacks that were depreciated, or, in other words, that it was only a rise in gold, while bonds were nearly stationary. The following figures show, in the first line, the price of gold at four periods during the last three months, the last three quotations of the line embracing the whole of the recent [illegible]. The second line shows the value of greenbacks at the same periods. The third line shows the gold value of 5-20s of 1867—exclusive of the accrued interest—in the New York market at the same periods. The fourth line shows the London quotations for bonds of 1862 on the same dates, including the accrued interest, but in the fifth line the accrued interest is deducted from the London quotations at each date, so that an exact comparison can be made with the New York market, and also with the value of currency:

	March 1.	April 6.	May 20.	May 27.
Price of gold	131⅛	131¾	144	139
Value of currency	76	[illegible]	69⅝	72
Gold value of 6's without accrued interest	84	84⅛	81⅛	[illegible]
London quotations for 5-20s of 1862	[illegible]	[illegible]	78⅝	79⅞
London price less the accrued interest	[illegible]	[illegible]	76⅝	77½

The first thing that will strike the attention in the above table is, that both bonds and greenbacks, if measured by the gold standard, had declined on May 20, as compared with their value on April 6. It will also be noticed that the value of greenbacks had declined more on the 20th of May than bonds, though this was due more to the excessive speculation in gold, which ran up the price so fast on that day that it was understood to be a temporary inflation, which did not affect other prices at once, and the prices of bonds were therefore not accurately measured by it. The greater decline shown at that time in the price of bonds in London than in New York was probably due, to the fact that it was in London that the whole pressure was brought to bear that carried a decline in bonds at all. The recovery in the gold value of bonds in both London and New York to-day, from the depression of a week ago, shows that the pressure by the Bank of England has been partially removed, notwithstanding the bluster of the London Times about putting the rate of discount up to "ten per cent" in order to discourage investment in American securities. The continental markets continue to absorb an immense amount of United States bonds, and these are all supplied from the London market. So large have been the remittances due from Frankfort to London on this account, that on the 14th exchange on London was quoted at Frankfort at 190½ (German dollars), a price, says the London Times, "which has not been reached before in ten years." These facts show that though the Bank of England may make temporary panics in the price of United States bonds, just such as the one which now seems to be passing away, she cannot check the investment of continental capital in them, and consequently not even that of her own people. The result will be that our bonds will continue to go abroad as long as there are any in this country; for, when these bonds get above par in gold, European capitalists can afford to pay higher premiums for them than American investors, because they are content with a smaller percentage of return on the money invested than American capitalists.

The local money market continues well supplied with funds, and borrowers who produce the proper collaterals find no difficulty in getting all the accommodation they want at ten per cent.

The active movement of currency from New York here, and from here to the country, is the most prominent feature in local finances just at present. The amount being sent out is nothing like so large as in the usual spring and fall business, but is more than is usual just at this season of the year. The farmers, however, have been holding back a larger proportion than usual of last year's crop, on account of the low prices of grain, which scarcely pays them for raising it. A portion of this is now beginning to come into the market towns, and makes the present requirements for currency in the country.

Exchange continues weak, being freely sold between banks at 60c per $1,000 discount, and rumored sales at 1-10 discount. At the counter, the nominal rate for selling to customers is 1-10 premium, though some banks are shading that price in favor of buyers. Rates for buying of customers vary from 1-10 to ¼ off on straight sight bills on New York; grain bills on New York $1.50 per $1,000 off; grain bills on Buffalo ¼ to ⅜ off. Some exceptional sales at heavier discounts than these were made but not considered the market rate.

Dealers' quotations for buying and selling government bonds, local stocks, gold and silver, in the market, this afternoon, were as follows:

	Buying.	Selling.
U. S. 6s, 1881	120⅞	121
U. S. 5-20s, 1862, large	121⅝	122⅛
U. S. 5-20s, 1864	116¼	116⅝
U. S. 5-20s, 1865	118⅛	118¾
U. S. 5-20s, 1865, new issue	118⅝	119⅛
U. S. 5-20s, 1867	118⅝	119⅛
U. S. 5-20s, 1868	118⅝	119⅛
U. S. 10-40s, large	108⅝	109⅛
Cook County 7s	[illegible]	97
Chicago City 7s (municipal)		97
Chicago City 7s (water and sewerage)	96	
American gold	139¼	
Silver	130	

Below are the closing rates for government bonds in New York for the last five days:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Sixes of 1881	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
5-20s, 1862	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
5-20s, 1864	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
5-20s, 1865 (old)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
5-20s, 1865 (new)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
5-20s, 1867	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
5-20s, 1868	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
10-40s, large	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

The lowest and highest quotations for gold since April 1 were: 131⅝ on April 5, and 144⅞ on May 20. The range in New York to-day was:

10:30 a. m.	[illegible]	12:00 p. m.	[illegible]
10:45 a. m.	[illegible]	12:30 p. m.	[illegible]
11:00 a. m.	[illegible]	1:00 p. m.	[illegible]
11:15 a. m.	[illegible]	2:00 p. m.	[illegible]
11:30 a. m.	[illegible]	3:45 p. m.	[illegible]
11:45 a. m.	[illegible]	4:00 p. m.	[illegible]

LATER.

NEW YORK, May 27.—Money moderately easy with most of the loans at [illegible]. Sterling quiet and firm at 109¾@110 for prime 60 days and 110¾@110⅞ for sight.

Gold lower, opened at 139⅝, fell to 138⅞, advanced to 139⅛, and fell to 138⅞, and closed at 138⅞. Carrying rates [illegible]. At the Treasury sales of $1,000,000 were awarded in 37 lots ranging from 138 56-100 to 139 12-100. Clearances, $87,000,000. Export to Europe, $[illegible], and Havana, $[illegible].

Governments opened lower, but subsequently advanced, and closed firm on information that the Secretary of the Treasury declines to withdraw 3 per cent [illegible] with his surplus of currency.

[illegible] State bonds less active [illegible]. Stocks opened weak and unsettled, but, after the first session of the Stock Exchange, became active and strong, which feeling continued to the close, with a marked advance on all leading shares. The lease of the Fort Wayne by the Pennsylvania Road is completed.

5:30 PRICES.

[illegible]

Receipts at the Sub-Treasury, $1,721,917; payments, $816,675; balance, $[illegible]. Disbursements of coin interest, $163,934.

COMMERCIAL.

THURSDAY EVENING, May 27.

The following tables show the receipts and shipments of produce during the past twenty-four hours:

RECEIPTS FOR THE PAST TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.

	1869.	1868.
Flour, brls	5,663	4,540
Wheat, bu	62,669	31,508
Corn, bu	114,900	75,545
Oats, bu	56,210	56,326
Rye, bu	1,857	472
Barley, bu	900	143
Grass seed, lbs	24,290	18,391
Broom corn, lbs	14,109	
Cured meats, lbs	78,499	37,940
Lard, lbs		260
Tallow, lbs	1,754	11,771
Butter, lbs	25,918	6,505
Dressed hogs, No	4	4
Live hogs, No	12,497	8,260
Cattle, No	1,770	1,623
Hides, lbs	44,643	27,890
Highwines, brls	403	39
Wool, lbs	2,343	18,400
Lumber, m	6,691	7,279
Shingles, m	2,866	1,675
Lath, m	977	1,188

SHIPMENTS FOR THE PAST TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.

	1869.	1868.
Flour, brls	14,077	10,444
Wheat, bu	57,226	21,032
Corn, bu	134,768	99,578
Oats, bu	7,515	13,300
Rye, bu	3,069	900
Barley, bu	1,550	
Grass seed, lbs	19,740	
Cured meats, lbs	154,300	40,900
Pork, brls	124	776
Lard, lbs		95,439
Butter, lbs		98,800
Live hogs, No	5,854	8,459
Cattle, No	2,291	3,463
Hides, lbs	31,900	76,470
Highwines, brls	964	31
Wool, lbs	4,090	4,326
Lumber, m	2,753	2,632
Shingles, m	1,846	1,487
Lath, m	400	348
Salt, brls	1,503	1,695

The following is the inspection of grain since the tables of receipts were made up for this morning's bulletin: 219 cars wheat; 342 cars corn, and 19,700 bu rejected do; 86 cars oats, and 3 cars rye. Total, 284,500 bu.

There was a full attendance on 'Change to-day, but a rather small aggregate of business was transacted. Wheat and bulk meats were a shade firmer; all else lower.

Lake freights were moderately active, at about the same rates as previously ruled. A total of 14 charters was reported to-day, on the basis of 4c for oats; 4½c for wheat; 5c for corn by sail and 7c by propeller to Buffalo. To Kingston charters were made at 10c from Chicago and 10½c from Milwaukee.

Highwines were 1@2c lower, the excitement of the past week having subsided. There were free sellers and few buyers. Sales were made of 50 brls at $1.00, and 100 brls at 99c. The market closed nominal at 99@99c.

Provisions were very quiet—almost lifeless, if we except a speculative transaction in the shape of 1,000 brls of mess pork, seller next December and January, which sold at $29.00. Pork was otherwise entirely nominal at $31.25@31.50, the only sale reported being of 60 brls last evening at $31.50. Lard was inactive and lower, quoted at 17¾@18c; the only sale reported being of 50 tcs summer kettled at 17½c. Meats were firm; sales were 60,000 lbs rough sides at 15c; and 60,000 lbs light short rib middles at 15½c; the average article being quoted firm at 15¾c. Dry salted shoulders were nominally firm at 13c, with a reported sale of 40,000 lbs at that price. Grease was quiet, with small sales of brown at 10c, and yellow on private terms, supposed to be 12c; 100 tcs white sold yesterday at 14¼c, erroneously quoted at 14½c. Tallow was inactive.

The market for flour presented few new features. Trade was less active, although no change occurred in quotations. We quote sales of white winter extras at $9.75; spring extras at $6.00@6.25; and spring superfines at $4.25@4.50. Sales were as follows: White Winter Extras—100 brls "People's Palmyra," at $9.75; 75 brls, brands given, on p. t. Spring Extras—100 brls "Davis' Success" at $6.62; 400 brls, brands given, on p. t.; 100 brls, not named, at $6.10; 200 brls do at $6.00; 200 brls do at $5.90; 100 brls do at $5.80; 100 brls do at $5.67½; 100 brls do at $5.50. Spring Superfines—50 brls, not named, at $4.50; 50 brls do at $4.50; 100 brls do at $4.25. Total, 1,575 brls.

Wheat was more active, and a little higher, principally as a consequence of yesterday afternoon's telegram from Liverpool, which quoted wheat 2d better. There was a moderate inquiry for shipment, and car lots were at a higher premium than usual, seller the month really dragging through a great part of the session. Arrangements were made for moving out large quantities of wheat, and the purchases were made to complete cargoes, whence the demand was confined to certain houses. Towards the close, however, buyers were more free anywhere, and regular receipts appreciated, making the day really one of the most satisfactory seen in wheat circles for some months—active without excitement. No. 1 spring was not much wanted, and ruled ½c lower. No. 2 was more active and easier. Rejected was dull. There has been a large inquiry for No. 2 recently, and the amount in store has decreased some 50,000 bu during the past week. On the Open Board the market was quiet at $1.13½@1.13¾ for No. 2 spring. On 'Change it opened quiet at $1.13¼, being ½@¾c higher than at the close yesterday, and ruled steady till noon, with a ½c preference on car lots, then improved on seller the month, though New York was quoted lower, and closed firmer at $1.13¾. Sales were made of 4,000 bu No. 1 spring at $1.16; 6,000 bu do at $1.15½; 7,400 bu No. 2 spring at $1.13¾; 20,800 bu do at $1.13; 78,000 bu do at $1.12¾; 26,800 bu do at $1.12½; 400 bu No. 3 spring at $1.05; 11,600 bu do at $1.04½; 1,200 bu rejected spring at 96c; 400 bu no grade at 84c; 400 bu do at 90c; 400 bu by sample at $1.15; 400 bu do at $1.12. Total, 170,000 bu. Seller the month sold at $1.12¾@1.13¾, and seller June at $1.10½@1.11¼. The stock of wheat in Milwaukee was 265,000 bu yesterday; a decrease of 515,000 bu during the past week.

Corn was again lower, with a dull feeling, caused principally by the heavy receipts reported, which made numerous sellers. The shippers were not extensively in the market for No. 1, and but little more for No. 2, as the price is considered to be kept up by the pressure from the short interest, and but a few days more will bring June prices. The May shorts, too, were less anxious in view of the liberal receipts. The bulk of the transactions were therefore in June options, which were less weak. Rejected was taken to some extent for shipment. On the Open Board the market was inactive. On 'Change it opened dull at 66@66½c for No. 1, and 57c for No. 2, being ½c lower than at the close yesterday, with scarcely a trade till noon, except in seller June at yesterday's inside prices. The market then improved slightly, and closed firmer, at 67c and 57c. Sales were made of 10,000 bu No. 1 at 67½c; 10,000 bu do at 67c; 6,800 bu do at 66½c; 2,400 bu do at 66¾c; 3,600 bu do at 66c; 9,000 bu No. 2 at 57½c; 46,800 bu do at 57c; 2,800 bu do at 56¾c; 6,400 bu do at 56⅝c; 17,800 bu do at 56½c; 800 bu do at 56⅜c; 1,600 bu do at 56c; 1,600 bu rejected at 55c; 7,600 bu do at 53½c; 3,600 bu do at 53c; 5,500 bu do at 53½c afloat; 5,500 bu do at 56c afloat; 400 bu new at 52½c; 4,400 bu do at 53c; 400 bu do city at 57c; 800 bu no grade at 48c. Total, 189,600 bu. No. 1 sold at 66@67c, seller the month; 61½@63c seller June; 59@59½c, seller first half of June, and 60½c, seller July. No. 2 sold at 57@57½c, seller May; 55½@56c, seller June; and 57½@58c, buyer June.

Oats were more active and a shade lower, under a very limited demand, till near the end of the session, when the inquiry became greater, and there was a fair business transacted, though it was principally confined to car lots. The sales were almost entirely of the speculative order. On the Open Board the market was inactive. On 'Change it opened dull at 58½c for car lots, being ¼c below the closing price yesterday, ruling steady till noon, then improved a ¼c, and closed steady at 58⅜@58¾c. Sales were made of 2,400 bu at 58¾c; 24,000 bu at 58½c; 47,400 bu at 58⅜c; 3,600 bu rejected at 54½c; 400 bu do at 54c; 600 bu by sample at 61c; 600 bu do at 61c. Total, 80,800 bu. Seller June sold at 56@56½c; and buyer May at 58½@58¾c.

Rye was very quiet, and 3@4c lower. Sales were made of 400 bu No. 1 at $1.07; 1,200 bu do at $1.06; and 400 bu do at $1.05.

Barley was quiet at the decline quoted as nominal for several days past. Sales were reported of 400 bu No. 2 at $1.50; 800 bu do at $1.49; 84 bags by sample at $1.75; 42 bags do at $1.50; 17 bags do at $1.40; and 400 bu do at $1.25. Total 1,850 bu.

Seeds were dull, and prices unchanged. We quote sales of millet at 70@80c; and flax at $2.35. No demand for other varieties.

The following telegrams were received on 'Change to-day:

NEW YORK, May 27.

Flour irregular; low grades steadier, others dull and heavy at $5.75@6.00. Wheat strong and quiet at $1.48. Corn strong, and merchantable at 78@82c. Oats firm; salable at 74c. Pork held at $31.12½. Lard dull at 18½c. Whiskey dull at $1.00@1.02. Gold, 139⅛.

CLOSING.

Flour unchanged. Wheat lower, owing to the advance in freights; No. 2, $1.46@1.46½. No. 1, $1.44. Corn lower and flat at 77@81c. Oats strong at 75c. Pork lower and heavy at $31.00. Lard quiet at 18¼@18⅜c.

BUFFALO, May 27.

Flour very dull and nominal: no transactions. Wheat, $1.24. Corn, 70c. Oats, 62c. Receipts—Wheat, 109,000 bu; corn, 90,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 30,000 bu; corn, 15,000 bu; oats, 40,000 bu. Freights, 11c.

MILWAUKEE, May 27.

Wheat steady and fair demand; No. 1 spring, $1.18¾; No. 2 do, $1.11¼. Receipts, 104,000 bu; shipments, 31,000 bu. Freights, 5c@10c.

LIVERPOOL, May 27—1:30 p. m.

Flour, 22s 6d. Lard, 66s. Rest unchanged.

We note that the St. Louis market is in a healthy state of activity. A lot of wheat was offered there yesterday without buyers at $1.07 per bu, and then the St. Louis Grain Association nobly stepped in and relieved the holders at $1.09@1.10, "delivered in elevator," which we presume to be a polite way of saying that the purchaser pays the cost of storage. It is so pleasant to do good that we doubt not the consciousness thereof will amply compensate the association aforesaid for the extra outlay of 2@3c per bu more than it was necessary to pay for the grain. It will be still more interesting to know how much wheat can be disposed of in the St. Louis market in future, there being a margin of about 10c more against the grain merchants of that city now than at the time the unsalable product was consigned to their tender mercies.

LATER.

In the afternoon the movement in No. 2 spring wheat was of a fair character, and prices ruled about ¼@½c higher, the market closing firm at $1.13⅛@1.13¼, seller the month. No demand for grain freights or provisions. There was no evening meeting.

The hog market opened quiet and easy, but in the afternoon there was an increased demand and prices were more firmly held. Sales aggregate 12,400 head, at a range of $8.00@9.20 for common to choice. Beef cattle were in fair demand, and the market ruled steady and firm at previous rates.

Wool on Hand.

The April report of the Department of Agriculture gives the following as an exhibit of the amount of wool on hand in the different States on the 1st of April of this year:

States.	Pounds.	States.	Pounds.
Maine	[illegible]	Mississippi	75,000
New Hampshire	145,000	Louisiana	[illegible]
Vermont	[illegible]	Texas	165,000
Massachusetts	46,800	Arkansas	11,000
Rhode Island	[illegible]	Tennessee	[illegible]
Connecticut	[illegible]	Kentucky	[illegible]
New York	2,546,000	Missouri	[illegible]
New Jersey	26,000	Illinois	[illegible]
Pennsylvania	[illegible]	Indiana	[illegible]
Delaware	[illegible]	Ohio	[illegible]
Maryland	91,000	Michigan	[illegible]
Virginia	[illegible]	Wisconsin	[illegible]
North Carolina	9,000	Minnesota	[illegible]
South Carolina	27,000	Iowa	[illegible]
Georgia	54,000	Kansas	[illegible]
Alabama	35,000	Nebraska	[illegible]
Total			10,711,800

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

THURSDAY EVENING, May 27.

The following tables show the daily receipts and shipments of live stock during the week up to this evening, as reported by the Secretary of the Union Stock Yards Company:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Sunday and Monday	3,017	8,522	[illegible]
Tuesday	2,745	11,906	[illegible]
Wednesday	1,770	12,627	1,189
Thursday	1,542	6,353	1,157
Total	[illegible]	39,408	4,194
Same time last week	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Week before last	7,781	16,287	[illegible]

The receipts to-day were by the following roads:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
By Illinois Central Road	151	1,344	[illegible]
By Burlington & Quincy Road	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
By St. Louis & Alton Road	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
By Northwestern Road	810	1,111	[illegible]
By Rock Island Road	473	[illegible]	
By Michigan Southern Road	2		[illegible]
By Michigan Central Road		[illegible]	
By Columbus, C. & I. C.		[illegible]	
Driven in		1	
Total	1,842	6,353	1,157

Shipments to-day, and for the week up to this evening were as follows:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Tuesday	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wednesday	2,291	6,364	[illegible]
Thursday (no returns)			
Total	[illegible]	13,797	[illegible]

Sales to-day at the different Scale Houses were:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
At the I. C. and C. & R. I. Scale	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
At the C., B. & Q. Scale	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
At the Chicago & Alton Scale	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
At the Northwestern Scale	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]	[illegible]	1,414

BEEF CATTLE—There was less urgency in the demand to-day, several Eastern buyers having filled their orders earlier in the week and withdrawn from the market, but the movement was fair for this period of the week, and under moderate receipts holders were firm in their views, and invariably insisted upon, and without much difficulty realized, full yesterday's prices. The markets below are not in a very healthy condition just at present, but a better state of things is looked for, and a confident feeling was manifested on the part of both buyers and sellers. Prime to choice smooth steers, averaging from 1,150 to 1,350 lbs, were in demand, on New York, Boston and Albany account, at $7.00@7.75, while fair to good grades, of from 1,000 to 1,250 lbs average, sold readily at $6.00@6.75 for such points as Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Buffalo, Toledo and Detroit. There was some inquiry for good stockers, at $5.00@5.75, and a moderate demand for fair to good butchers' cattle for home consumption, at $5.00@5.87½, but the purchases of these two classes by buyers were small in the aggregate; and of common and medium grades of stock, a good many remain in the pens unsold. Inferior descriptions were almost wholly neglected, and but few of this sort changed hands. Sales embrace 1,404 head, at a range of $3.25@7.75 for inferior to choice. The following were the

CLOSING PRICES.

Extra graded steers	$7.62 @7.75
Choice Beeves—Fine, fat, well-formed, 4 to 6 year old steers, and averaging from 1,250 to 1,350 lbs	7.25 @7.50
Prime Beeves—Good, well-fatted, finely-formed steers, and averaging 1,150 to 1,250 lbs	6.75 @7.00
Fair Graded—Fair steers, in fair flesh, averaging 1,050 to 1,150 lbs	6.00 @6.50
Medium Grades—Medium steers and good cows for city slaughter, and averaging 1,000 to 1,100 lbs	[illegible]
Stock Cattle—Common cattle, in decent flesh, and averaging 800 to 1,050 lbs	4.75 @5.75
Inferior—Light and thin cows and steers	3.25 @4.75

CATTLE SALES—TO-DAY.

[illegible]

HOGS—Trade opened a little slack [illegible] but from this time until the close of trade there was a brisk demand, and prices were firmer in consequence. No considerable advance was established, but buyers took hold with greater quickness, and sales were made [illegible]

CHICAGO LUMBER MARKET.

THURSDAY EVENING, May 27.

The following were the receipts of lumber, shingles and lath during the past twenty-four hours:

	Receipts.	Shipments.
Lumber, ft	[illegible]	[illegible]
Shingles, No	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lath, pcs	[illegible]	[illegible]

The following table shows the receipts and shipments for the corresponding time last year:

	Receipts.	Shipments.
Lumber, ft	[illegible]	[illegible]
Shingles, No	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lath, pcs	[illegible]	[illegible]

LUMBER—The wholesale market for lumber was active, but an easier feeling was manifested. Sales of common and medium grades being effected at a decline of fully 50c per 1,000 on quotations current two days ago. A sawed shingles were in urgent demand and held firmly at [illegible]. Lath sold to a moderate extent at $2.25. Transactions since our last were as follows:

Cargo of schr Collingwood, from Oconto, [illegible] largely strips, at $15.00; sold by Brewster, Moffatt & Co.

Cargo of bark Norman, from Oconto, [illegible] (Oconto Company's cut), at $15.75; and [illegible] lath at $2.25; sold by Blanchard & Borland.

Cargo of schr Mary, from Green Bay, [illegible] shingles at $3.75, and [illegible] No. 1 do at $1.75; sold by Blanchard & Borland.

Cargo of prop Lady Franklin, from Green Bay, [illegible] shingles, at $4.00, and [illegible] No. 1 do at $1.75; sold by Blanchard & Borland.

Cargo of scow Geo. Irving, from White Lake, [illegible] ft coarse mixed at $11.75, and [illegible] lath, at $2.25; sold by S. A. Irish.

Cargo of steam barge H. Warrington, from Muskegon, [illegible] ft strips and boards at $15.00; sold by Maxwell & Co.

Cargo of schr North Star, from Pentwater, [illegible] scantling and joist at $11.50; sold by Maxwell & Co.

Cargo of barge Wyoming, from Grand Haven, [illegible] ft strips and boards (common) at $[illegible], and [illegible] lath at $2.25, and 10 m pickets at $[illegible]; sold by Maxwell & Co.

Cargo of schr J. A. Travis, from Pentwater, [illegible] scantling and joist at $11.50, and [illegible] lath at $[illegible]; sold by Maxwell & Co.

Cargo of schr Maple Leaf, from Pentwater, [illegible] scantling and joist at $12.00; sold by Maxwell & Co.

Cargo of schr Antares, from Grand Haven, [illegible] inferior mixed, at $11.50; sold by S. A. Irish.

Cargo of scow Sahms, from Grand River, [illegible] common mixed, at $11.50; sold by S. A. Irish.

AT THE YARDS.

The aggregate demand was large, and a very firm feeling prevailed, the prices realized being about the same as on the preceding days of the week. We quote:

[illegible]

The demand was fair and prices steady.

A or star-sawed [illegible]

No. 1, sawed [illegible]

Thickness—Five shingles to be two inches in thickness.

Length—Sixteen inches.

Butts—Twenty inches.

$3.00 per car load added when transferred, which charge follows the shingles.

CHICAGO DAILY MARKET.

THURSDAY EVENING, May 27.

Sales of grain, flour and provisions will be found under the head of "Commercial," and the grain in all cases sold subject to the usual charges for storage, unless otherwise expressed.

BUTTER—Received, 25,918 lbs; shipped, none. Trade was dull to-day, and but for choice qualities prices ruled weak and irregular. There was very little doing on shipping account, and only a moderate demand for home consumption. The stocks are large and increasing, and the market has a downward look. We quote: Choice dairy, 27@28c; fair to good tub and firkin, [illegible] [illegible]

BAGGING—Business in this department continues very quiet, but the stocks are not large, and, with the prospect of a good demand by and by, dealers are firm in their views, and are not urging sales. We quote: Stark, 53c; Lewiston, 52c; Ludlow A, [illegible]; Park Pen, 45c; Ontario, 50c; Great Falls, 49c; American A, 49c; Androscoggin, 50c; Union A, 50c; gunnies, [illegible]; burlaps, [illegible]

BRAN—Sales of 10 tons at $15.00 on track.

BROOM CORN—Received, 14,109 lbs; shipped, none. The demand was meagre, yet prices ruled firm, at a range of $[illegible] per ton, as to quality and condition. The supply is exceedingly light.

BEANS—Continue in light demand at former prices of $1.00@3.00 per bu.

CHEESE—The demand for choice continues moderate, being confined to small orders to meet current wants, but with no considerable increase in the supply, prices remain steady and firm at the annexed quotations: New York factory, old, [illegible]; do new, [illegible]; Illinois factory, [illegible]; Western Reserve, [illegible]

COAL—No change has as yet taken place in the market value of this commodity. There was a moderate demand to-day, and the following figures were current: Lehigh, prepared, $13.00@14.00; Lehigh, lump, $13.00; Lackawanna, Scranton, and Pittston, $12.00; Blossburg, $9.00; Erie and Briar Hill, $9.00; Chippewa, Mineral Ridge and Willow Bank, $[illegible]; Illinois coal, $6.00@6.50, according to quality.

COFFEE—There was no material improvement in the demand for this line of goods, and there was fully that could be expected, and quotations were fully sustained. We quote: Java, [illegible]; O. G. Java, [illegible]; Rio, [illegible] roasting, [illegible]; common Rio, [illegible]; fair to good, [illegible]; prime to choice, [illegible]

CANDLES—The market was quiet and firm at former quotations: [illegible]

EGGS—Were in fair request at [illegible] per doz.

FRUITS AND NUTS—Lemons are in better demand, at [illegible]. Oranges scarce and firm at [illegible]. Apples are about out of the market, and quotations are purely nominal at [illegible] per barrel. Strawberries were plenty and sold at [illegible] per quart, according to quality and condition. There was a very fair movement in dried fruits and prices were steady and generally firm. Nuts remain quiet and unchanged. We quote:

GREEN FRUITS.

Apples, ⅌ brl	[illegible]
Lemons	[illegible]
Oranges	[illegible]

DRIED FRUITS.

Turkey prunes	[illegible]
French prunes	[illegible]
Figs, drums	[illegible]
Currants	[illegible]
Dates, new	[illegible]
Canned peaches, ⅌ box, 2 lb cans	[illegible]
Apples, Eastern	[illegible]
Apples, Southern	[illegible]
Apples, Michigan	[illegible]
Peaches, halves	[illegible]
Peaches, quarters	[illegible]
Peaches, mixed	[illegible]
Blackberries	[illegible]
Raspberries	[illegible]
Cherries, pitted	[illegible]
Cherries, unpitted, imported	[illegible]
Raisins, layers	[illegible]
Raisins, seedless, 50 lb mats	[illegible]

NUTS.

Almonds, soft-shelled	[illegible]
Almonds, paper-shelled, Princess	[illegible]
Peanuts	[illegible]
Pecans, Texas	[illegible]
Pecans, Missouri	[illegible]
Brazil	[illegible]
French walnuts	[illegible]
Filberts	[illegible]

FISH—The demand continues active, and prices continue firm all around. Whitefish and trout are in ample supply, but salt water fish are scarce. We quote as follows:

Whitefish, No. 1, ½ brl	[illegible]
Whitefish, No. 2, ½ brl	[illegible]
Trout, No. 1, ½ brl	[illegible]
Mackerel, No. 1, ½ brl	[illegible]
Mackerel, No. 2, ½ brl	[illegible]
Mackerel, large family, ½ brl	[illegible]
Mackerel, No. 1, kits	[illegible]
Mackerel, extra mess, ½ brl	[illegible]
Mackerel, extra mess, kits	[illegible]
George's Bank codfish, 100 lbs	[illegible]
Grand bank codfish	[illegible]
No 1 box herring	[illegible]
Pickled herring, No. 1, brl	[illegible]
Pickled herring, No. 2	[illegible]
Labrador herring	[illegible]
Labrador herring, ½ brls	[illegible]
Smoked halibut, ⅌ 100 lbs	[illegible]

GREASE—Sales of 100 tcs white at 14½c; 54 tcs yellow at 11c; 10 tcs brown at 10c; 25 tcs mixed at 10½c.

HAY—Prices continue firm, under a good demand, and we report our quotations as follows: Timothy, roller and beater pressed, $17.00@18.00; timothy, loose pressed, $17.50@18.50; prairie, roller and beater pressed, $12.00@13.00; prairie, loose pressed, $12.50@13.00; timothy, loose on wagon, $[illegible]; prairie, loose on wagon, $[illegible]. For delivering, $1.00@1.50 per ton is asked.

HIDES—Received, 44,643 lbs; shipped, 31,900 lbs. There was a fair movement in all desirable offerings were readily taken—and at full prices. We continue to quote: Green butchers', [illegible]; green salted, cured, light, [illegible]; green salted, cured, heavy, [illegible]; green salted, part cured, [illegible]; green calf, [illegible]; green kip, [illegible]; dry flint, [illegible]; dry salted, [illegible]; grubby and damaged, two-thirds price; branded hides, 10 per cent off.

IRON AND STEEL—There was an urgent demand for iron to-day, and prices ruled firm and unchanged:

Horse-shoe iron	[illegible]
Horse-shoe iron	[illegible]
Heavy band	[illegible]
Hoop and light band	[illegible]
Round and square	[illegible]
Oval	[illegible]
Half oval and half round	[illegible]
Sheet iron, common	[illegible]
Sheet iron, galvanized	[illegible]
Sheet iron, charcoal	[illegible]
Sheet iron, Russia	[illegible]
Norway nail rods	[illegible]
Plow steel, German	[illegible]
Jessop's plow steel	[illegible]
Bessemer plow steel	[illegible]
Spring and tire steel, German	[illegible]

LEATHER—Was in fair demand, and prices ruled steady and uniform. The stocks are generally reported light, and there is no disposition to urge sales save at full rates. The following are the prices current:

HEMLOCK.

City harness, union	[illegible]
City harness	[illegible]
Country harness	[illegible]
Kip, city	[illegible]
Kip, No. 1	[illegible]
City upper, No. 1, ⅌ ft	[illegible]
Country upper, No. 1	[illegible]
Collar, No. 1, ⅌ ft	[illegible]
Calf	[illegible]
Rough upper	[illegible]
Rough upper	[illegible]
Buffalo slaughter sole	[illegible]
Buenos Ayres, S. W.	[illegible]
Buenos Ayres sole, O. W.	[illegible]

OAK.

Slaughter sole	[illegible]
Philadelphia sole	[illegible]
Harness, ⅌ lb	[illegible]
Kip, light	[illegible]
Kip, No. 1, medium	[illegible]
Kip, heavy	[illegible]
American calf	[illegible]
French calf	[illegible]
French calf	[illegible]
French calf	[illegible]
French calf, Lemoine, ⅌ doz	[illegible]
French calf, Jodot	[illegible]

METALS AND TINNERS' STOCKS—Very few changes transpired in this market to-day. The volume of business transacted was tolerably large, and as the stocks are in good condition, prices are fully sustained. We quote as follows:

TIN.

Box tin plate, I C, 10x14	$13.50
Roofing tin, I C	[illegible]
Large pigs	[illegible]
Small pigs	[illegible]
Bar tin	[illegible]

COPPER.

Metallic, all bot	[illegible]
Copper bottoms	[illegible]
Braziers, over 12 lbs	[illegible]
Tinned copper	[illegible]

BABBITT METAL.

First quality	[illegible]
Antimony	[illegible]
Fine solder	[illegible]

SHEET ZINC.

First quality, cask	[illegible]
First quality, sheet	[illegible]
Slab	[illegible]

WIRE.

[illegible]

RUSSIA.

[illegible]

NAILS—There was about the usual amount of activity in the demand for Nails, and rates were firm:

[illegible]

OILS—Carbon was dull at [illegible]. Linseed [illegible] raw and steady at $1.20@1.22 for raw, [illegible] main quiet and unchanged. We quote: Carbon oil, [illegible]; linseed, raw, $1.12; linseed, boiled, $1.17; lard oil, extra winter, [illegible]; No. 1, [illegible]; sperm, [illegible]; whale, [illegible]; elephant, [illegible]; turpentine, [illegible]; lubricating oil, [illegible]; cocoanut oil, [illegible]; castor oil, [illegible]; neatsfoot, [illegible]

POULTRY—Sales of young chickens at $2.75@3.00 per doz; do old at $4.00; turkeys [illegible]

GAME—Sales of [illegible]

POTATOES—[illegible]

RICE—[illegible] fair extent at the appended range of prices: Patna, [illegible]; Arracan, [illegible]; Carolina, [illegible]

SOAPS—The market for soaps was fairly active and firm at the following quotations:

Kirk's German Mottled	[illegible]
Kirk's pure olive extra	[illegible]
Kirk's Northwestern	[illegible]
J. Schneider & Co.'s palm	[illegible]
Procter & Gamble's German mottled	[illegible]
American Castile	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]

SUGARS—[illegible] slight reduction in granulated [illegible] New Orleans [illegible]; prime to choice, [illegible]; Cuba, [illegible]; Porto Rico, [illegible]; powdered, crushed and granulated, [illegible]; New York white refined A, [illegible]; do white circle A, [illegible]; do B, [illegible]; extra C, [illegible]

SYRUPS—Business in this department was fairly active, and the views of dealers were generally unchanged. New Orleans molasses, [illegible]; Philadelphia golden syrup, [illegible]; silver drips, [illegible]; Cuba molasses, [illegible]; New York extra C. H. syrup, [illegible]; Maryland bee hive, [illegible]

TALLOW—The market was quiet but firm at yesterday's prices.

STARCH—[illegible] common corn, [illegible]; pure, [illegible]; silver gloss, [illegible]; pure laundry, [illegible]; Oswego corn, [illegible]; Peoria crystal, [illegible]; Peoria corn, [illegible]

SPICES—The aggregate demand for this article was fair, and dealers are realizing former prices: [illegible]

SODA AND SALERATUS—The market to-day presented the same general features as on yesterday. Trade was quiet, and prices were steady as follows: [illegible]

SALT—Received, none; shipped, [illegible]. There was no material improvement in the demand for this article, but a steady feeling prevailed, and quotations were without essential change. Fine, ⅌ brl, $2.10; coarse, ⅌ brl, $2.30; solar, ⅌ brl, $2.30; dairy, with bags, [illegible]; without bags, [illegible]; Ashton dairy, with bags, $4.75.

SEEDS—Received, 24,290 lbs; shipped, 19,740. Sales were confined to the following: MILLET—10 bags choice at 80c; 20 bu at 70c. FLAX—[illegible]

TEAS—There was a moderately active demand for this line of goods and dealers were realizing the following quotations: Young Hyson, common to fair, [illegible]; do, fair to good, [illegible]; do, fine and extra choice, [illegible]; superior to fine imperial, [illegible]; choice to extra fine to fine imperial, [illegible]; good to fine Japan, [illegible] natural leaf Japan, [illegible]; [illegible]; colored natural leaf Japan, [illegible]; choice to extra choice, [illegible] fine gunpowder, [illegible]

TALLOW—Sales of 2 brls at 10¼c; 1 brl at 10¼c; [illegible]

TOBACCO—Remains quiet and steady at the prices given below:

FINE CUT CHEWING.

Extra	[illegible]
Choice	[illegible]
Medium	[illegible]
Common	[illegible]

SMOKING.

Choice	[illegible]
Medium	[illegible]
Common stems	[illegible]

PLUG.

Natural leaf	[illegible]
Half bright	[illegible]
Black, sound	[illegible]
Choice black, guaranteed, [illegible]	[illegible]

WOOD—Was in demand, and prices ruled steady at the following range: Beech, [illegible]; maple, [illegible]; hickory, [illegible]; slabs, [illegible]

WOOL—Received, 2,343 lbs; shipped, 4,090 lbs. The demand was a trifle larger and prices were firmer. We continue to quote as follows:

Tub-washed, extra clean	[illegible]
Tub-washed, common	[illegible]
Fleece XX, good condition, light	[illegible]
Fleece XX, bad condition, heavy	[illegible]
Fleece X, good condition, light	[illegible]
Fleece X, bad condition, heavy	[illegible]
Fleece, medium, good condition, light	[illegible]
Fleece, medium, bad condition, heavy	[illegible]
Fleece, coarse, light and clean	[illegible]
Fleece, coarse, dingy and clean	[illegible]
Fleece, unwashed, fine	[illegible]
Fleece, unwashed, coarse	[illegible]
Dingy and unsightly lots	[illegible]

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Foreign Markets.

FINANCIAL.

LONDON, May 27—Evening.

Consols, 93⅛; 5-20s, 79⅝. Stocks easier; Erie, 19¾; Illinois Central, 95⅛; Atlantic & Great Western, 31¾. The bullion in the Bank of England has increased £373,000.

FRANKFORT, May 27.

5-20s, 86⅝.

COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, May 27—5 p. m.

Lard, 67s. Rest unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, May 27—Evening.

Cotton—Middling uplands, 11⅛d; Orleans, 11⅜d. Sales 15,000 bales. Breadstuffs quiet. California white wheat at 9s 7d; red Western at 8s 7d. Corn, mixed, at 27s 6d. Oats at 3s 4d. Barley at 5s. Peas at 38s 6d. Pork at 96s. Beef at 90s. Lard at 67s. Cheese at 75s. Bacon at 59s. Spirits petroleum at 6s 4d; refined at 1s 8½d.

LONDON, May 27.

Fine rosin, 15s. Linseed cakes, £10. Linseed oil, £31 15s.

ANTWERP, May 27.

Petroleum quiet at 49¼ francs.

HAVRE, May 27.

Cotton dull and unchanged.

Ocean Freights.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, May 27.

FREIGHTS—142,000 bu wheat at [illegible] to Liverpool, and [illegible] to Queenstown; 3,500 brls flour at 2s to Liverpool, and [illegible] to London.

The Produce Markets.

TOLEDO.

TOLEDO, O., May 27.—BREADSTUFFS—Flour quiet and steady. Wheat—Amber opened 1c lower and closed with the decline recovered; $1.37 for spot; $1.36½ for seller June; white Michigan, $1.43; No. 1 red, $1.35. Corn quiet and unchanged; No. 1, 68c; No. 2, 66½c. Oats 1c lower; No. 1, 63c. Rye dull and nominally unchanged. Barley nominal.

RECEIPTS—4,100 brls flour, 12,600 bu wheat, 22,600 bu corn, 4,600 bu oats, 500 bu rye.

SHIPMENTS—1,600 brls flour, 6,000 bu wheat, 3,300 bu corn, 5,600 bu oats.

MILWAUKEE.

MILWAUKEE, May 27.—BREADSTUFFS—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat steady at $1.13½ for No. 1; $1.11½ for No. 2. Oats dull and nominally lower at 55c for No. 2. Corn dull and lower at 60c for new. Rye dull and nominal. Barley unchanged.

GRAIN FREIGHTS—Active and firm at 5½c for wheat to Buffalo; 10½c to Oswego.

RECEIPTS—4,500 brls flour; 104,000 bu wheat; 4,000 bu oats.

SHIPMENTS—Last brls flour; 31,000 bu wheat.

6 P. M.—Wheat steady at $1.16 for No. 1 in store; $1.12 for No. 2 do; seller June, $1.11.

CLEVELAND.

CLEVELAND, May 27.—BREADSTUFFS—Flour market dull, unsettled and irregular. Wheat dull and decidedly lower; No. 1 red winter offered freely at $1.55; No. 2 do at $1.50; No. 1 Milwaukee spring at $1.30. Corn—Market comparatively firm, owing to light receipts; held at 75c for No. 1 mixed; No. 2 do at 73c; prime yellow, 75c. Oats steady and unchanged; sales of a few cars No. 1 State at 63c. Rye dull and inactive. Barley nominal.

PETROLEUM—Dull and lower. Market unsettled; refined, [illegible] in round lots; small lots to the trade, [illegible] advance.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, May 27.—BREADSTUFFS—Flour dull; family at $6.75@6.90. Wheat dull; No. 1, $1.25; No. 2, [illegible]. Corn and oats unchanged. Rye dull at $1.25@1.28, and the demand light.

COTTON—Quiet but firm at [illegible] for

TOBACCO—Firm and in good demand; sales 174 hhds at $4.90@18.50.

WHISKEY—Held at $1.02@1.03, but buyers at the close offered only $1.00.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork and lard unchanged; nothing of importance done. A good demand for bulk meats, at 13¾@16c, but they were held at 13¾@16¾c, which checked business. Bacon in demand at 15c, 17⅜c and 18c, but held ¼c higher at the close.

BUTTER—Plenty, and prices declining, closing at 25@28c.

EGGS—Scarce and wanted at 15c.

MONETARY—Gold, 138⅛ buying. Exchange dull at par discount to par buying. Money market quiet at 9@10 per cent.

MEMPHIS.

MEMPHIS, May 27.—COTTON—Quiet at 27½c for uplands. Receipts, 160 bales; exports, 111 bales.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour quiet at $5.00@8.25. Corn, [illegible]. Oats, [illegible].

PROVISIONS—Pork, $32.50. Lard, [illegible]. Bacon firm; shoulders, 15½c; sides, 17¾c. Bulk meats dull, shoulders, 12¼c; sides, 15¾c.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, May 27.—TOBACCO—Active; 205 hhds sold to-day at prices ranging from $5.00 to $14.75.

COTTON—Quiet; low middlings at 25½c.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour quiet; superfine, $4.75@5.25. Wheat quiet and weak at $1.35@1.45. Corn firm; shelled in bulk, 69@70c. Oats firm at 70@72c. Rye quiet at $1.35@1.40.

HAY—Quiet but firm at $22.50 on levee.

PROVISIONS—Pork firm at $31.50@32.00. Bacon—Shoulders, 13¾@13½c; clear rib sides, 16¾@17c; clear sides, 17¼@17½c. Hams firmer at 19¾c.

WHISKEY—Raw quoted at $1.00@1.10, but none in market.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, May 27.—TOBACCO—Steady and unchanged.

COTTON—Small sales of low grades at 24@26c.

HEMP—Unchanged, with sales of undressed at $130.00@140.00.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour dull, with only a small local demand; superfine sold at $4.25@4.50 the latter for choice fall; $4.85@5.00 for extra spring XX and fancy club, $7.00@7.50 for X.X.X. Wheat lower and irregular. Barley—No. 2 in sacks sold at $1.06½; No. 1 in elevator, $1.16; fair to choice fall, $1.35@1.42; strictly choice and fancy, $1.60@1.75. Corn—Receipts active and higher, but low grades dull and lower; mixed in bulk 61@62c; mixed in sacks, 69@74c; yellow, 72@73c; white, 69@71c. Oats dull and lower at 64@66c. Rye firm at $1.20@1.23. Barley dull and lower at $1.65 for Minnesota spring.

WHISKEY—Slow at $1.00.

PROVISIONS—Very firm, and dry salt meats active, but only moderate business in other articles. Heavy mess pork sold at $32.00. Dry salt shoulders, loose, 13c; ham, 19c; clear rib sides, loose, 16c. Bacon—Shoulders, 14½c; clear rib sides, 17½c; clear sides, 17¾c; sugar-cured hams, 20c. Lard held firmly, with small sales of choice at 19c.

RECEIPTS—Flour, 2,700 brls; wheat, 6,950 bu; corn, 125,000 bu; oats, 5,300 bu; hogs, 1,300.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, May 27.—COTTON—A shade firmer; sales 2,500 bales at 28¾c for middling uplands.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour—Receipts, 17,544 brls; opened steady and heavy and in favor of buyers; 5,000 brls at $5.35@5.80 for superfine State and Western; $5.90@6.50 for extra State; $5.75@6.40 for extra Western; $6.70@7.20 for white wheat extra; $6.70@7.30 for round hoop Ohio; $7.00@8.00 for extra St. Louis; $8.00@10.50 for good to choice do; included in the sales were 500 brls extra State for export. Rye flour quiet; sales 150 brls at $4.75@6.75. Corn meal heavy; sales 400 brls Brandywine at $4.75. Wheat—Receipts, 52,366 bu; market 1@2c lower for spring and steady for winter; sales 75,000 bu at $1.40@1.41½ for No. 2 spring delivered; $1.44 for No. 1 do delivered; $1.40 for winter red Illinois; $1.60 for choice amber Michigan; $1.65@1.70 for white California; $1.57 for amber Canada, in bond. Rye quiet; sales 1,200 bu Western at $1.25. Barley malt nominal. Corn—Receipts, 36,747 bu; 1@2c lower; sales 58,000 bu at 70@78c for damaged new mixed Western; 79@80c for sound do; 80c for Western yellow; 81c for old mixed Western, in store. Oats—Receipts, 28,225 bu; unsettled and heavy, closing firmer; sales 89,000 bu at 74@76c for Western, afloat; 74@75c for State, closing at the latter price.

GROCERIES—Were dull. Coffee firm. Sugar quiet; sales 89 hhds Cuba at 11@12½c. Molasses firm and quiet.

PETROLEUM—Quiet at 15c for crude; 30½c for refined.

HOPS—15@25c for American.

LINSEED OIL—Steady at $1.07@1.08.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Heavy at 44@45c.

PROVISIONS—Pork heavy and lower; sales 775 brls at $31.15 for new mess, closing at $31.00 cash; $31.00 for old do; $24.50@26.00 for prime; $28.75@29.75 for prime mess; also 250 brls new mess, buyer June, at $31.50. Beef steady; sales 200 brls at $11.00@16.00 for new extra mess. Tierce beef dull; sales 25 tcs at $20.00@28.00 for prime mess. [illegible] for India mess. Beef hams steady; sales 230 brls at $28.00@31.50. Cut meats heavy; sales 340 pkgs at 13½@14c for shoulders, 15½@18c for hams. Middles lower; sales 100 boxes long clear, short ribbed and Stratford at about 16c. Lard steady; sales 476 tcs at 17¾@18½c for steam; 18½@18¾c for kettle rendered; also 50 tcs steam, seller July, at 18c. Butter quiet at 20@35c for Ohio; 28@40c for State. Cheese steady at 10@22½c.

FREIGHTS—To Liverpool—Firmer, with engagements for 55,000 bu wheat at 2½d per sail, and 7d per steam.

LATEST—5 P. M.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour closed dull and 5c lower. Wheat dull and in lower; unchanged and steady for Western. Rye dull and heavy at $1.25 for Western. Oats firm at 74@76c for Western, afloat. Corn dull and heavy at 79c for Western, afloat, and 79@80c for sound new mixed Western.

PROVISIONS—Pork dull at $31.00 for new mess. Beef quiet and unchanged. Cut meats dull. Bacon moderately active at lower prices in favor of buyers. Lard steady at 17@18¾c for fair to prime steam.

EGGS—Dull at 18@20c.

WHISKEY—Nominally lower; $1.03 for Western, free.

BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, May 27.—BREADSTUFFS—Flour quiet and steady; Western superfine at $4.75@5.25; extra at $5.50@7.25; family at $7.25@8.50. Wheat dull and lower; choice valley red at $1.80. Corn active; prices lower; white at 85@87c; yellow at 90c. Oats dull and lower; sales of white at 73@75c. Rye dull at $1.40.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork firm at $32.50. Bacon active and firm; rib sides, 17¼@17½c; clear sides, 17¾@18c; hams, 19@20c. Lard quiet at 19c.

WHISKEY—Scarce at $1.03; no sales.

PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, May 27.—BREADSTUFFS—Flour dull. Wheat neglected; red, $1.47@1.55; amber, $1.60. Rye declined to $1.37@1.38. Corn—Yellow scarce; mixed Western, 84@86c. Oats declined to 77@80c for Western.

PETROLEUM—Dull and lower; crude, 20c; sales 2,000 brls refined at 32c.

PROVISIONS AND WHISKEY—Unchanged.

BUFFALO.

BUFFALO, May 27.—BREADSTUFFS—Receipts of Wheat, 36,000 bu; corn, 4,000 bu; oats, 13,600 bu; flour, 3,000 brls. Shipments—Wheat, 63,000 bu; corn, 5,000 bu; oats, 22,000 bu. Freights—Wheat, 12c; corn, 11c; oats, 10c to New York. Flour—Inactive. Wheat—A shade easier; little here; sales 18,000 bu No. 2 Milwaukee club at $1.24, and 8,000 bu at $1.23½ all to arrive; white and amber neglected; No. 1 Ohio nominal. Corn dull; few samples on 'Change; sales 18,000 bu, [illegible] at 67@70c, according to quality and condition. Oats dull and weaker; sales 8,000 bu to arrive, and at 64c for Chicago, and 62c for Milwaukee, all afloat. Rye nominal. Ohio and Illinois. Barley nominal. Peas nominally $1.30.

PROVISIONS—Pork, $31.50. Lard, [illegible]

HIGHWINES—No demand, quoted at $1.00.

OSWEGO.

OSWEGO, May 27.—BREADSTUFFS—Flour [illegible] and unchanged. Wheat quiet; sales 4,500 bu No. 1 Milwaukee club at $1.39. Corn quiet; small sales of new [illegible] at 81c. Oats scarce and nominal. Barley in fair demand; [illegible] at 75c [illegible]

CANAL FREIGHTS—Wheat, 9c; corn, 7½c; rye, 8c to New York.

CANAL RATES to Albany [illegible]

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Port of Chicago.

ARRIVED . . . . . May 27.

Stmr Alpena, Muskegon, no cargo.

Stmr Comet, St. Joseph, 28 brls flour, sundries.

Prop Van Raalte, St. Joseph, 20 brl potatoes, sundries.

Prop Skylark, South Haven, 25 m lumber, sundries.

Prop St. Joseph, St. Joseph, 2 cds ties.

Prop Sheboygan, Brown's Pier, 120 cds wood, 40 m lumber.

Prop G. Warrington, Muskegon, 300 m lumber.

Prop Allegheny, Traverse City, 150 m lumber, 70 brls [illegible]

Prop Philadelphia, Buffalo, 340 tons pig iron, 40 brls [illegible]

Prop Empire State, Buffalo, [illegible] brls fish, sundries.

Brig Lady Clark, Buffalo, 418 tons coal.

Bark Orkney, Buffalo, 400 tons coal.

Bark Venice, Buffalo, 700 tons coal.

Bark E. G. Mason, Cleveland, 500 tons coal.

Bark Norman, Oconto, 175 m lumber, 90 m lath, 45 m pickets.

Bark Sunrise, Bay City, 300 m lumber.

Bark Ravenna, Bay City, 230 m lumber.

Schr Fourth Hyder, Erie, 150 tons coal.

Schr Minnie Sherwood, Erie, 360 tons coal.

Schr Cambridge, Bay City, 70 m lumber, 4,100 brls salt.

Schr Mayflower, Bay City, 240 m lumber.

Schr Mariposa, Oswego, 325 tons coal.

Schr D. E. Martin, Ste. Rapides, 40 cds wood.

Schr Cornelia, Sahms, 150 m lumber, 76 m lath.

Schr Wm. Sanderson, Sturgeon Bay, 90 m lumber, 400 m shingles.

Schr Queen of the West, Washington Island, 3,000 posts, 200 telegraph poles.

Schr Zephyr, Portage Lake, 60 m lumber, 75 m shingles, 60 m lath.

Schr Forest, Green Bay, 130 cds wood.

Schr Friends, Ludington, 180 m lumber.

Schr C. Hibbard, [illegible], 80 cds wood.

Schr Australia, White River, 175 m lumber.

Schr A. J. Roberts, Grand Haven, 110 m lumber.

Schr Antares, Grand Haven, 110 m lumber.

Schr W. A. Hinsdale, White Lake, 65 cds bolts.

Schr Bob Roy, White Lake, 65 m lumber.

Schr Seneca Chief, Manistee, 200 m lumber.

Schr J. P. Mason, Manistee, 140 m lumber.

Schr P. Hannah, Oconto, 125 m lumber, 40 m lath.

Schr Collingwood, Oconto, 200 m lumber, 10 m lath.

Schr Lookout, Menominee, 160 m lumber.

Schr Wm. Sanders, Byrne's Inlet, 100 m lumber.

Schr Pandora, Pensaukee, [illegible] m lumber.

Schr Tri-Color, Holland, 50 m staves.

Scow G. C. Butts, South Muskegon, 114 m staves, 10 m lath.

Scow L. Painter, Saugatuck, 1,800 ties.

Scow Mermaid, White Lake, 80 m lumber, 15 m lath.

Scow Mary Ellen, White Lake, 60 m lumber.

Scow Laurel, White Lake, 1,300 ties.

Scow Fanny, White River, 45 m lumber, 60 m lath.

Scow Ocean Mary, Clapper's Pier, 40 cds wood.

Prop New Era, Grand Haven, 20 m lumber, 27 m heading, 30 m staves.

Brig Empire State, Bay City, 295 m lumber.

Bark Bridgewater, Buffalo, 750 tons coal.

[illegible]

Schr Minnie Williams, Erie, [illegible] tons coal.

Schr Wauseon, Erie, 400 tons coal.

Schr A. P. Grover, Cleveland, 400 tons coal.

Schr Gamecock, Bailey's Harbor, 130 cds wood.

Schr Catchpole, Jacksonport, 105 cds wood.

Schr Ebenezer, Manitowoc, 70 cds wood.

Schr Union, Grand Haven, 75 cds wood.

Schr W. G. Cone, Pentwater, 100 m shingles, 100 telegraph poles.

Schr G. Knapp, Green Bay, 1,300 m shingles.

Schr Levant, Muskegon, 110 m lumber.

Schr Z. G. Simmons, Muskegon, 190 m lumber.

Schr Fashion, Muskegon, 135 m lumber, 30 m lath.

Schr Minerva, Muskegon, 120 m lumber, 26 m lath.

Schr D. Newhall, Muskegon, 125 m lumber, 30 m lath.

Schr H. C. Ford, Muskegon, 110 m lumber.

Schr Magnolia, Muskegon, 100 m lumber, 30 m lath.

Schr M. Mitchell, Muskegon, 130 m lumber.

Schr Memento, Muskegon, 80 m lumber, 125 m lath.

Schr Madison, Grand Haven, 75 m lumber, 34 m staves.

Schr Ethan Allen, Menominee, 200 m lumber.

Schr Belle, Manitowoc, 80 m lumber, 30 m lath.

Schr Wm. Aldrich, Oconto, 130 m lumber.

Schr Vanderbilt, Menominee, 160 m lumber, 4 m lath.

Schr J. B. Pomeroy, Duncan City, 185 m lumber.

Schr Lumberman, Muskegon, 160 m lumber, 1 m lath.

Schr Columbian, Bay City, 300 m lumber.

Schr Brooklyn, East Saginaw, 1,500 brls salt.

Schr George Steel, Sturgeon Bay, 240 m lumber.

Schr San Jacinto, Bay City, 100 m lumber.

Schr W. Crane, Each [illegible], 200 m lumber, 10 m lath.

Schr Granite, Buffalo, 600 tons coal.

Schr Skylark, Buffalo, 500 tons coal.

Schr Amaranth, Cleveland, 400 tons coal, 55 tons pig iron.

Brig H. M. Standart, Cleveland, 525 tons coal.

Schr Genesee, Cleveland, 375 tons coal.

Schr Sasco, Traverse Bay, 200 cds wood.

Scow Granger, Saugatuck, 75 cds wood.

Scow A. Frederick, McDonald's Pier, 60 cds wood.

Scow A. Frederick, Pentwater, 1,300 ties.

Scow Milton, White Lake, 70 m lumber, 30 m shingles.

Schr Wm. Bates, Alpena, 54 m lath, 51 m pickets.

Schr Wyoming, Grand Haven, 140 m lumber, 38 m lath.

Barge [illegible] Allen, Grand Haven, 145 m lumber, 2 m pickets.

Prop Lady Franklin, Green Bay, 395 m shingles, 114 brls fish and sundries.

Prop City of Toledo, Ogdensburgh, sundries.

Bark Ottawa Board of Trade, Bay City, 352 m lumber, 75 m lath.

Bark Col. Ellsworth, Buffalo, 340 m lumber.

Bark Two Fannies, Alpena, 400 m lumber.

Bark Dennison, Cleveland, 534 tons coal.

Bark Pomona, Cleveland, 750 tons coal.

Bark Pensaukee, Cleveland, 400 tons coal.

Schr John Wesley, Oswego, 503 tons coal.

Schr Bruce, Oswego, 350 tons coal.

Brig O. J. [illegible], Menominee, 215 m lumber, [illegible]

Schr G. [illegible], Manistee, 15 m lumber.

Schr M. Dall, Manistee, 100 m lumber.

Schr Salina, Grand Haven, 65 m lumber, 5 m pickets.

Schr C. H. Hackley, Pensaukee, 180 m lumber, 90 m lath, 10 m pickets.

Schr Metropolis, Bay City, 2,500 brls salt.

Schr Sarah, Ludington, 120 m lumber.

Schr Rich. Mott, Oconto, 100 m lumber.

Schr [illegible] Bay, Menominee, 240 m lumber, 10 m lath.

Schr [illegible], Menominee, [illegible]

Schr E. Foster, Pentwater, 2,100 ties.

Schr Island City, Pentwater, 1,100 ties.

Schr J. A. Travis, Pentwater, 40 m lumber, 200 m shingles.

Schr Advance, Muskegon, [illegible] lumber, 20 m lath.

Schr Wm. Tell, Muskegon, 100 m lumber, 68 m lath.

Schr Rosa Belle, Muskegon, 110 m lumber, 40 m lath.

Schr Idaho, Muskegon, 120 m lumber, 15 m lath.

Schr Seventh Ohio, Muskegon, [illegible] lumber, [illegible] lath.

Schr Mary, Muskegon, [illegible]

Schr Kate E. Howard, Holland, 2,000 ties.

Schr M. Rand, Hitchcock's Pier, 4,800 posts.

Schr Denmark, Jacksonport, 9,000 posts.

Schr Helen Blood, Jacksonport, 2,000 ties.

Schr Flora, St. Martin's Island, 55 cds wood.

Schr George Ranchman, 75 cds wood.

Schr Gen. Lewis, Pier, 60 cds wood.

Schr Hero, Saugatuck, 40 cds wood.

Scow Mandalena, South Haven, 50 cds wood.

Scow New Star, Grand Haven, 50 cds wood.

Scow Sea Nymph, White Lake, 60 m lumber, 15 m lath.

Scow Orion, White Lake, 65 m lumber.

Scow George Irving, White Lake, [illegible] m lumber, 30 m lath.

Scow Lem [illegible], Manistee, 140 m lumber.

Scow Planet, Saugatuck, 80 m lumber.

Scow John Little, Holland, 30 m staves, 45 cds wood.

Schr S. G. Andrews, Manistee, 125 m lumber.

Schr Kate Lyons, Grand Haven, 75 m lumber, 28 m lath.

Schr S. A. Johnson, Saugatuck, 90 m lumber.

Schr E. L. Whitman, Muskegon, 115 m lumber.

Schr Little Belle, Muskegon, 185 m lumber.

Schr Montana, Traverse City, 245 m lumber.

Schr Morning Star, Cleveland, 353 tons coal.

Schr Mahoning, Cleveland, 452 tons coal.

Schr General Sigel, Two Rivers, 125 m lumber, 66 m lath.

Schr Jo. Vilas, Jacksonport, 2,000 posts.

Schr Mary Nau, Green Bay, 540 shingles.

Schr Frank D. Barker, Bay City, 220 m lumber.

Schr Hurd J. Warner, Cleveland, 333 tons coal.

Schr S. A. Wood, Erie, 314 tons coal.

Bark Grace Greenwood, Erie, 400 tons coal.

Bark Bridgewater, Buffalo, 400 tons coal.

Bark Keystone, Buffalo, 600 tons coal.

Brig Bay City, East Saginaw, 125 m lumber, 20 m lath, 1,200 brls salt.

Schr H. Fitzhugh, Oswego, 1,000 brls salt.

CLEARED . . . . . May 27.

Stmr Alpena, Muskegon, 1,600 bu corn and sundries.

Stmr Comet, St. Joseph, sundries.

Prop St. Joseph, St. Joseph, sundries.

Prop Skylark, South Haven, 100 brls flour and sundries.

Prop Brooklyn, Ogdensburgh, 100 brls flour and sundries.

Prop Bradbury, Buffalo, 150 brls flour, 19,184 bu corn.

Schr J. B. Hartzell, Oswego, 15,500 bu wheat.

Schr Montana, Oswego, 17,700 bu wheat.

Schr Milton, White Lake, 600 bu wheat.

Schr Portland, Kingston, 17,724 bu wheat.

Schr Ebenezer, Grand Haven, 400 bu corn.

Schr Catchpole, Jackson Point, 500 bu oats.

Prop New Era, Grand Haven, 25 bu salt.

Schr Montana, Oswego, no cargo.

Schr Sunrise, Buffalo, 22,500 bu oats.

Bark Favorite, Buffalo, no cargo.

Bark James C. King, Buffalo, 20,713 bu oats.

Schr Lyman Casey, Buffalo, 30,000 bu corn.

Bark [illegible], Milwaukee, no cargo.

Bark British Lion, Milwaukee, no cargo.

Illinois and Michigan Canal.

BRIDGEPORT, May 27.

CLEARED—W. A. Steel, Joliet, light; York State, La Salle, 101 85 ft lumber; North Star, Spring Lake, 76,000 ft lumber, 5,000 lath; [illegible]; Dictator, St. Louis, 124,300 ft lumber; Arabia, Lemont, light; Planet, Lemont, light.

ARRIVED—Ocean Spray, Ottawa, 5,664 bu corn; Contest, Morris, 4,800 bu corn; [illegible]; H. Walker, Lemont, 75 yds stone; [illegible]; Advance, Lemont, 83 yds stone; Col. Manning, Lemont, [illegible] yds stone; [illegible]; Maple Leaf, Joliet, light.

BRIDGEPORT, May 27—6 p. m.

CLEARED—S. & T., Lemont, light; H. G. Loomis, Lemont, light; General McPherson, Lemont, light; [illegible]; Lady Franklin, Lemont, light; H. Walker, Lemont, light; J. W. McGinniss, Lemont, light; L. Alexander, Lemont, light; Constitution, Lemont, light; Cayuga, Lockport, 5,000 feet lumber; [illegible]; Polar Star, [illegible]

ARRIVED—[illegible] Joliet, [illegible] 50 yards stone; J. L. Alexander, Joliet, [illegible] gravel.

Vessels Passed Detroit.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

DETROIT, May 27.

PASSED DOWN—Props Chicago, Merchant; barks Wells, Manor, Nichols, Elizabeth Jones, Arabia, Sunrise, City; schrs Welcome, Cloud, Watson, Portland, Corter, Kate Kelley, Empire, [illegible], Kate Robinson, Merrick, Preston, Dashing Wave, Prince Alfred, Africa, Norwegian, Hippogriff, Gilmore, Southwest, Delos DeWolf, Swallow, Race.

PASSED UP—Props Dominion, Pacific, Sub, Galena, Wabash, Skylark, Arabia; barks Thurston, Chenango, Sea Breeze; brigs [illegible]; schrs Anglo-Saxon, Chaska, Hinckley, Trinidad, Mather, Avery, Almeda, Culver, Minch, Nicholas, Taylor, Fayette Brown, Northern Belle, G. D. Morris.

WIND—East.

Marine News.

ARRIVALS AND CLEARANCES.—During the twenty-four hours ending at 3 p. m. yesterday there were 163 arrivals and 21 clearances.

DISASTERS.—The schooner E. B. Blake, in landing at the Peshtigo Company's dock, yesterday, collided with the derrick on the dock, and lost her bowsprit and jib-boom. She was freighted with iron ore from Escanaba.

The scow Orion, in tow of the tug S. G. Chase, ran into the bark Oneonta, in tow of the tug Clifford, at Wells street, and had one shroud carried away. The Oneonta suffered slight damage.

The steamer Manitowoc, which left this port on Wednesday morning, for Milwaukee, broke some of her machinery, and on Wednesday evening was at anchor, off the mouth of Kenosha. The steamer Orion cleared, yesterday, to tow her to Chicago for repairs.

The tug Little Giant had her smoke-stack knocked off and cabin cut through by a vessel in the river, yesterday.

The scow D. G. Wright was brought to this port, yesterday, minus her foremast, which was carried away outside.

The propeller Van Raalte had the misfortune to have her smoke-stack and whistle knocked off in the river yesterday, by the schooner S. A. Wood, which was in tow of the tug A. Miller.

The propeller Thos. A. Scott, in going out, grounded on the outer bar, but was pulled off without injury, after about an hour's stay.

The schooner Jo. Vilas ran into the stern of the schooner Maple Leaf, and cut the latter's small boat in two. The Vilas broke her jib-boom.

REPAIRING.—The schooner Driver is at Doolittle & Bates' dry dock, getting a new centre box and bilge keelsons. She will also be thoroughly caulked. The bark City of Painesville is at Miller Bros.' shipyard, receiving a new jibboom and bowsprit. She is, also, being caulked. The schooner Florence is getting a new mainmast, and the barge Planet is undergoing light repairs. The schooner Ralph Campbell, which is now at Muskegon, will, upon her arrival at this port, have a new jibboom and bowsprit placed in her, at Miller Bros.' yard.

NEW VESSELS.—The new canal schooner John Magee arrived here yesterday for the first time. Her cargo consisted of 247 tons of coal from Oswego.

The schooner Jennie, of Sheboygan, is also in this harbor, on her maiden trip. She is loaded with lumber.

LEG BROKEN.—A sailor engaged on the schooner Steel had his leg broken yesterday by a rope. He was conveyed to the Marine Hospital for treatment.

NEW VESSEL.—Captain Wm. Morely, formerly of the bark Belitze, contemplates building a new vessel at Marine City during the coming fall.

A BARGE.—Captain Gunnerson, of Sheboygan, will fit out his new propeller temporarily as a barge.

UNITED STATES STEAMER HAZE.—The United States lighthouse service steamer Haze, Captain Scott, arrived at Milwaukee on Wednesday. The object of her visit at the present time is the location of a buoy on Racine Reef. The buoy intended for this dangerous shoal is of the largest size, and will project out of the water fully nine feet. The Haze will proceed to her destination as soon as the sea runs down.

LAUNCHED.—David Gallagher recently launched his new vessel at Marine City. She has been named the Keepsake, and will be used as a barge during the remainder of the season.

A new scow, built by James Dean, was launched at Detroit on Tuesday. The following are her dimensions: Length, 105 feet; breadth of beam, 26 feet; depth of hold, 8 feet 6 inches. Her capacity is 130,000 feet lumber.

THE REVENUE CUTTERS.—The following are the officers of the revenue cutter Fessenden, which will be stationed at Detroit this season: Captain, Gilbert Knapp; First Lieutenant, George W. King; Second Lieutenant, William F. Raymond, Jr.; Third Lieutenant, Thomas Mason; Chief Engineer, William H. Hunt; First Assistant Engineer, Joseph L. Reilly; Second Assistant Engineer, Charles J. Price. The other cutters will not go into commission this year, and will be quartered as follows: The Sherman, Captain Fauree, at Cleveland; the Perry, Captain Ottinger, at Erie; the Dix, Captain Shaw, at Detroit; the Johnson, Captain Martin, at Milwaukee, and the Chase, Captain Cornell, at Ogdensburgh.

RACINE HARBOR IMPROVEMENT.—In letting the contracts for the improvement of Racine Harbor, on Tuesday, all of the work and material was not awarded, on account of the prices being too high. The only awards made were to F. M. Knapp, of Racine, as follows: Pine plank, $15 per m; putting government stone in cribs, $4 per cord; spikes, 6 cents per pound; bolts, 6 cents per pound; driving piles, 25 cash; framing, 10 cents per cubic foot; driving sheath piles, per running foot of [illegible] feet, $4.50. The stone, timber, and dredging are all open to competition.

DAMAGED.—The schooner H. G. Cleveland, bound down with a cargo of wheat, returned yesterday in a damaged condition, having been struck by a squall during Tuesday night, which carried away her foresail, forestaysail and fore staysail boom.—Milwaukee Sentinel, May 27.

LAKE FREIGHTS—Were active, but rates were easier. Charters included the following: To Buffalo—Schrs Marengo, Reindeer, P. C. Sherman and Fanny Campbell, wheat at 4½c; bark Pactolus (from Milwaukee), wheat at 4c; bark Butcher Boy, corn at 4½c; schr Ethan Allen, and bark City of Chicago, corn at 5c. A propeller not named, part cargo oats, at 4c. To Kingston—Schr Arcadia, from Racine, oats at 9c. To Kingston—Schr Marengo, wheat at 11c; barks Bertram, Lem, Robert Campbell, J. Alexander, and schr A. G. Morey (all from Milwaukee), wheat at 10½c.

DETROIT, May 26.—Manufacturers are now beginning to pile up lumber, which has showed with the improvement in price "rather" a better feeling, and vessel-owners are not so free to make contracts. The following charters [illegible] [illegible] Sherman, lumber, Toledo, $[illegible] [illegible]; Forbes, Farington, grain, Detroit, Harrington to Cleveland, $[illegible] [illegible]

the sail, and 84 for those taken from the shore; scow Mollie shingles, Alpena to Toledo, 42½c on the rail.

MILWAUKEE, May 26.—Grain freights are quiet and unchanged. There were scarcely any vessels in the market yesterday. Charters: To Buffalo—Schr Gold Hunter, wheat at 4¼c. To Oswego—Prop City of New York, 16,000 bu oats at 8c. To Ogdensburgh—Prop Brooklyn, 11,000 bu wheat at 11c.—Sentinel.

OSWEGO, May 26.—The Times reports the following charters: To Chicago—Schrs Plymouth Rock, Montcagle and Idaho, railroad iron at $1.75 per ton; schrs Theo. Perry, G. D. Norris, and bark Chenango, salt at 25c per brl; bark Joseph Cochrane, coal at $1.37½ per ton. To Milwaukee—Schr William Raynor, salt at 30c per brl. To Detroit—Schr George Foote, coal at $1 per ton. To Toledo—Schr Dr. Foote, salt at 15c per brl.

TOLEDO, May 25.—The Blade says: There is no change in grain freights at this port. Several vessels loaded with wheat to Oswego on Saturday at 9c per bu, and a portion of the grain fleet that was idle there a week has departed. There is no change in lumber freights to ports below. The scow Mary Hattie has been chartered, lumber from Alpena to Toledo, at $3 per m on the rail.

QUICK TIME.—The scow Magdalena, since Sunday last, has made two round trips between this port and South Haven. She arrived yesterday morning loaded with wood.

CARPETINGS.

GLEN ECHO MILLS,
GERMANTOWN PHIL'A

McCALLUM, CREASE & SLOAN,
Manufacturers, Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
CARPETINGS,
Oil Cloths,
AND
MATTINGS.
Warehouse, 509 Chestnut-st.,
OPPOSITE INDEPENDENCE HALL,
PHILADELPHIA.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

ALLAN LINE
OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

The Montreal Ocean Steamship Co.'s
POWERFUL MAIL STEAMERS,
Sailing Every Saturday
From QUEBEC for LIVERPOOL,

Calling at Londonderry to land passengers and mails. Eighteen first-class Steamers. Most direct and convenient route for travellers to Europe.

Railway fare to Quebec same as to New York. Fare from Quebec to Liverpool, first-class, $80 and $70 gold, according to position of sleeping cabins, all having the same privilege in the saloons.

Tourists' tickets at reduced prices.

Steerage passage, $30 currency. Passage certificates from Europe to all points in the Northwest at cheapest rates. Regular physicians employed on all steamers.

Apply to H. & A. ALLAN, in Montreal, or at the GENERAL WESTERN AGENCY, No. 2 South Clark-st., Chicago, where cabin plans may be seen and berths secured for any steamer.

FERD. S. WINSLOW.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.'S
Through Line to California and China.

Steamers leave Pier No. 42, North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon,

On the 1st, 11th and 21st.

Except when these days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

May 21—HENRY CHAUNCEY, Capt. Conner, connecting with Colorado, Capt. Parker.

June 1—ARIZONA, Capt. Maury, connecting with Constitution, Capt. West.

One hundred pounds of baggage allowed free to each adult passenger. Medicine and attendance free.

All departures touch at Aspinwall; those of the 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American ports, and those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Steamer of June 11, 1869, connects closely at San Francisco with steamer GREAT REPUBLIC, leaving July 3, 1869, for Japan and China.

For freight or passage tickets, and all further information, apply at the office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., New York, F. R. BABY, Agent, or at General Western Agency, corner LaSalle and Madison-st., Chicago.

J. A. WARRACK, Agent.

REDUCED RATES.
London and New York Steamship Line.

Steamers fortnightly to London direct, from Pier No. 3, North River, N. Y. Passage at $90, $70 and $35 currency.

BELLONA	June 15	CELLA	June 29
ATALANTA	June 22	PARAGUAY	July 13

For passage to Hamburg, Bremen, Havre, Paris, Antwerp and Rotterdam, at cheapest currency rates, apply to ROBERT N. CLARK, No. 53 Broadway, New York, or to JAS. WARRACK, corner LaSalle and Madison-sts., Chicago. For freight, to HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, 54 South-st., N. Y.

TO ARCHITECTS.

Notice to Architects.

In pursuance of an act entitled, "An Act to provide for the sale of the unsold lots and blocks on the town site of Lincoln and for the location and erection of a State University and Agricultural College and State Lunatic Asylum," approved February 15th, 1869, plans and specifications will be received at the office of the Secretary of State, at Lincoln, Nebraska, until the 1st day of June A. D. 1869, at 12 o'clock m., as follows:

One for the State University and Agricultural College, also, one for a State Lunatic Asylum. The foundations of said buildings to be of stone, and the superstructure to be of stone or brick. Said buildings to be erected at or near Lincoln, the Capital of the State.

The cost of the present building for the University is limited by law to one hundred thousand dollars, and the Asylum to fifty thousand dollars; and the design of both must be a building complete within itself, although so constructed as to add to it as the wants of the State may require.

It is desirable that each architect who may submit a plan and specification should accompany each plan and specification with a guarantee of some responsible builder that if the said plan and specifications should be adopted by the Commissioners that the said builder will put in a bid for the construction of the said building or buildings within the amount limited by law, and enter into bonds for the completion of the same.

The architect whose plans are adopted will be liberally rewarded by the Commissioners.

DAVID BUTLER,
Governor.
THOS. P. KENNARD,
Secretary.
JOHN GILLESPIE,
Auditor.
Commissioners.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS.

ANNUAL MEETING.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
SECRETARY'S OFFICE, CHICAGO, April 30, 1869.

Public notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held, in pursuance of law, at the Company's Office in Chicago, on WEDNESDAY, the 2d day of June, 1869, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may be presented at said meeting.

The polls for election will be opened at 11 o'clock a. m. and remain open for one hour.

The Transfer Books will be closed on Saturday, the first day of May at 3 o'clock p. m.

EBENEZER COOK, Secretary.

JOHN F. TRACY, President.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of CHICAGO SOUTH BRANCH DOCK COMPANY, for the election of Directors and other business will take place at the Company's Office, No. 13 Dickey's Building, southwest corner of Lake and Dearborn-sts., at 10 o'clock a. m. on WEDNESDAY, June 2, A. D. 1869.

R. G. MASON, Sec'y.

STRAWBERRIES.

STRAWBERRIES.

The choicest of Wilson Berries are coming in great abundance. We give close attention to the shipping interest, as heretofore, and solicit orders.

H. P. STANLEY & SONS,
155 South Water-st.

RAILROADS.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILROAD.
Ticket Office, southeast corner of Clark and Lake sts.
COUNCIL BLUFFS AND OMAHA LINE.
DEPOT—North Wells street.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Clinton Passenger	8:15 a m	[illegible]
Pacific Fast Line	10:00 a m	[illegible]
Pacific Night Express	10:00 p m	[illegible]
Dixon Passenger	4:00 p m	11:10 a m
FREEPORT LINE.		
Freeport and Dunleith Pass	9:00 a m	3:10 a m
Freeport and Dunleith Pass	9:45 p m	2:45 p m
Rockford, Elgin, Fox River and State Line	4:00 p m	11:10 a m
Geneva and Elgin Passenger	5:30 p m	8:45 a m
Lombard Accommodation	6:10 p m	7:00 a m
MILWAUKEE DIVISION.		
DEPOT—Corner Canal and Kinzie streets.		
Morning Passenger	9:45 a m	12:15 p m
Rosehill, Calvary and Evanston	1:30 p m	4:00 p m
Afternoon Passenger	4:30 p m	[illegible]
Kenosha Passenger	5:00 p m	[illegible]
Waukegan do	6:15 p m	[illegible]
Waukegan Passenger	[illegible]	[illegible]
Milwaukee do	11:30 p m	[illegible]
WISCONSIN DIVISION.		
DEPOT—Corner Canal and Kinzie streets.		
St. Paul Express	10:00 a m	7:15 p m
Night Passenger	[illegible]	[illegible]
Janesville Accommodation	[illegible]	[illegible]
Woodstock do	[illegible]	[illegible]

GEO. L. DUNLAP, General Superintendent.
B. F. PATRICK, General Ticket Agent.

CHICAGO, ALTON & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Day Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Joliet and Bloomington Accom.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Night Express	[illegible]	[illegible]

Passengers for points on the Jacksonville Division will take the 9 p. m. train, which connects at Bloomington with trains on that Division.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Union Depot—Foot of Lake street.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Day Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Night Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Keokuk Day Passenger	[illegible]	[illegible]
Keokuk Night Passenger	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kankakee Accommodation	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hyde Park and Oak Woods	[illegible]	[illegible]
do do do	[illegible]	[illegible]
do do do	[illegible]	[illegible]
do do do	[illegible]	[illegible]

M. HUGHITT, Gen'l Sup't.
W. P. JOHNSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
JOSEPH F. TUCKER, Gen'l Freight Agent.

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILROAD.
Depot—Corner of Van Buren and Sherman streets.
Ticket Office, 56 South Clark street.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Accommodation	[illegible]	[illegible]
Day Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pacific Express (daily)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Night Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
DETROIT LINE.		
Day Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Night Express	[illegible]	[illegible]

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.
UNION DEPOT—Foot of Lake street—Ticket Office, Lake street.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Mail	[illegible]	[illegible]
Day Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pacific Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Night Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kalamazoo Accommodation	[illegible]	[illegible]
CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.		
Day Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Evening Express	[illegible]	[illegible]

HENRY C. WENTWORTH,
General Passenger Agent.

COLUMBUS, CHICAGO & INDIANA CENTRAL.
MILWAUKEE DEPOT—Corner Canal and Kinzie streets (West Side)—Ticket Office, corner Randolph and Dearborn streets.
THE CINCINNATI AIR-LINE.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Columbus Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cincinnati Night Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Columbus Night Express	[illegible]	[illegible]

W. L. SCOTT,
General Northwestern Passenger Agent.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RAILROAD.
Depot—Corner Van Buren and Sherman streets.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Day Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Peru Accommodation	[illegible]	[illegible]
Night Express	[illegible]	[illegible]

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Mail and Accommodation	[illegible]	[illegible]
Day Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fast Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Night Express	[illegible]	[illegible]

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILROAD.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Day Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Quincy Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mendota Passenger	[illegible]	[illegible]
Aurora Passenger	[illegible]	[illegible]
Night Express	[illegible]	[illegible]

*Sunday excepted. †Monday excepted. [illegible]

GOODRICH'S PASSENGER STEAMERS.

[illegible]

MEDICAL CARDS.

Private Diseases.

DR. JAMES,

Extensively known throughout the North as a Specialist in the treatment and cure of SECRET DISEASES, located in Chicago for the last nine years, and, if possible, more extensively known throughout the South, in connection with James' Lock Hospital, Custom House-st., New Orleans, established and conducted by him for thirteen years, can be consulted at his Office and Parlors, 81 and 83 Randolph-st., corner Dearborn, up-stairs.

Those suffering from Chronic, Mercurial, Blood and Skin Diseases, or disorders of a contagious venereal character, have every assurance that experience and sanction can give, that under the treatment of Dr. James they may expect a speedy and permanent cure. For twenty years Dr. James has been prominently before the public as specially treating the class of disorders called "secret."

Syphilis (primary, secondary, tertiary, or entailed hereditarily) is radically cured by Dr. James, with a new treatment, that effectually and permanently eradicates the horrible poison from the system.

Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, caused by sexual excess, self-abuse, etc., Dr. James treats with an infallible remedy, and in every instance will change a cure. He has devoted much study and attention to the treatment of Spermatorrhœa, and his unvaried success in restoring those who have been afflicted to full vigor of mind and body is an evidence that he has not labored in vain.

Dr. James' claims to the confidence of those requiring such services as he renders are not founded on presumption, but from continued years of study and practice, the results of which are shown by the many flattering notices he has received from the medical profession and the press.

Dr. James has the best appointed and most complete medical and surgical rooms in the United States. Having separate rooms, with private entrances and exits, the most sensitive can consult him without fear of exposure. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Post Office Drawer 5663, Chicago, Ill.

Dr. James will send his Expose of Spermatorrhœa, or Syphilis to any address, upon receipt of two red stamps, in sealed envelope.

Dr. Bigelow,

Confidential Physician, formerly of St. Louis, has for the last nine years been located in this city, at No. 179 South Clark st., corner of Monroe, Chicago, Ill., and it is not too much to say that he is one of the most successful practitioners in our city for curing the diseases he advertises to treat. Send for his monthly medical sheet and Guide to Health, treating on all diseases of the sexes, and also diseases peculiar to females, if you think the writings of the greatest Specialist of the present day worth a careful perusal. Sent to any address free of charge. Hours of attendance at office, from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 5 p. m. Call or address DR. C. BIGELOW, P. O. Box 154, Chicago, Ill.

Dr. Townsend,

163 South Clark st., treats all private and Sexual Diseases, and effects permanent cures in the most virulent and obstinate cases, without the use of mercury. Those suffering from Seminal Weakness, Nervous Debility, or Syphilitic affections of any kind, should call early, and save time, suffering and expense. All Female Diseases and Difficulties treated with safety and success. His "Pamphlet of Advice" sent free to any address. Consultation free.

Dr. Raphael

Describes disease without any information from the patient, and cures without any experiments, or the use of mercury, thus saving your health and life from wrong treatment. 155 East Madison-st., up-stairs. Consultation fee $3. Send 25 cts for his "GUIDE TO HEALTH AND LONG LIFE."

Dr. Whitmore,

183 and 185 South Clark st., Chicago, Ill., devotes his entire time and attention to the treatment of "Nervous Debility." The Doctor's success in all Private Diseases is truly wonderful, as hundreds can attest who have been relieved by him. Female Pills $2. Correspondence strictly confidential. Send two 3 cent stamps for "Exposition." All cures effected or no fee required.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The Success

OF HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT may be justly termed BRILLIANT. Its superiority as a Tonic Beverage is vouched for by the first medical men, and by thousands who have proved its virtues, and its invaluability as a remedy for disorders of the throat, chest, lungs and stomach, has been thoroughly tested in innumerable cases.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the hair soft and beautiful, black or brown. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers, and properly applied at the Wig Factory, 16 Bond-st., New York.

Are You Recovering

From a fever or any disease, and now are in want of a healthful Tonic and Stimulant? If so, do not fail to use HIMROD'S HERB BITTERS. Prescribed by the best physicians.

LEGAL.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

Whereas, Seneca C. Bliss, as Trustee of Celia T. Butler, at the request of said Celia T. Butler, and William M. Butler, her husband, together with the said William M. Butler and Celia T. Butler, of the State of Illinois, did, on the twentieth day of March, A. D. 1863, make, execute and deliver to the undersigned James Carter, now of the City and State of New York, formerly of the State of Illinois, aforesaid, a certain deed in trust of the premises hereinafter described, to secure the payment of one certain promissory note, bearing even date with said deed of trust, made by the said William M. Butler and Celia T. Butler, the said note being for the sum of twenty-eight hundred dollars ($2,800), payable to the order of Alexander Leslie, in five years from the date thereof, at the American Exchange Bank, in the City of New York, with interest thereon, at the rate of eight per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, which said trust deed, duly stamped, was filed for record on the twenty-[illegible] day of March, A. D. 1863, and duly recorded in the Recorder's Office of Cook County, State of Illinois, [illegible] of deeds, at page [illegible]; and by which said trust deed it was and is provided, that in case of default of the payment of said principal and interest thereon, [illegible] on the application of the legal holder of said note, it should and might be lawful for the undersigned, his heirs, assigns or successors in trust, either in person or by attorney, to sell and dispose of said property or premises, hereinafter described, and all the right, title, benefit and equity of redemption of the said Seneca C. Bliss, as trustee as aforesaid, William M. Butler and Celia T. Butler, their heirs or assigns therein, at public auction at the north door of the Court House in Chicago, aforesaid, to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, after publishing a notice in a newspaper printed in Chicago aforesaid, for thirty (30) days previous to the day of such sale, and to make, execute and deliver to the purchaser or purchasers thereof good and sufficient deed or deeds of conveyance for the premises sold, and out of the proceeds of such sale, after paying all costs of advertising and sale, commissions and other expenses of said trust, including all moneys advanced for insurance, taxes, [illegible], or liens of any kind on said premises, with interest thereon at eight per cent. per annum, to pay the principal and interest of said promissory note, which should appear to be unpaid at the time of such sale; and, whereas, default has been made both in the payment of principal and interest of said note,—the full sum of twenty-eight hundred dollars and interest remaining due and unpaid thereon; and, whereas, application has been made to me by the said Alexander Leslie, the legal holder of said note, to sell and dispose of the premises hereinafter described in compliance with the terms of the said trust deed.

Now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested in and by said Trust Deed, I, James Carter, Trustee, will, on SATURDAY, the twenty-sixth (26th) day of June, A. D. 1869, at the hour of ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the north door of the Court House, in the City of Chicago, County of Cook and State of Illinois, expose for sale, and sell at public auction, to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, the real estate situate in the City of Chicago, County of Cook and State of Illinois, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the said indebtedness, and described in said Trust Deed, as follows, to-wit: That part of Block thirty-six (36) in Kinzie's Addition to Chicago, described as follows, to-wit: Beginning on the south line of said Block thirty-six (36), one hundred (100) feet west of the southeast corner thereof, thence west sixty-five (65) feet, thence north two hundred and eighteen (218) feet, thence east sixty-five (65) feet, thence south two hundred and eighteen (218) feet to the place of beginning. Also lot number five (5) in Charles Butler's Subdivision of Block twenty-one (21) in the north part of Wolcott's Addition to Chicago, with all and singular the tenements, privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining, together with all right and equity of redemption of the said Seneca C. Bliss, as Trustee as aforesaid, Celia T. Butler and William M. Butler, their heirs and assigns therein, for the purpose of satisfying the amount then due on the said promissory note, together with the costs of advertising and sale, commissions and expenses of said trust, as provided in said trust deed.

JAMES CARTER, Trustee.

Chicago, May 24, 1869.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

Whereas, William M. Butler, and Celia T. Butler, his wife, of the City of Chicago, County of Cook, and State of Illinois, did, on the 1st day of March, A. D. 1865, execute, acknowledge and deliver to the undersigned, James Carter, now of the City and State of New York, formerly of the City of Chicago, aforesaid, a certain deed of trust of the premises hereinafter described, to secure the payment of two (2) certain promissory notes, bearing even date with said deed of trust, made by the said Wm. M. Butler, one for the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000), and payable to the order of Alexander Leslie, at the American Exchange Bank, in the City of New York, in two (2) years after the date thereof, with interest at the rate of ten (10) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, and the other for the sum of four hundred pounds sterling money (£400), payable to the order of William Leslie, at the office of George Smith & Company, in the city of Chicago, aforesaid, in four (4) years after the date thereof, with interest at the rate of ten (10) per cent per annum, [illegible] which trust deed was filed for record on the [illegible] day of March, A. D. 1865, and duly recorded in the Recorder's Office of Cook County, State of Illinois, [illegible] of deeds, page [illegible], and by which said trust deed it was and is provided that if default should be made in payment of said promissory notes, [illegible] the tenor and effect of the [illegible] legal holder of said notes [illegible] the undersigned, his heirs or assigns, either in person or by attorney, to sell and dispose of said property or premises hereinafter described, with all the right and equity of redemption of the said William M. Butler and Celia T. Butler, their heirs or assigns therein, at public auction, at the north door of the Court House in the City of Chicago aforesaid, to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, first giving notice of the time and place of such sale in some newspaper printed in said city of Chicago, thirty days before the sale, and to make, execute and deliver to the purchaser or purchasers thereof good and sufficient deed or deeds of conveyance for the premises sold, and out of the proceeds of such sale, after first paying all costs of advertising and sale, commissions, and expenses of said trust, including all money advanced for insurance, taxes, assessments, or liens of any kind on said premises, with interest thereon at the per cent [illegible] to pay the amount of principal and interest which should appear by said notes to be unpaid at the time of such sale. And, Whereas, default has been made both in the payment of the principal and interest of each of said notes, the sum of two hundred dollars principal and interest, remaining due and unpaid on the first above described note, and the sum of four hundred (400) pounds sterling money and interest thereon from the first day of September, A. D. 1868, remaining due and unpaid on the said note secondly above described. And, Whereas, application has been made to me by Alexander Leslie and Williamina Leslie, the respective legal holders of said notes, to sell and dispose of the premises hereinafter described, in compliance with the terms of the said Trust Deed.

Now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested in and by said Trust Deed, I, James Carter, Trustee, will, on SATURDAY, the twenty-sixth (26th) day of June, A. D. 1869, at the hour of ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the north door of the Court House in the City of Chicago, County of Cook and State of Illinois, expose for sale, and sell at public auction, to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, the real estate situate in the city of Chicago, County of Cook and State of Illinois, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the said indebtedness, and described in said trust deed as follows, to-wit: That part of Block thirty-six (36) in Kinzie's Addition to Chicago, and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning on the south line of said Block thirty-six (36), one hundred (100) feet west from the southeast corner thereof, thence west sixty-five (65) feet, thence north two hundred and eighteen (218) feet, thence east sixty-five (65) feet, thence south two hundred and eighteen (218) feet to the place of beginning. Also lot number five (5) in Charles Butler's Subdivision of Block twenty-one (21) in the north part of Wolcott's Addition to Chicago, with all and singular the tenements, privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining, together with all right and equity of redemption of the said William M. Butler and Celia T. Butler, their heirs and assigns therein, for the purpose of satisfying the amount then due on the said promissory notes, together with the costs of sale, commissions and expenses of said trust, as provided in said trust deed.

JAMES CARTER, Trustee.

Chicago, May 24, 1869.

COATS' THREAD.

CAUTION!
TO THE TRADE,
AND TO CONSUMERS OF
J. & P. COATS'
Best Six-Cord Thread!

A counterfeit, or imitation of their trade-mark upon the wrappers of Thread, is in circulation, and may be readily detected by comparison with the genuine. The black and gold labels upon the spools [illegible] the name of the [illegible] Andrew Coats, General Agent for the United States, [illegible] [illegible]

All dealing in Thread with these Forged Labels will be prosecuted by J. & P. Coats.

JOHN & HUGH AUCHINCLOSS,
Sole Agents in New York, for J. & P. COATS.

SCALES.

FORSYTH & CO.'S
U. S. STANDARD SCALES.

[illegible]

FAIRBANKS'
STANDARD
SCALES,
OF ALL SIZES.
FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.
[illegible] Lake-st., Chicago.

DAMAGING CONFLAGRATION.

Destruction of S. A. Downer & Co.'s Spice House on South Water Street.

Loss About $50,000—Accident to Firemen—Other Fires.

South Water street was visited by another damaging conflagration last evening, the aggregate loss by which will not fall short of $50,000. The alarm was sounded from Box No. 2, at half-past 10 o'clock, and directed the department to No. 63 South Water street, a four-story brick, owned by C. H. McCormick & Co., and occupied as a coffee, tea and spice house by S. A. Downer & Co.

The alarm was sent in by one of Pinkerton's men, who observed a heavy volume of smoke issuing at the rear from the second-floor window. When the firemen arrived it was evident that unless the fire was quickly checked a devastating conflagration would ensue, and accordingly a second alarm was quickly sent over the wires, summoning additional aid.

Owing to the dampness of the atmosphere, the smoke, which issued forth in dense volumes, was slow to rise, and for more than an hour, for blocks around, it was impossible to discern a single object. This very undesirable feature rendered the work of the firemen extra hazardous and very troublesome. The sense of feeling was the only one that could be relied upon.

For the space of an hour it was a hard battle between the fire and water, but finally the former element succumbed, and the flames were confined to the building in which the fire originated. The adjoining buildings, with their stocks, were, however, seriously damaged by water.

Owing to the absence of both the owners and occupants of the buildings, no definite figures of the losses sustained can be given. The building was damaged, perhaps, to the extent of $6,000, and the loss is undoubtedly covered by insurance. The stock of S. A. Downer & Co., which will prove nearly a total loss, was variously estimated between $30,000 and $50,000. It will probably fall between these figures. The spot where the fire is said to have originated is occupied by coffee-roasting apparatus. About two years ago, it was reported, the building was threatened with destruction from that source. The amount of insurance on the stock could not be ascertained.

No. 65, the adjoining building to the west, was seriously damaged by water, and the stock was thoroughly saturated. The lower floor is occupied by Bogardus Brothers, dealers in cheese, and the upper floor as a storeroom for china and crockery ware, by Burley & Tyrrel, whose salesrooms are located on Lake street, between Wabash avenue and State street.

The wholesale grocery store of Wells & Faulkner, adjoining to the east, suffered also somewhat from water. These buildings are also owned by C. H. McCormick.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.

On the arrival of the truck Pioneer No. 2, a huge ladder was placed against the building in an almost perpendicular position, and when a number of firemen had nearly reached the top, it suddenly fell backwards across the street. The firemen, three in number, were thrown heavily into the middle of the street, on the rough paving stones, and two of them sustained painful injuries. George Rowe, connected with the J. B. Rice, was severely injured about the spine, and fatal results are feared. He was conveyed to the City Hotel, and subsequently to his home. Another, named Burkhardt, connected with Pioneer Truck No. 2, received a number of abrasions on various parts of his body. He was conveyed to the Richmond House, where medical attention was procured. The third man, whose name could not be ascertained, was not so severely injured.

ON FULTON STREET.

An alarm at 9:45 a. m., yesterday, sounded from Box No. 174, was caused by a fire in the bathroom in No. 269 Fulton street, owned by T. S. Dick, and occupied by George Derrington. The damage done was trifling.

ON WEST MADISON STREET.

While the South Water street fire was yet at its height, an alarm was sounded from Box No. 267, and it became necessary to detail several engines to answer the call. It was caused by a fire in a two-story frame, occupied as a meat market, owned by Michael Fife, located at No. 729 West Madison street. The fire was confined principally to the roof. Damage about $500; insured for $1,500 in the Merchants' of Chicago. The fire is believed to have been the work of an incendiary.

THE COURTS OF LAW AND EQUITY.

United States Courts.

A jury will come into this court on Tuesday, the [illegible] day of June next, for the trial of the cases upon the trial calendar.

It is understood that Judge Davis will preside during this trial term. The day upon which his present judicial engagements will allow him to be present is not known with certainty. The probability is, however, that he will be present on the morning upon which the jury is to be returned.

NEW SUITS.

United States v. Jacob Singer, Joseph R. Bickwith, Robert W. Robinson, Christian Paesch, [illegible] Casper Schneider and William Housley [illegible] $2,000. Damages, $2,000.

Same v. James Turner, George W. Maxfield, [illegible] Goodwin and John Brnshaw. Debt.

Same v. Thomas T. Furlong, Charles Coryell, [illegible] J. Cross and John P. Furlong. Debt, [illegible] Damages, 16,000.

Same v. Clement C. Ireland, Frederick Weigle, [illegible] Tyler and Charles Sassaman. Debt, [illegible] Damages, $12,000.

Same v. John A. Van Buskirk, Solon Cumins [illegible] Philip Measy. Debt, $20,000. Damages, [illegible]

Same v. William Hine, Buckland C. Bower and [illegible] Peck. Debt, $8,000. Damages, $8,000.

Same v. Thomas Hoilhan, Tracy D. Hull, John [illegible] and Clark Gleb. Debt, $60,000. Damages, [illegible]

John H. Leavitt, administrator of Henry Leavitt, deceased, v. Adams Express Company. Case.

In Bankruptcy.

Entitled to Apply for Discharge—Charles M. [illegible], of Peoria; George M. Manger, of Chicago; James L. Gates, of Chicago; Jacob Eberhart, of Chicago; Albert Thompson, of Chicago; [illegible] Terhune, Jr., of Chicago; John H. Terrell, of Chicago.

Adjudication—Allen Clark, of Chicago; Wilder [illegible], of Chicago; Charles F. Koch and John [illegible] (involuntary), of Ottawa.

Denial of Bankruptcy—James Geary, of Chicago.

Discharged—James W. Brackett, of Rock Island [illegible]

Circuit Court.

This court has adjourned for the May term. On [illegible] Monday in June court is held at Waukegan, at which Judge Williams presides, wherefore [illegible] next sitting of the court will be on the 21st of June.

JUDGMENTS.

Frank Montague v. Catharine and Harry Queen. By confession for $217.32.

Daniel McCormick v. The Same. By confession $143.84.

IN CHANCERY—DIVORCE.

[illegible] L. Rowan v. Martin W. Rowan. Divorce granted. The parties lived together during a part [illegible] three days. They were married July 4, 1866, [illegible] lived together until the 7th of July of the [illegible] year, when, it was sworn, defendant deserted his bride.

WATERING BANK RETURNS.

James K. Murphy v. The Treasury Bank and the Manufacturers' National Bank, both of Chicago. [illegible] was a bill to perpetually enjoin the use of a [illegible] on the ground of want of consideration. It [illegible] alleged that James H. Woodworth, now deceased, then of the Treasury Bank, in February [illegible] borrowed the note, signed by complainant, to enable him to make a good showing in the report [illegible] the condition of the bank.

[illegible] decree was entered for an injunction, and declaring the note to be null and void. The note [illegible] for the sum of $2,000, payable in ninety days, [illegible] it appeared that when the transfer of the effects of the first defendant were to be transferred [illegible] the latter, the complainant notified the Manufacturers' Bank of his equities, but nevertheless [illegible] bank claimed ownership for consideration [illegible] without notice of defence. It appeared by testimony that that the late Mr Woodworth [illegible] upon complainant and asked the use of his [illegible] for $2,000 for a short time, as there had been [illegible] drafts made upon the bank he conducted, [illegible] he wanted to make a good showing before he [illegible] over to the Clearing House. At first the proposition was declined to be acceded to, but, [illegible] matter being urged, Mr. Murphy assented, [illegible] the promise that he (Woodworth) would take [illegible] of it, and would return the instrument on [illegible] demand. Subsequently demand was made for the [illegible], when he was asked to leave it in the possession of the bank until the bank report was completed. Compliance was followed by the giving [illegible] a certificate by Mr. Woodworth, [illegible] stock in the Treasury Bank [illegible] $2,000, thus being given to be held as surety for [illegible] return of the note. Shortly afterward Mr. Woodworth died, and as complainant only received the stock certificate as collateral he demanded the return of the note.

REAL ESTATE.

[illegible] petition of John Rich, guardian of Michael [illegible] et als. Order of sale of part of Lot 1, [illegible] 6, Rockwell's Addition in the southwest [illegible] of the lot fronting 75 feet on Wilcox street [illegible] 125 feet north.

Edward Solom et als v. James P. Smith et als. [illegible] of value of a building (dancing-hall) in [illegible] of Nos. 1053 and 1054 Indiana avenue, with [illegible] of lots.

[illegible] Dickinson, et als v. Bridget Lanegan, [illegible] Decree appointing commissioner (in partition) for the value of Lot 17, Block 16, Sampson [illegible] Green's Addition.

Mary Ward Leonard, et als, v. Mary Helen [illegible] Decree confirming partition of east half [illegible] northwest quarter of Block 12, Sheffield's Addition.

NEW SUITS.

Charles B. Green v. Daniel Boggie and James Davis. Replevin of a buggy.

Hiram C. Wheeler v. Joseph Fiorey. Ejectment [illegible] the northeast fractional quarter north of the [illegible] boundary line of Section 33, 37, 14 east, [illegible] acres.

BRANCH OF HEALEY SLOUGH IN COURT.

Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Company et [illegible] City of Chicago and the Board of Public Works. Bill. This is a proceeding to restrain the authorities of the city from interfering with the [illegible] of the company's trains over the bridge at [illegible] the east line of Lot 1, Brainerd & Evans' Subdivision of Block 2, Canal Trustees' Subdivision in south fraction of Section 29, 39, 14. This bridge is the one which crosses the Healey Slough; [illegible] about fifty feet in length, and bears the main [illegible] of the road. In the bill complainants set [illegible] their corporate rights, and under them the location of their main track, with, also, deeds; [illegible] which instruments is the agreement to maintain a swing or draw bridge over this slough. [illegible] these powers, grants and conditions they [illegible] into possession, having, among other [illegible] erected the bridges covenanted [illegible] be built, which continued to [illegible] until, [illegible] in September, 1864, [illegible] Brainerd having become sole owner of lot [illegible] released them from the obligation to permanently maintain the swing-bridge referred to in [illegible] proceeding Evans, although without interest [illegible] land, subsequently affirming the discharge [illegible] release. The complainants found it onerous, expensive and dangerous to maintain such a [illegible], wherefore they erected a fixed bridge, [illegible] it has ever since used as a part of its main [illegible], so that it is now in almost continuous use [illegible] the passage of trains and locomotives. They [illegible] complain now that it is threatened to take down [illegible] bridge, which, if it should be done, would [illegible] the company irreparable injury.

[illegible] proceeding is based upon the constant [illegible] in the Common Council to abate the bridge [illegible] nuisance, the claim being that the slough is a [illegible] navigable stream.

Superior Court.

[illegible] Bagnell v. William P. Knight, John [illegible] and George Scoville. Mechanic's lien. De[illegible] for plaintiff and appeal.

[illegible] F. Raymond v. Thomas L. Morgan. Assumpsit. Suit brought upon four promissory notes. [illegible] sues as assignee of C. A. Prescott & Co., [illegible] whom the notes were executed and delivered [illegible] December 1857. The suit was tried in 1862, when [illegible] went for plaintiff. The cause then went [illegible] Supreme Court, upon the appeal of defendant, who complained that Judge J. M. Wilson had improperly overruled a motion for continuance. A [illegible] being had the case is now tried a second [illegible] Argued.

IN CHANCERY.

Samuel J. Miller, executor, et al. v. Ezra G. [illegible] et als. Decree of foreclosure of mortgage [illegible] the following property: Lot 9 in north [illegible] of Block 10 and Lot 11 in south half of Block [illegible] Walsh & Mullins' Subdivision of part of south[illegible] quarter of Section 20, 39, 14, and the west [illegible] Block 28, Brand's Addition, in Section 20, 39, [illegible] excepting Lots 1 and 2, in the west half of [illegible] 28, Brand's Addition.

[illegible] Swann v. George M. Chapman. Decree [illegible] forfeiture of contract for warrantee deed of [illegible] beginning at a point 60 feet north of the [illegible] west corner of lot then occupied by com[illegible] in the northwest Fractional Quarter of [illegible] 2, 38, 14, thence north 50 feet, thence east [illegible] thence south 130 feet, thence west 143 [illegible] thence north 50 feet, thence west 165 feet to [illegible] of beginning.

NEW SUITS.

[illegible] Sturges v. John Kent, T. C. Welsh and [illegible] Kent. Assumpsit. Damages, $12,000.

[illegible] Dort v. [illegible] W. and William E. Morse. [illegible] Damages, $1,000. Suit brought upon [illegible] of notes executed April 11, 1868.

[illegible] Kuns, use of, etc., v. Lemon P. Law[illegible] Assumpsit. Damages, $1,000.

[illegible] A. Schock v. City of Chicago. Case. [illegible] at $20,000.

[illegible] Quinn v. Michigan Southern & North[illegible]

ern Indiana Railroad Company. Case. Damages laid at $1,000.

William Lill and Cyrus P. Albee v. James M. Lowe and Maury F. Tuley.

George W. Gerrish v. Noah B. Boyden. Assumpsit. Damages, $1,000.

REAL ESTATE.

Orville D. Smith v. Edward H. Smith. Bill for partition of the west two-thirds of the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of northwest quarter of Section 3, 38, 14 east.

Hannah A. McMurphy v. Lucy McMurphy et al. Petition for dower in Lot 12, L. Brown's Subdivision of north half of Block 23, Canal Trustees' Subdivision of west half of northeast quarter of Section 17, 39, 14 east; Lots 23 and 24, Block 16, Canal Trustees' Subdivision of west half, and the west half of the northeast quarter of Section 17, 39, 14 east; and in Hancock County, the southwest quarter of Section 3, 7, 7 west, except 6.8 acres—an improved farm; also, the southwest quarter of Section 8, 7, 7 west (160 acres), and Block 1; Lots 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, in Block 2; Lots 1 and 2 in Block 3; Block 4; Lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 in Block 5; Lot 3, Block 6; Lots 1 to 10 inclusive, in Block 9, McMurphy & Leavitt's Addition to Pontoosuc, Hancock County.

Granville W. Alexander v. Francis A. Hoffman et al. Bill for title to and possession of Lot 2, Lavinia & Co.'s Subdivision of south quarter of northeast quarter of Section 10, 38, 14 east.

Nathaniel Wheeler, trustee for Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Company, v. George R. Chittenden et al. Bill to foreclose mortgage on Lots 20 and 21 Johnston & Sexton's Subdivision of the west part of Block 1, Assessor's Division of the northwest tracts in Section 22, 39, 14 east.

County Court.

Estate of John Gies. Administration granted to John Leist, under bond of $760. Estate insolvent.

Estate of John A. Gies. Declared settled.

UNPROFITABLE CORRESPONDENCE.

An order was made that Henry Whipple show cause in writing, under oath, by the coming in of court this morning, why he should not be dealt with as for contempt of court. The origin of this trouble seems to have been the appointment of Whipple as administrator of H. H. Bishop. The contempt consists in that he wrote to the Court a letter concerning a pending estate, in which he stated that, "at the earnest and repeated requests of the relatives of Mrs. Mary C. Bishop," he accepted the office, but that "her friends and advisers then are satisfied now that we made a mistake in associating her in the business, as she is not capable of keeping the most trifling account correctly. The reason that Wm. H. Post, her cousin, and Wm. S. Post, her brother, gave why I should do the business was that Mr. A. E. Bishop's bookkeeper gave them information that some one not associated with the deceased brother should attend to the business; and, 2d, A. E. Bishop recommended her to make a false inventory, saying it would save expense. And the further knowledge that A. E. B. had played short on the wages of the deceased for two years, &c., &c., and that in a covert way he sought to put it into the hands of his son-in-law, James Prindle, and has used various means, advising creditors not to pay debts, &c. Also, the last money collected, $1,287.61, was by the same process put into Mary C. Bishop's hands, and by her loaned to A. E. Bishop, and no report given to me, or book account made, of the date and transaction. I simply state these things that you may see what embarrassment has come to me by the association of such a woman, changing her mind at every call of meddlers."

Recorder's Court.

The matter of the appeals of the Chicago West Division Railway Company, from the decisions of Police Justices, fining them for infractions of ordinances, in not furnishing adequate accommodations "for the convenience of the people," came up and was argued. The main point on the side of the defendant was that, if it had violated its franchises, the remedy was by *quo warranto*—it being argued that, if the contract provided for "the convenience of the public," the city has no right, *ex parte*, to decide what that convenience requires, and upon its decision foreclose the defendants by a penal enactment. Taken under advisement.

NEW SUITS.

The People *ex rel.* Peter J. Smith v. Gustav Fischer (Sheriff). *Habeas corpus.* The relator is held under a *mittimus* from Justice Sturtevant on a charge of making threats to kill one George H. Bissell, the confinement resulting from a disinclination or want of ability to give bail. The commitment dates back to the 20th inst. The petitioner states that at the hearing Bissell swore that he had heard that he intended to kill him, and a policeman (Burdell), who has for a long time entertained hostility against him, swore that some time, longer ago than eight months, petitioner threatened to shoot him (Burdell). He also complains that this policeman has frequently been about the premises where he works, causelessly threatening to arrest him, and has frequently intercepted him on the street threatening to arrest him if he continued on the street after 9 o'clock at night. He denies having made any of the threats charged.

DIVORCES ASKED FOR CRUELTY.

Lucinda Metzger v. Conrad Metzger. Bill for divorce. The complainant states that she and the defendant were married in this city on the 25th day of May, 1865, and that she has lived with him, in the city, ever since, until the day of the filing of the bill. She charges that he has treated her with great cruelty. She states specifically that in June of 1867, one day before the birth of her child, her husband struck and kicked her; that on the 21st of April last, while she was in bed, he held a butcher-knife over her and threatened to kill her; that on the 21st inst. he pointed a loaded revolver at her and threatened to take her life, and on the following day struck her on the head with a heavy hammer, from the effects of which blow she is still suffering, and under the care of a surgeon. She also accuses the husband with being, at all times, under the influence of liquor. There is one child of the parties, a girl of the age of two years, the custody of which she asks. The defendant is represented to be a boarding-house and saloon-keeper at No. 21 Michigan avenue, and to be the owner of the schooner "Zephyr," a house and lot No. 20 East Huron street, and some cash; the house and lot, however, being in the wife's name.

Kate Bernard v. Edward H. Bernard. Bill for divorce. The parties are stated to have been married in Quincy on the 18th day of June, 1863. It is charged that the husband has been oftentimes extremely cruel toward his wife, but no specific allegations are presented.

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

About 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon one of the passengers on a North Side car was taken suddenly ill. A policeman who happened to be on the front platform took him to the Huron Street Station and sent for a physician. The man complained of pains in his stomach, and in about twenty minutes died. The upper portion of his body turned blue after death, indicative of heart disease, which the physician, who arrived too late to render any assistance, pronounced the cause of his decease. He was recognized as Charles Sigman, the proprietor of a cigar shop on the corner of Clark and Superior streets. He had been sick some twelve weeks, and only left his bed a few days ago. He was 33 years of age, and leaves a wife and three children. The Coroner held an inquest, and a verdict of "Death from heart disease" was rendered.

The Renowned Locomotive "America," purchased by the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad, of the Great Locomotive Works, Paterson, N. J., after its "round trip to Paris," will be on exhibition at the passenger depot of the Rock Island Road, on Van Buren street, foot of La Salle, this afternoon. This prize engine took the first premium at the World's Fair, at Paris, over seventeen of the best combined productions of England, Belgium and France. It is a model of beauty, and will take the first Sacramento express train to be sent on by the company. It will travel forty miles an hour with ease.

At a Meeting of the Managers of the Irish Literary Association, yesterday, the following card of thanks was prepared: "On behalf of the Irish Literary Association, the Board of Directors desire to express their warmest thanks to those ladies and gentlemen who, by their presence and contributions, did so much to add to the entertainment and enjoyment of the members of the association and their friends, on Wednesday evening, on the occasion of the opening of their rooms. Without wishing to be invidious, while grateful to all, they are under special obligations to Mrs. Anna Cowell, for her admirable recitations; to Prof. Gustavus Geary and Mr. W. H. Powers, for their excellent vocal music, and Herr Beideman, for his superior piano solos. For other favors shown to the association they return thanks to Counsellor James Dunne, Martin O'Brien, Charles Kern, Michael Evans, John Scanlen, Eugene Wheeler and Captain Cooney."

At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, a piano dray, No. 862, of A. Moun's line, collided with Clybourne avenue car No. 24, in the vicinity of Illinois street. A man standing upright in the dray convulsively clutched a piano stool at the moment of the crash, and with it in his embrace was buried headlong to the ground. He sustained slight injury, but the stool escaped all damage. Justice Quinn, who was standing upon the front platform of the car, nearly lost his equilibrium, but beyond a sad annihilation of his magisterial "choker," suffered nothing. The car and the dray were immaterially dented.

Michael Sullivan, 76 years of age, while walking on the railroad track on Kinzie street, near Pine, yesterday afternoon, was knocked down by a train of cars which came up behind him, seven of them passing over his right arm, severing it completely just above the elbow. He was removed to the residence of his son, No. 1 Pine street, and Dr. Ralph N. Isham, Surgeon of the Northwestern Railroad, was sent for and dressed the wound. It is thought, on account of his great age, Mr. Sullivan cannot recover.

On Tuesday Evening a pleasure party, consisting of Captain William F. Higbie, of the bark City of Chicago, Mr. Clem Lamb, and three ladies, took a yawl ride on the lake, and were nearly drowned by the capsizing of the boat. Fortunately Mr. Lamb had presence of mind enough to climb to the uppermost side of the boat and assist his companions, who were clinging to the side of the craft, to a similar position. When their unpleasant situation became known to parties on shore, a boat was sent to their rescue.

To-Day is the anniversary of the birth of Tom Moore, the Irish bard, and it will be celebrated by a concert, to be given this evening at Crosby's Music Hall, by the well-known Professor Gustavus Geary. It will consist of selections from the melodies, given by eminent singers. Miss Cummings, Mrs. Martin, Mr. Furlong, Mr. Powell, Mr. Balk and Mr. Southwell will assist Professor Geary. The programme is select, and the admission only 50 cents.

Joseph L. Drake, Esq., D. D. G. W. C. T. of Illinois, will continue his lecture upon "The Mission of the Order of Good Templars," before the Star of Hope Lodge No. 15, I. O. G. T., this evening at 8, in their rooms, No. 59 LaSalle street. Mr. A. L. Davison's lecture before the same lodge is postponed for one week. The order generally is cordially invited to be present.

Parties Engaged in dredging the South Branch, near the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad bridge, discovered the body of an infant, two or three days old, floating on the surface. Apparently it had been in the water but a few days. Coroner Cleaves held an inquest over the remains, and the jury returned a verdict of death from an unknown cause.

John Goodjohn, driver of a lumber wagon, met with a very severe if not fatal accident yesterday afternoon. He was driving along West Van Buren street, when his team took fright. On reaching Desplaines street he was thrown to the ground, and the heavy vehicle passed over him. He was severely injured about the spine. An officer conveyed him to his home, No. 41 Pierce street, where Dr. Lilly attended to the patient.

Republicans of the new Eighth Ward are requested to meet at Hamel's saloon, corner of Union and Mitchell streets, on Monday, May 31, at 8 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of organizing a Ward Club. The boundaries of the ward are as follows: East, Chicago River; west, city limits; south, Sixteenth street; and north, Twelfth street.

The Headquarters of the City Railway Company are now located in handsome apartments in the third story of the First National Bank Building, corner of State and Washington streets, the company having recently removed from the Garrett Block.

At an Election for a Director to fill a vacancy for the short term of the current year, held by the Board of Trade yesterday afternoon, the vote stood as follows: O. S. Hough, 273; Asa Dow, 99; C. B. Pope, 16; scattering, 11. Total number of votes cast, 399.

John C. Breckinridge, the noted rebel leader, and ex-Governor Magoffin, of Kentucky, arrived in this city yesterday morning, and are stopping at the Tremont House.

The former members of Battery "A" are requested to meet at the office of Ramsey, Williams & Co., No. 117 LaSalle street, this evening at 8 o'clock, to complete arrangements for decorating the graves of their fallen comrades.

Michael McDermott, a roofer, took a walk on the evening of the 9th inst., and has not been heard of since. He was at work for Gardiner, West & Wheeler. It is feared that he has been foully dealt with.

The Seventeenth Turnfest of the North American Turnerbund will be held in this city commencing August 7 and continuing four days. A brilliant programme of exercises is being prepared.

At 10 o'clock Yesterday Morning a residence at No. 21 Centre avenue was burglariously entered and robbed of clothing to the value of $75.

[illegible] Chapman, charged with smuggling, was held in bail of $500, before Commissioner Hoyne, yesterday.

A "Workingmen's" Picnic is to be given on next Sunday, in Wright's Grove.

DECORATION DAY.

The Ladies at Work at Library Hall—More Assistance Needed—Announcements.

THE DECORATION COMMITTEE.

The work of constructing wreaths and crosses to lay over the slumbering soldiers, on Saturday and Sunday, was commenced yesterday in Library Hall. There was a meeting at 10 a. m., but the evergreens had not then arrived, so the work was adjourned until 2 p. m. At that hour the ladies began to drop in, and, the room being cleared and the evergreens on hand, their fair fingers deftly wove the leaves and foliage into wreaths. Mrs. W. H. Smith was Commander-in-Chief of the working party, and Mrs. General R. W. Smith acted as Quartermaster-in-Chief and A. A. G. To one side sat four young ladies working for dear life. The rapidity with which they manipulated the shrubbery was a caution. Strange to say they did not talk at all, but worked right on as if they had left their tongues and thoughts at home. Miss Sheahan was captainess of the party; Miss Drury, sergeant; Miss Nellie Medill and Miss Pearce, corporals. Near them was another group, comprising Mrs. C. W. Sanford, Miss Jennie Gray, Miss Leib, Mrs. General Hotchkiss, Mrs. Charles Jackson, Mrs. Jameson and Miss Ganetson. Mrs. Glenn, Miss Vrieland, Mrs. Holden and Mrs. Martin Ryerson were busy stripping the boughs. All wrought with will and energy, determined to make up by their own exertions for the absence of those who should have been there to assist.

It was certainly surprising that so few ladies attended. The room should have been full of persons eager and anxious to have the honor of lending a hand in the good work. If the necessary number of wreaths, etc, are to be ready in time, more help must be called in, and ladies, whether on the committee or not, are cordially invited to co-operate. The committee will be at Library Hall to-day, beginning work at 10 a. m., and, as the hall is large and much work is to be done, persons need not stay at home fearing there will not be room for them, or that they will not have anything to do.

The crosses will be about two feet long, and the wreaths [illegible] diameter. There were no flowers at Library Hall yesterday, except the roses on the ladies' cheeks. All the flowers that can be contributed will be thankfully received, as present appearances indicate that there will be a scarcity if the public does not respond liberally to the following

CARD.

Owing to the limited supply of flowers at the different gardens in this city, it is doubtful whether a sufficient quantity can be obtained from thence to meet the wants of the committee charged with the matter of procuring the floral decorations for the memorial services of the 30th instant. Believing that the ladies of Chicago—ever forward in charity and good works—will, on this occasion, strikingly manifest their remembrance of our departed soldiers, they are cordially invited to aid us with such donations of flowers and evergreens as they may be able to afford, forwarding the same to Library Hall on Saturday next, between the hours of 8 and 10 o'clock in the forenoon, care of committee.

J. W. Brockway,
Mrs. C. M. Sanford,
Mrs. Jennie Smith,
Mrs. C. N. Holden,
Mrs. General Smith,
Mrs. Dr. C. M. Clark.

Chicago, Library Hall, May 27, 1869.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Bridges' Battery Association, and all who were members of the company at any time, are requested to report at Rosehill Cemetery at 9 o'clock a. m. to-morrow, to counsel with committees regarding decorations, etc. They will also meet in the gents' room, on the cemetery grounds, on Sunday, at half-past 1 o'clock p. m.

The commanders of the various military organizations to take part in the decoration of soldiers' graves are requested to report at the County Court room at 5 o'clock p. m. to-day, to perfect arrangements for the occasion.

The veteran soldiers of Chicago are requested to call meetings of their respective regiments and batteries and effect organizations, so as to be in readiness to participate in the event of Sunday. The officers of these organizations will meet with the committee and the officers of militia, as above stated.

THE AMERICAN POETS.

Lecture by Rev. R. F. Burns.

On last evening, Rev. Dr. R. F. Burns delivered a very interesting and instructive lecture in the lecture-room of the Young Men's Christian Association Building, his subject being "An Evening with American Poets." No admission fee was charged. The drizzling rain that set in during the early portion of the evening debarred many from enjoying the lecture; and, unfortunately, very few were present. The audience sang "Come, thou fount of every blessing," after which prayer was offered up. Dr. Burns then commenced his lecture, which was briefly analytical of the characteristics of American poets. He first described the division of the field of American poetry, to be prior to, during and after the Revolution. The poetry and idiosyncracies of Roger Wolcott and Benjamin Thompson—the latter probably the first who attempted poetry in America—were alluded to; Mrs. Bradstreet, the Mrs. Sigourney of her period, about 1630; Joseph Green, of Boston, of the ante Revolutionary era, and hosts of other poets of early fame, were dealt with, and the lecture closed with mention of the honored and beloved names of our modern poets, Longfellow, Hawthorne, Holmes, Halleck, Willis and the rest. Throughout, the reverend gentleman was attentively listened to, and the audience, small as it was, evinced its appreciation in loud applause. The lecture was exceedingly good and those who failed to attend lost a great treat.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE ORPHAN ASYLUM FESTIVAL.

Mud to the height of one's ankles, a steady, persistent and highly successful rain, and thunder and lightning *ad libitum*, are not exactly the most favorable conditions to the success of *any* festival. It could hardly be expected, therefore, that they would conduce very largely to the benefit of orphans. It is to be regretted that the heavens were not more auspicious to the little waifs who, deprived of parental care, have drifted into the snug harbor of the Orphan Asylum and are receiving the kind attention of the large-hearted ladies who are managing this institution. And yet, considering the weather, the attendance was not inconsiderable. The spacious rooms upon the lower floors were devoted to the purposes of the festival, and were quite well filled, and flowers, and children as pretty as the flowers, made up in beauty and fragrance whatever was lacking in other respects. [illegible] magical entertainments and dissolving views, and other attractions which were liberally patronized. Another room was devoted to refreshments, where ice creams, strawberries and cream which once knew a cow, refreshed the inner man, as well as woman. In an adjoining room eleven babes slept the sleep of the just, who have commenced the world with no pilot at the helm, and must drift along through life unblessed with the maternal, most precious of all recollections. Music added its charms to the evening. A handful of instruments, under the lead of the veteran Vaas, furnished the music for promenading and subsequently for dancing, in which the orphans got the benefit of the light fantastic. The vocal selections of the evening, consisting of solos and duos with piano accompaniment, were furnished by Mrs. Wrenn, whose voice has been often heard at festivals of this description, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Seaverns and Mrs. Rice. The singing of the latter lady was a feature of more than ordinary interest, as it was her first appearance in public. She has recently removed here from Omaha, and we may congratulate ourselves upon the accession of a singer of no ordinary quality. Her voice is a rich, strong, resonant soprano, of excellent calibre, and promises to develop into an excellence which will speedily give her a leading position in this city. We are glad to know that she intends remaining here, and hope we shall hear more of her. Thus, with music, dancing and social converse, a very pleasant evening wore away, and, if anyone wishes to know how it was enjoyed, he or she can easily find out by going this evening, as the entertainment will be repeated. Among the visitors in attendance last evening were Brigham Young's son and lady, accompanied by Mr. Fuller, of the Salt Lake *Telegraph*.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Ixion this evening at the Opera House. Two benefits are already announced for next week, McManus' on Tuesday evening and Fiske's on Friday evening, at which he will give Ixion and the fifth act of Richard III.

"Kit" this evening at McVicker's.

Alice Holland is announced for a benefit this evening at Aiken's Dearborn Theatre, the bill being "Masks and Faces," in which the beneficiary plays *Peg Woffington*, and "Violet." "The Ticket-of-Leave Man" to-morrow.

"Colleen Bawn" will be revived at the Museum this evening.

The oratorio of "The Creation" this evening at Farwell Hall, and Mr. Geary's concert in commemoration of the birthday of Moore at the Opera House Music Hall.

To Tourists.

The attention of the travelling public bound for Europe is directed to the Allan Line of Ocean Steamers, leaving Quebec every Saturday, for Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers. Eighteen first-class steamers are employed on this route. Quebec is reached either direct by rail, or by elegant steamers from Toronto to Montreal, passing the Thousand Islands, and offering unsurpassed scenery on the beautiful St. Lawrence; and from Montreal to Quebec by first-class steamers, connecting closely with the ocean steamers from Quebec. The advantages of this route are: 1st, its cheapness—first-class cabin fare being $80 and $70, gold, according to location of sleeping berths. 2d, a passage of over two days down the St. Lawrence, before reaching the open ocean, thus affording travellers an opportunity of accustoming themselves to life on board ship and preparing for the rougher seas. 3d, keeping out of sight of land for, ordinarily, not over five days, from time of leaving the coast of Newfoundland, and reaching the northern coast of Ireland. 4th, splendid state-rooms, spacious saloons, sumptuous tables, prompt and courteous attendants, regular physicians on board. 5th, ocean passage being some 400 miles shorter than by way of New York or Boston. 6th, rate of fare to Quebec same as to Eastern cities. For full information, cabin plans and so on, apply to the General Western Agency, No. 2 South Clark street, Chicago.

Statuary at Auction.

Those who wish to ornament their homes with real Italian marble statuary and figures, and alabaster ornaments, should avail themselves of the rare and valuable gems for sale at auction by Wm. A. Butters & Co., at No. 106 Madison street. Many of our leading citizens have purchased largely, but have not exhausted the catalogue. To-day at 11 o'clock is positively the last sale.

Wire Window Screens.

Instead of suffering annoyance from flies, mosquitoes, dust, &c., go to Evans & Co.'s wire works, No. 201 Lake street. They sell wire window screens at fifteen to fifty cents a foot, and offer special inducements to the trade. They keep no canvasser, preferring to give customers a better article, at a reduced price, instead of paying agents large commissions. The trade especially find it advantageous to deal there.

The London Press on the Completion of the Pacific Railway.

The *Times* of May 10 says: "A telegram from our American correspondent has informed the world that last Saturday witnessed the actual completion of one of the most marvellous undertakings of modern times. The people of the United States have now carried a railway across the entire breadth of their continent, from the Atlantic coast to the Pacific. The rapidity with which this gigantic work has been executed amazes even the Americans themselves, and we are told, indeed, that railway rivalry has had its share in bringing the achievement so rapidly to pass. But, whatever the motives at work, the result is equally wonderful. If we inquire into the probable results of this achievement, we shall be led into many curious speculations. The effects, indeed, will be felt throughout the whole Union. California, as our readers know, is a State of exceptional character and importance. It is the gold-bearing State—the country which supplies the Americans with the precious metal. General Grant, in his inaugural speech, referred to it as the national "strong-box"—the safe in which those treasures were hoarded which would one day enable the Union to pay off its public debt, and he spoke of the opening of this Pacific Railway as an event tending to accelerate the consummation in view. Then, it cannot be doubted that the Pacific States will receive an impulse from the new line, and be rapidly developed in political as well as commercial importance. All the territory, too, now traversed will be brought more within the reach and under the dominion of man; new settlements will be facilitated, and new States more quickly formed. At the same time the Indians will be more severely pushed, and the Mormons will be brought into a contact with their fellow-citizens which may not impossibly end in a collision. Probably nothing but the remoteness and isolation of their settlement has hitherto preserved them and their institutions from interference, and now that isolation is lost. In whatever light, however, we choose to regard the work, we must recognize it not only as a monument of national enterprise, but as a proof of public wisdom. All that the government has spent in subventions was well bestowed. It was worth many a vote of money and many a grant of land to connect by an easy internal communication the two great sections of the republic, and to bring territories as large as those of all the settled States together within reach of the government and the people. If the present year should also witness the completion of the Suez Canal, it will indeed be a singular coincidence, but even the cutting of the Isthmus is a less wonderful exploit than this Pacific Railroad. M. de Lesseps will deserve infinite credit for his perseverance and success, but the American engineers who bridged with iron rails a desert as broad as the Atlantic at the rate of six miles per day may certainly advance their own claims to the surprise and admiration of mankind."

The *Daily News* of May 11 says: "The engineering triumphs of the first half of the nineteenth century seem to have been but small compared with those which the second half of the century bids fair to accomplish. The completion of the Union Pacific Railroad may be said to have already given the crown and finish to the great material works which have characterized the age. This railway is the longest in the world. It completes an unbroken line of rail which begins on the shores of the Atlantic and ends on the Pacific coast. It bridges over some of the largest rivers in the world, crosses the wildest desert or the most frightful and extensive wilderness which has ever yet been explored by man, and climbs over the double mountain chain of the wildest portion of the American continent. Yet no great engineering work was ever accomplished with less demonstration or with more enterprise. It is almost astonishing how little we have heard of it in England. Even in the United States the work has been scarcely appreciated at its full value till lately. All other railroads run through lands which are at least somewhat subdued. They have towns and cities on their route; farms, or villages, or rolling prairies fill up the intervals; and a friendly population regard the progress of the work with interest and approval. The Pacific Railroad had none of these things in its favor. It was a road into the wilderness. It left civilization behind it from its very starting point, and every mile of rail which was laid led only further away into inhospitable deserts or trackless plains."

DIVERSION OF TRADE.

Chicago "on a Grand Highway that will Never be Deserted."

From the Lafayette (Ind.) Journal.

Several papers have recently expressed their belief that Chicago has grounds of genuine apprehension in the late movements to divert the grain trade down the Mississippi. It seems to us a narrow and superficial view. No doubt all that is said about the facilities of the Mississippi route of shipment is true. That may be made, and we trust will be, a great thoroughfare of trade and shipping of the vast products of the West. But they err egregiously who imagine that Chicago will suffer an appreciable paralysis of trade by any diversion of her trade that may happen. When New York ceases to become the commercial metropolis of America on account of the increasing business of Norfolk and Charleston, then Chicago may be offering cheap rents on account of dull times, though we do not think the chances equal even for that. When the bright circlet of our Northern lakes is torn from the neck of the republic and their sandy beds have become dry and desert ground, then Chicago may be left to dilapidation and loneliness, and not before. She is on a grand highway that will never be deserted, and in a situation where her prosperity will never be diminished save by the blighting stroke of a wrathful Providence. But this is not the principal view in the case. The business and growth of Western industry is scarcely begun. But its increase will be rapid beyond all precedent. Open half a dozen Mississippis and cover them with steamboats. They may all go to work and still there will be trade enough forced through on the northern route to keep the business of Chicago at such a rate of increase that she will not be sensible of their existence. In this country we fear neither monopolies nor competition. The spell is now broken and freights have declined. They will never rise up again. No set of men can control the course of trade in the United States. If competition could not be accomplished on the firm earth, a line would be established through the air. We hail the establishment of new thoroughfares. That they have not been operating long ago for the benefit of the now peeled and desolate sections of our country, is due only to the immense folly of sectional hostilities. But the all-controlling power of interest, commerce, wealth, like the pressure of vast columns of water, can no longer be resisted by prejudice and passion. The barriers must come down. And while Chicago continues to be a wonder to herself and a marvel to the civiled world, the tides of wealth will again roll down the Father of Waters as of yore, St. Louis and New Orleans will become rank with vigorous life, and the new lines of transportation will unite the interior and eastern trade centres, giving outlets of health to trade, preventing extortion, and equalizing the advantages of the whole country.

Collision of Trains at Chenoa—No Person Injured.

Bloomington, May 26.—Freight train No. 16, on the Chicago & St. Louis Railroad, ran into a passenger train on the Toledo, Peoria & Warsaw Railroad, at Chenoa, last night. The Toledo, Peoria & Warsaw train had not stopped for the crossing, as the rules of both companies require, and had just stopped at the station when the engine of the other train struck their sleeping car, throwing it from the track and breaking it up badly. Very strangely, no one was injured.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Hagan's Magnolia Balm.—This article is the true secret of beauty. It is what fashionable ladies, actresses and opera singers use to produce that cultivated, *distingue* appearance so much admired in the circles of fashion.

It removes all unsightly blotches, redness, freckles, tan, sunburn and effects of spring winds, and gives to the complexion a blooming purity of transparent delicacy of power. No lady who values a fine complexion can do without the Magnolia Balm. 75 cents will buy it of any of our respectable dealers.

Lyon's Kathairon is the best hair dressing.

Juniper Tar Soap—is a certain cure for chapped hands and all roughness or irritation of the skin, eczema, ringworm, saltrheum, pimples and other cutaneous affections, making the skin soft and smooth. Manufactured by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. Sold by all druggists.

Dutcher's Dead Shot for Bed-Bugs.—Now is the season to commence using it, and make a thorough extermination of these tormentors of our nightly rest. Try it, and sleep in peace.

Colgate & Co.'s Toilet Soaps.—The article produced by this company we know to be of the very best quality. It is a pleasant and effectual purifier of the flesh.—*Northern Christian Advocate.*

All headache vanishes at one application of Wolcott's Pain Paint. Try it free at 169 South Clark street, Chicago. Private rooms for ladies.

Old newspapers, in good order—not torn or mutilated—for sale at Tribune office at 75 cents per 100.

Paper Hangings and Window Shades, latest styles. Paints, oils glass and brushes, at F. E. Rigby's, 89 Randolph street.

MARRIED.

RAYMOND—BEVERIDGE—At Evanston, Ill., May 20th, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. M. Raymond, assisted by the Rev. Philo Judson, Mr. Sam'l B. Raymond, son of the officiating clergyman, and Alla May, only daughter of Gen. J. L. Beveridge.

DIED.

HALL—In this city, May 26, Minnie P., youngest daughter of Alfred and Rachel C. Hall, aged 10 years and 1 month.

Funeral from the house, 412 Monroe-st., at 2 p. m. on Friday.

CHISHOLM—In this city, May 26, Henry Stone, only child of William and Mary H. Chisholm, and only grandson of Henry Chisholm, of Cleveland, aged 2 years, 6 months and 19 days.

Funeral from the residence, 665 Prairie-av., on Saturday, at 10 o'clock a. m. Friends of the family are invited.

☞ Cleveland papers please copy.

COUCH—In this city, May 26, at the residence of his father-in-law, Dr. A. W. Davidson, John M. Couch, of Courtland, New York, aged 28 years.

Funeral at 10 o'clock this (Friday) morning, from 696 Wabash-av.

☞ Courtland and New York papers please copy.

AUCTION SALES.

(Established 1856.)

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO.,
Auctioneers and Dry Goods Commission Merchants.
5, 7, 9 and 11 Randolph-st., Chicago, Ill.

REGULAR SATURDAY'S SALE.
Household Goods, Pianos,
CARPETS,
Peddler's Wagon, Carriage, Buggy, &c.,
AT AUCTION.
On SATURDAY, May 29, at 9 o'clock, at our salesrooms, 5, 7, 9 and 11 Randolph-st.
WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers.

CLOSING SALE
OF
Alabaster and Marble Work
AT AUCTION,
This, Friday Morning, May 28, at 10 o'clock
At Store No. 106 Madison-st.
The balance of Elegant Marble and Alabaster Work will be closed without reserve.
WM. A. BUTTERS & CO.,
Auctioneers.

GREAT LAND SALE
At Auction,
OF
TWO THOUSAND ACRES!
BELONGING TO THE
Estates of Henry Seymour, of Utica, N. Y., and Jeremiah Price, Chicago, Ill., in the
CITY OF CHICAGO,
Cook and Will Counties,
TOWN OF JOLIET,
DuPage and Grundy Counties,
ON WEDNESDAY,
The 16th Day of June, 1869,
At the salesrooms, Nos. 5, 7, 9 and 11 Randolph-st., of
WM. A. BUTTERS & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

The property now offered at public sale comprises some of the best and most choice lands within the great City of Chicago, being adjacent to and near the contemplated Boulevards and City Parks and therefore presents the very best prospective increase of any property presented for sale.

Title Perfect.
This property was purchased by the parties now offering it for sale, directly from the Government in 1835.

Description.
Pamphlets will be issued descriptive of the property and its subdivision into blocks of about 5 acres each.

Sale Peremptory.
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m., and continue until this property—which, by decree of
THE UNITED STATES COURT IS ORDERED TO BE PARTITIONED,
is sold.

TERMS OF SALE—One-fourth cash; balance in one, two and three years, with interest annually at 6 per cent.
HORATIO SEYMOUR,
Executor Estate of Henry Seymour.
L. C. PAINE FREER,
Administrator Estate Jeremiah Price.
WM. A. BUTTERS & CO.

AMUSEMENTS.

FARWELL HALL.

Parepa Rosa
The greatest living Oratorio Singer.
Grand Musical Festival,
On Friday, May 28, and Tuesday, June 1,
When will be performed on a scale of great splendor, and of unprecedented brilliancy,
HAYDN'S GRAND ORATORIO,
THE CREATION.
BY MME. PAREPA ROSA,

In her unrivalled spiritual conception of Gabriel and Eve, MR. J. NORDBLOM, the young and successful Swedish Tenor, in his superb part of Uriel, MR. J. F. RUDOLPHSEN, the celebrated Boston Basso, in his great interpretation of Raphael and Adam.

THE MAJESTIC CHORUSES
will be sung by 250 OF THE BEST SINGERS IN CHICAGO. The highly delightful and figurative accompaniments pertaining to this sublime performance will be given by the splendid
BALATKA'S SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.
Mr. CARL ROSA, Leader of the Orchestra.
Mr. H. BALATKA, Musical Director and Conductor.
On SATURDAY, May 29, at 2 p. m., by general request,
GRAND BALLAD MATINEE.
MME. PAREPA ROSA (her last appearance in Concert) MR. NORDBLOM, SIG. FERRANTI, MR. RUDOLPHSEN, MR. CARL ROSA and MR. GEO. W. COLBY.

☞ Prices for the Oratorio—Admission, $1; Reserved Seats, First Gallery, $2; Parquette and Second Gallery, $1.50. Matinee—Admission, including Reserved Seats, $1. The sale of seats for both Oratorios will commence on Tuesday, at 9 a. m., at the Box Office of the Hall, when also Matinee Seats can be obtained. The sale for either of the three performances will commence on Wednesday. No more than six tickets will be sold to any one person. Orders from the country will be attended to by addressing at the Box Office.

CROSBY'S OPERA HOUSE.
G. D. HESS & CO. .... Managers
TO-NIGHT and SATURDAY AFTERNOON, the Grand Spectacular Burlesque,
IXION or THE MAN AT THE WHEEL.
Miss EMILY THORNE, Mrs. J. A. OATES, KATIE PUTNAM, McMANUS, FISKE, BURNETT, BRADLEY, Miss HOWARD, METKIFF, ASHLEY, Miss BONIFACE, HERNANDEZ, and the GREAT COMPANY.
THE LEON BROTHERS,
Positively, in their terrific new act, THE FLYING MEN.
Monday—Benefit of MAY HOWARD.
WANTED—IMMEDIATELY,
100 YOUNG LADIES,
For a new piece, now in preparation. Apply at the Manager's Office, Room 19 Opera House, between 10 a. m. and 1 p. m.

WOOD'S NATIONAL MUSEUM.
J. W. BLAISDELL .... MANAGER.
JOHN DILLON
AS MYLES NA COPPALEEN,
WITH SONGS.
On Friday and Saturday evenings, May 28th and 29th, and also at the GRAND MATINEE on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, will be presented the beautiful Irish drama,
COLLEEN BAWN
The entire company in the cast. To conclude with the laughable farce,
Wanted, 1,000 Milliners.
Monday, May 31—Benefit of Mr. J. W. JENNINGS.
Wednesday, June 2—Benefit of Mrs. ANNA MARBLE.

McVICKER'S THEATRE.
FRIDAY—FAREWELL BENEFIT OF
MR. F. S. CHANFRAU.
THREE COMEDIES.
THE TOODLES.
Timothy Toodles .... Mr. F. S. Chanfrau
To be followed by the great Imitation Scene of
THE WIDOW'S VICTIM.
Jerry Clip .... Mr. F. S. Chanfrau
With imitations of the elder Booth, Charles Kean, Barney Williams, Daddy Rice, &c.
To conclude with
A Glance at New York.
Mose (his great original character) .... Mr. F. S. Chanfrau
Next week—Mr. MARK SMITH, in the old English comedies.
Saturday afternoon—Matinee. KIT; Or, The Arkansas Traveller.

AIKEN'S DEARBORN THEATRE.
FRANK E. AIKEN .... Sole Lessee and Manager
Friday evening, May 28—BENEFIT OF ALICE HOLLAND, when will be presented
MASKS AND FACES;
Or, Before and Behind the Curtain.
Peg Woffington .... Alice Holland
To conclude with
VIOLET; Or, THE DEBUTANTE.
Violet .... Alice Holland
Saturday afternoon and evening—
TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN.
Will shortly be produced, with new scenery—
FOUL PLAY.

MUSIC HALL.
(Crosby's Opera House. Entrance on State-st.)
Tom Moore's Birth-Day.
THIS FRIDAY, MAY 28,
Anniversary Concert,
In the Music Hall of Crosby's Opera House, by
GUSTAVUS GEARY,
Assisted by a host of talent, who will perform many of the gems of the
IMMORTAL IRISH MELODIES.
Tickets 50c. Doors open at 7½.

MARTINE'S HALL.
FESTIVAL POSTPONED.
The FESTIVAL of the HEART AND HAND SOCIETY was POSTPONED, on account of the storm, till
This Friday Evening.
It will come off TO-NIGHT WITHOUT FAIL, at MARTINE'S HALL.
COME ONE! COME ALL!
Tickets not used last evening good for this evening.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE VOCAL ORGANS.
Pamphlet published and for sale (25 cents) by WESTERN NEWS CO., 121 and 123 State-st., by Prof. McCOY, of Crosby's Opera House. Statements by singers, speakers and invalids, of results to their voices and health; cases of cure of soreness, hoarseness, phlegm and fatigue; old notes strengthened, new notes made; lost voices restored.

AUCTION SALES.

By MOFFATT, THOMAS & CO.
REAL ESTATE AUCTION SALE.
Moffatt, Thomas & Co. are instructed to include in their sale of Real Estate, by auction, on Tuesday, June 8, at 2 o'clock precisely, 17 Lots in McChesney's Subdivision, fronting on Stewart-av. and Fifty-first-st.; also, about 80 lots fronting on Eighty-fourth-st. and Egandale-av.
MOFFATT, THOMAS & CO., Auctioneers,
92 Dearborn-st.

REAL ESTATE AUCTION SALE.
Moffatt, Thomas & Co. are instructed to include in their next sale, to take place at the Real Estate Auction Mart, 178 South Clark-st., on Tuesday, June 8, 1869, at 2 o'clock precisely, HOUSE ON LEASED LOT, No. 20 Reuben-st., facing Union-park, with possession and the opportunity of purchasing the new and appropriate furniture. Four Lots, Shaw's Subdivision, fronting Cottage Grove-av., and near Forty-fourth-st. Four Lots, Dobbins' Subdivision, fronting Forty-first-st. and Bryant-av., between Vincennes road and Cottage Grove-av. And 50 Lots in J. N. Staples' Subdivision, Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth-sts. Particulars and plats are preparing, and can be had at the auction offices.
MOFFATT, THOMAS, & CO., Auctioneers,
92 Dearborn-st.

AUCTION SALE,
UNRESERVED, OF
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, &c.
Household Furniture, Piano-forte,
And Effects, by MOFFATT, THOMAS & CO.,
At Dan'l Scott's Auction Rooms, 42 Randolph-st.,
On SATURDAY, May 29th, at 9:30 o'clock precisely, under execution, and without the slightest reserve.
MOFFATT, THOMAS & CO., Auctioneers,
92 Dearborn-st.

REAL ESTATE AUCTION SALE.
MOFFATT, THOMAS & CO.
Will sell by auction, at their next Monthly Real Estate Auction, to be held at the Real Estate Auction Mart, 178 South Clark-st., on
Tuesday, June 8, 1869, at 2 o'clock precisely,
The following Valuable Property, consisting of
Two-story House, and Lot, 442 Warren-av., near Union-park.
80 LOTS, Sheffield's Addition to Chicago, near the great bolt and screw works, the rolling mills, and the car works of the N. W. R. R., and
12 ACRES OF LAND, in acre lots, Grand-av. Boulevards, McIlroy's Subdivision. Particulars, with plats, are preparing, and may shortly be had at the auctioneer's office. Terms of sale exceedingly easy.
MOFFATT, THOMAS & CO., Auctioneers,
92 Dearborn-st.

PATENT RIGHTS.
MOFFATT, THOMAS & CO. are instructed to include in their next Real Estate Auction Sale, to be held at the Auction Mart, 178 South Clark-st., on TUESDAY, June 8, 1869, at 2 o'clock precisely, and without the least reserve, the valuable Patent Rights of
Huntington's Improved Grain Bag Fastener,
(One of the simplest and most useful inventions of the age,) for the Counties and States of Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, Mississippi and Indiana. Full particulars, with the patent, can be inspected till the time of sale, at the auctioneers' office.
MOFFATT, THOMAS & CO., Auctioneers,
92 Dearborn-st.

By DANIEL SCOTT & CO.
AUCTION.
SATURDAY, May 29, at 9½ a. m., at DANIEL SCOTT & CO.'S, 42 Randolph-st.
New and Elegant Chamber Suits,
Direct from Boston.
Also, Second-hand Furniture, Carpets, Crockery, Glassware, Silver-plated Ware, Dry Goods, &c., &c., &c.
DANIEL SCOTT & CO., Auctioneers.

BY H. ALEXANDER & SONS.
180 and 182 Washington-st.
We will sell, THIS MORNING, at 9½ o'clock, a large lot of
SECOND-HAND FURNITURE,
1 Elegant Pier Glass; 1 Oil Painting (Beatrice.)
10 casks Scotch Ale; 50 Walnut Extension Tables.
10,000 Paper Collars; 100 Comfortables.
Marble-top Sideboards; New Chamber Sets.
Haircloth and Rep Parlor Suits; Desks, Hat Racks.
1,000 lbs Smoking Tobacco.

BY COLBY & WIRTS.
Superior New and Second-hand Furniture,
Consisting of Parlor and Chamber Setts, Lounges, Easy Chairs, Side Boards, Book Cases, Marble Top Tables, Hat Trees, What-Nots, Office and House Desks, Extension Tables, and a large assortment of Office, Parlor and Dining-Room Chairs; also
A superior stock of Paisley Shawls, on Friday, May 28, at 9½ a. m.
COLBY & WIRTS, Auctioneers,
165 South Clark-st.

J. B. FITCH,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant
Goods sold at the lowest percentage.
SALESROOMS—56 and 58 South Wells-st.,
Opposite Briggs House, Chicago, Ill.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—BY A GENTLEMAN AND [illegible] TWO unfurnished rooms, with board [illegible] Side, above Ohio-st. Address [illegible] Tribune office.

BOARD—BY [illegible] for gentleman and wife. Price $15 [illegible] in private [illegible] Address O S, P. O. Box [illegible]

BOARD—FOR THE SUMMER, BY GENTLEMAN and wife, and single gentleman. South Side preferred. Address H C, Tribune office, immediately.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—BY THOS. A. HILL & CO., ROOM 5 Tribune Building:
INDIANA-AV., 50x262 ft. at Thirty-first-st.
INDIANA-AV., 50x150 feet, at Twenty-fourth-st.
MICHIGAN-AV., 50x180 feet, at Twenty-seventh-st. $[illegible]
INDIANA-AV., 50x125 ft. at Thirty-second-st. $[illegible]
MICHIGAN-AV., 72 feet, at Thirtieth-st. $[illegible]
These lots have an east front, and are very cheap.
16 acres on the Vincennes Ridge, 2½ miles nearer to the city than Washington Heights, and the land equally beautiful. It is one mile from the Normal School grounds, and the dummy train to Washington Heights passes along the east line of the property. It is accessible also by the Vincennes-road and Halsted-st., which is graded and gravelled from the city to and through the property. Good for improvements or subdivision.

FOR SALE—GREAT BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE—The Auction Sale Outdone—100x125 feet south and east front, corner Kankakee-av. and Thirty-first-st., at $40 per foot less than was paid at the great auction sale for lots half a mile further south, and on far easier terms. 100x100 feet corner Canal, Eighteenth and Seward-sts.; a fine location for planing mill or manufactory. No. 189 Kankakee-av., three-story house, east front, lot 48 feet front by full depth, within one block of cars; has gas, water, sewer and all modern improvements, and a fine new barn on the lot; will be sold with furniture, gas fixtures and furnace, complete for housekeeping, at a low figure, on canal time. Houses, lots and lots in all parts of the city, at decided bargains. FRANKLIN HATHEWAY, No. 6 Tribune Building.

FOR SALE—12 DREXEL-AV. LOTS BETWEEN Forty-third and Forty-fourth-sts., 50x200 feet each, on the great South Park boulevard, fronting east, having every advantage of location, and being, beyond all comparison, the largest and choicest lots in market for improvement or investment. They will be sold at low prices and on very easy terms. There are but very few of these lots in market, and it will soon be difficult to obtain one at any price. Those who are wise will avail themselves of this rare opportunity, if they desire to secure a perfectly safe investment in the vicinity of the South Park that must inevitably, and in the natural course of things, surely and rapidly advance in value. Title beyond question. WARREN & GOODRICH, 125 Dearborn-st., Room 2.

FOR SALE—BY LINN & SWAN, ROOM NO. 15 Uhlich's Block, 25 North Clark-st.:
100x160 feet on Lake-av., near Douglas place, high and dry, covered with fine trees, running through to the lake. This is the finest residence lot on the South Side. $120 per foot, one-fourth cash.
100x184 feet northwest corner Fullerton-av. and Louis-st.; only one block from Clark-st. and opposite Mr. Buckingham's new residence.
50x160 feet corner Fullerton-av. and Clark-st.
Two hundred beautiful lots in vicinity of the Theological Seminary, from three to five blocks from Lincoln Park. Terms—One-fourth cash.

FOR SALE—BY J. H. STEAD & CO., 40 LaSalle-st.
REUBEN-ST.—75x150, to alley, near Adams-st.; with double row of trees in front; a fine residence lot, and can be sold cheap.
WEST MADISON-ST.—50x125, to alley, fronting south, between Lincoln and Robey-sts., facing Winchester-st.
HOYNE-ST.—120 feet, east front, near Van Buren-st., at a bargain.

FOR SALE—48X177 FEET, CORNER OF FORTY-eighth-st. and Wabash-av.
150x150 feet, corner of Chestnut and Adams-sts., Hyde Park.
50x120 feet, on Randolph-st., near Elizabeth-st.
[illegible]x165 feet, on Taylor-st., corner of Southwestern-av.
[illegible]x120 feet on Jackson-st., corner of Hermitage-st.
Any of the above sold at a sacrifice this week. Call at once. WING, TAYLOR & CO., 131 LaSalle-st.

FOR SALE—AT A DECIDED BARGAIN—ON Michigan-av., only 80 feet south of Thirty-third-st., west front; lot 25x145 feet to a 20 foot alley; street 100 feet wide; lot is high and dry. Price, $165 per foot if taken at once. Terms—$1,225 cash down; $1,225 in 1 year, and $1,650 in 2 years; interest 8 per cent. This is $50 per foot less than it is worth. WARREN & GOODRICH, Brokers, 125 Dearborn-st., Rooms 1 and 2.

FOR SALE—25 DESIRABLE LOTS ON THE LAKE Shore in Section 40, 14, north of Lincoln Park, and corner of Davis-st., east of Halsted-st. Price, $25 per foot. Terms, one-quarter cash; balance in one, two and three years at 6 per cent interest. This property is offered only for this week. For particulars inquire of WARREN & GOODRICH, 125 Dearborn-st., Rooms 1 and 2.

FOR SALE—PARK-AV.—$9,000 WILL BUY A fine brick house, modern improvements; $800 cash, balance easy.
West Madison-st.—$4,000 will buy a two-story house; $900 cash, balance easy.
GEO. H. HESS, 131 Clark-st.

TO RENT—A NICE HOUSE OF TWELVE rooms, near Wabash-av. and a few minutes' walk from Lake-st., at $100 per month to a responsible party who will buy $500 or $600 worth of furniture. Address A C L, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—BY WHIPPLE & TRUE, ROOM 5 Lombard Block, a cottage on Grant-place, 6 rooms. Lot 48x125 to alley; is near Lincoln Park. This choice property is offered for a few days at a great bargain and must be sold. Will trade for lumber.

FOR SALE—FOUR LOTS ON WESTERN-AV., at a great bargain; also, several lots on West Side, on easy terms. Apply at Room 18 Otis Block, No. 123 East Madison-st. J. L. CAMPBELL.

FOR SALE—HYDE PARK—CHEAPEST HOME in town, close to depot, on Hyde Park-av. Good improvements, choice fruit, and terms easy. Call on DR. STARR, 124 East Randolph-st., Room 1.

FOR SALE—LINCOLN PARK PROPERTY—About 120 desirable building lots fronting on Sheffield, Racine-av. and Davis-st., half a mile north of Lincoln Park. SNYDER & LEE, Real Estate Agents, No. 4 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—EGANDALE PROPERTY—TWO beautiful lots, each 50x164 feet, east front, on Woodlawn-av., near Fifty-first-st. SNYDER & LEE, Real Estate Agents, No. 4 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—BY E. C. BLAISDELL, 117 CLARK-st.
1 acre on Cottage Grove-av., for $1,000; cheap.
Cheap lots on Wabash and Michigan-avs. for $[illegible]
Cheap lots in Hyde Park; $50 each, cash.
5 acres near Southwest Boulevards; $600 an acre.

FOR SALE—TWO-STORY HOUSE OF EIGHT rooms, on Douglas-place, near Prairie-av. Lot 28x122 to alley—$3,500; one-fourth cash, balance 1, 2 and 3 years, at 8 per cent. MOREY & MANVILLE, No. 10 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—2½ ACRES ON HARRISON-ST., IMmediately west of railroad. Good house, fence, shade trees, etc., $3,000. MOREY & MANVILLE, Room 10, Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—TWO LOTS ON INDIANA-ST., BEtween Hoyne and Leavitt, 50 feet on Indiana by 100 feet deep to Ferdinand-st. Easy terms. SNYDER & LEE, Real Estate Agents, No. 4 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—THIRTY-ONE LOTS FRONTING ON Addison and Sheffield-avs. and Green Bay road, ½ mile from Lincoln Park, all high and dry land and heavy grove. Prices from $400 to $1,200 per lot. SNYDER & LEE, Real Estate Agents, No. 4 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID RESIDENCE LOT ON Michigan-av., 50x144, between Thirty-second and Thirty-third-sts. Street 100 feet wide; large trees in front; gas and water on the street; at a low price. WEIL BROTHERS, 156 Madison-st., Room 2, up stairs, Major Block.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID BUSINESS LOT ON State-st., near cor. Thirty-first-st., 50x125 to an alley, at a great bargain if taken at once. WEIL BROTHERS, 156 Madison-st., Room 2, up stairs, Major Block.

FOR SALE—WASHINGTON HEIGHTS—SOME choice 10-acre lots at $[illegible] per acre, near station.
ENGLEWOOD—$150 will buy a large lot covered with trees, on Rock Island Road.
GEO. H. HESS, 131 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—A NICE CORNER LOT, 75X125 FEET, on West Jackson-st., with a pleasant and well-built [illegible]-story frame house, brick basement, all new and in order, west of Robey-st. LOUIS B. KELLEY & CO., basement 132 LaSalle-st.

FOR SALE—TWO LOTS ON PAULINA-ST., with small cottage house, between Jackson and Van Buren-sts.; nice property, and will be sold low. LOUIS B. KELLEY & CO., Basement, 132 LaSalle-st.

FOR SALE—65 FEET ON CANAL-ST., BETWEEN Adams and Monroe, directly opposite the Pittsburgh and Fort Wayne Railroad Depot. This property can be bought cheap. $200 per foot can be realized on it in a year's time. LOUIS B. KELLEY & CO., basement, 132 LaSalle-st.

FOR SALE—40 FEET ON COTTAGE GROVE-av.; 86 feet on Oakwood-av., near Cottage Grove-av.; house and lot on Cottage Grove-av., near Wahpansch-av. Very cheap. MEAD & COE, 134 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—NO. 696 WABASH-AV., NEAR Fourteenth-st., two-story frame, with all modern improvements; house is in complete order; lot, 25x180. Price, $15,000. For permits to see house, apply to MEAD & COE, 134 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—VERY CHEAP—THE FRAME dwelling house, No. 206 Illinois-st., to be removed. Inquire in the brick house in the rear of same.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS TWO STORY AND brick basement, on Robey-st., near Madison, $5,500. Corner Hoyne and Van Buren-sts., $7,500. Green-st., near Indiana-st., $2,300. JOHN G. NICHOLSON, 108 Madison-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS SUBURBAN RESIdence, situated in the pleasant town of Geneva, Ill., 35 miles west from Chicago. Two accommodation trains daily to Chicago. House contains 14 rooms, all the modern improvements, all in perfect order. Situated in centre of block 300 feet square; well ornamented with choice fruit and ornamental trees, &c. Will exchange for city property. Apply at Room 3, Metropolitan Block. WM. H. SAMPSON.

FOR SALE—PINE LANDS—ABOUT 3,000 ACRES of choice pine lands located in the western part of Michigan. A part or the whole can be bought at low figures. Part of the land lies on the main road from Grand Rapids to Grand Traverse. Various parts of the lands are estimated to cut from 8,000 to 15,000 per acre. Apply to J. C. BUELL, Second National Bank, Cleveland, Ohio.

FOR SALE—AT NORWOOD—BY J. E. BURCHell & Co., Exclusive Agents, 122 Washington-st., 800 lots, with a frontage of 50x200 to 300 feet deep—ranging from $100 to $300 per lot—six miles from the city limits, on Northwestern Railroad; highest land on that road between Chicago and Mississippi River. A few choice lots left at the present low prices. This property has increased in value 25 per cent in the last 30 days. Call and see map, and get other information in regard to it.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—FOR CITY PROPerty, house and 4 acres of ground, located in Crystal Lake, on the shore of Crystal Lake. House contains 8 rooms, with good cellar, well, cistern, and all necessary outbuildings. Terms easy. Apply to S. McCOTTER, 265 West Monroe-st., or on the premises to Mrs. L. C. FLAGLOR, Crystal Lake, McHenry County, Illinois.

FOR SALE—TWO CHOICE FARMS IN McHENry County, about 200 acres each. Good buildings of all kinds, pasture, timber, division fences, plenty of fruit, etc. Terms reasonable. MOREY & MANVILLE, Room 10, Metropolitan Block, corner Randolph and LaSalle-sts.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—OUTSIDE OF the city of Kenosha, Wis., and one mile from the depot, 42 acres of fine land, desirably situated, 1½ acres of timber and good fences. New two-story and brick basement house, 8 rooms, neatly finished, and barn, fine shade trees, &c. All in sight of the lake. Price, $4,500. Terms easy. J. H. KEELER, 129 South Clark-st.

FOR SALE—320 ACRES IN LEE COUNTY, ILL., $16 per acre. Also, 1,000,000 acres land and farms in North, West and South. Land and farms sold on commission. JOHN G. NICHOLSON, 108 Madison-st.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST SEA ISLAND cotton and fruit farms on the Georgia coast, near Savannah, at very low price and easy terms. WHIPPLE & TRUE, Room 5 Lombard Block.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—20 ACRE FARM in Waukegan, good house and barn, 150 bearing apple trees, good cellar, good water, and plenty of small fruit. Will be sold on easy terms, or exchanged for Chicago property. LOUIS B. KELLEY & CO., Basement, 132 LaSalle-st.

FOR SALE—A NICE HOME IN AURORA, WITH 1½ acres of ground, good house, barn, fruit, flowers, and shrubbery of all kinds. LOUIS B. KELLEY & CO., basement, 132 LaSalle-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—160 ACRES OF choice land in Southern Illinois, near Duquoin Station. Splendid fruit country. LOUIS B. KELLEY & CO., Basement, 132 LaSalle-st.

FOR SALE—TWO ACRES OF LAND ON EVANston road, about five miles from the city. Inquire at 244 South Morgan-st.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—OLD NEWSPAPERS IN GOOD order, not torn or mutilated; 75 cents per 100, at Tribune office.

FOR SALE—ONE HUNDRED LOADS OF GOOD soda, at No. 229 South Water-st.

FOR SALE—FINE NEW RECTIFIER, DESK, safe, etc., at a bargain. Must be sold. Call and investigate. G. DANFORD & CO., 78 LaSalle-st., Room 6.

FOR SALE—HARNESS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, new and second hand, or will exchange, at 50 and 52 North Canal-st. GARLAND, HOLMES & CO.

FOR SALE—ONE FOUR TON FAIRBANK'S Scale—nearly new, and in good order. Can be had cheap. DAVIS, GILBRAITH & CO., corner Archer-av and Salt-st.

FOR SALE—A CANAL BOAT, FORMERLY A steam canal boat, at a bargain. It would make a good stone boat. Apply at MILLER & BROTHERS' Ship Yard, North Branch.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE, PRESSED AND common brick, for city real estate. Inquire of O. T. MORSE, 126 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—RUBBLE STONE BY CARGO OR cord, convenient to South Side and Cottage Grove. Yard and office, 227 Grove-st., foot of Twenty-second-st. A. MARTIN.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—BLACK CRAPE BONNET, ON TWENTY sixth-st., between Prairie-av. and State-st., or vicinity. Please return same to 886 Michigan-av., and receive reward.

LOST—A PLAIN GOLD BREASTPIN WITH A small leaf on it, this morning on Wabash-av. The gift of a deceased parent. The finder will receive the thanks of a poor girl on returning it to 181 Ontario-st.

LOST—DURING THE FIRE ON [illegible] Mare, six years old. Was [illegible] on Tuesday, at 26 Aberdeen st. Whoever has possession of the [illegible] will please return her to or notify the owner, [illegible] South Sangamon-st. D. KELLY.

LOST—ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, ON Twelfth-st., between Blue Island-av. and 474 Wabash-av., a portemonnaie containing over $16. The finder will confer a favor by returning it to 474 Wabash-av.

LOST—BETWEEN ELDRIDGE-COURT AND Eighteenth-st., a plush lap robe, striped on one side. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at 120 Washington-st. or 802 Michigan-av. H. K. ELKINS.

LOST—ON MAY 26TH, ON WEST WASHINGton-st., Lincoln or Warren-av., a [illegible] breastpin. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at 666 West Washington-st.

FOUND—ON CLARK-ST. WEDNESDAY EVENing, a pocketbook, which the owner can have by calling at Room 4 Loomis Block, and proving property.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

TO RENT—AT EVANSTON, SPLENDID HOUSE with ten rooms, just completed, cellar under entire house, well and cistern water in the kitchen, a splendid yard containing one acre of ground. Only $50 a month, for one or two years. This is not more than half its value. Apply to JAMES H. KERR & SONS, at Evanston, or at 120 South Clark-st.

TO RENT—FOUR NEW TWO-STORY FRAME, brick basement, houses, 12 rooms each, with barns, on Langley-st., between Egan and Wahpansch-avs., furnaces, bath room, marble mantles, and everything very nice. HARVEY MASON & CO., 104 and 106 East Madison-st.

TO RENT—HOUSE OF 10 ROOMS, FINE fire-proof cellar, large garden filled with fruit trees, currant, gooseberry, and raspberry bushes, strawberry-beds, &c. 187 Loomis-st. Apply at 120 Dearborn-st. C. W. STEVENS.

TO RENT—AND FURNITURE FOR SALE—House 122 South Peoria-st. Apply at 120 Dearborn-st. C. W. STEVENS.

TO RENT—A NEW THREE-STORY AND BRICK basement building on Chicago-av., between Rush and Pine-sts. Rent, $[illegible]. May be rented for three years. Apply to E. PRUSSING, No. 6 Larmon Block.

TO RENT—A COTTAGE HOUSE, PARTLY FURnished in good locality. Rent $30 per month. Apply on the premises, 77 East Jackson-st., from 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Good references required.

TO RENT—THE TWO-STORY DWELLING NO. 122 South Halsted-st., near Adams. Twelve rooms, closets, bathroom, &c. Possession June 1. Rent $60. Apply to J. W. LUSK, 36 West Lake-st.

TO RENT—NEAR JEFFERSON PARK, UPPER part of a new cottage, 61 Loomis-st., six rooms, closets, pantry and summer kitchen, water and gas. Apply on the premises.

TO RENT—A NEAT TWO-STORY HOUSE ON Calumet-av., near Twenty-fourth-st., with marble mantels, water, &c., newly painted and calcimined. To a responsible tenant I will rent cheap. Apply at 135 State-st. M. L. PEARCE.

TO RENT—NOS. 140 AND 142 STATE-ST., THIRteen and fourteen rooms, for one or two years, for any purpose except a boarding house. Apply to CHAPIN & GORE, 142 State-st.

TO RENT—COTTAGE, CONTAINING EIGHT rooms, on Burnside-st., a little south of Thirty-third. Call on J. S. WALLACE, 786 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—HOUSE 148 SOUTH JEFFERSON-st., eight rooms, all modern improvements, at $40 per month. Inquire of CHILDS BROTHERS, 51 State-st.

TO RENT—SECOND STORY OF HOUSE 797 West Lake-st.; has five rooms, water up stairs and is in good condition. Rent $15 per month. COOPER & PACKARD, 157 Randolph-st.

TO RENT—A WELL FURNISHED HOUSE ON the North Side, convenient to business. Will be rented for the summer at much less than it is worth, to a first-class tenant with a small family and no boarders. Address HOUSE, Tribune office.

TO RENT—TWO NICE BASEMENT COTTAGES on Lincoln-st., near Monroe, Nos. 117 and 115. One has six and the other seven rooms, with fine bay window. Rent $30 a month, in advance. Apply at 690 Madison-st.

TO RENT—BOARDING HOUSE FURNITURE for sale, in the most central part of the city. Everything in good running order, bath, gas, etc. None but permanent and prompt-paying boarders in the house. Will be sold cheap if taken before the 1st of June. T, Tribune office.

TO RENT—TWO GOOD NEW HOUSES, OF 10 rooms, near Union Park. Rent very low. Call at Room 2, 118 East Randolph-st.

TO RENT—BY J. S. GOULD, ROOM 5, LOMbard Block, a furnished house, with about thirty boarders, within 5 minutes' walk of the Court House. Furniture for sale cheap.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

TO RENT—IN THE HANDSOME MARBLE front residence, 470 Wabash-av., a delightful suite of rooms, furnished or unfurnished, commanding a fine view of the lake and Michigan-av.; also, two single rooms, on reasonable terms. References given and required.

TO RENT—VERY DESIRABLE ROOMS, FURnished or unfurnished, in first-class brick residence, No. 66 Third-av. Terms low.

TO RENT—ROOMS, FURNISHED AND UNFURnished, for offices or sleeping rooms, in Hamilton Block, 16 North Clark-st. Apply at Room 28.

TO RENT—AN ELEGANT FURNISHED PARlor bedroom and closet, to gentleman and wife or to two gentlemen, without board, also a barn, at 1080 South State-st. Cars run to the door. Inquire in the house.

TO RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED AND UNfurnished rooms, suites and single, with or without board, or for housekeeping, in brick house, with every convenience. Apply at 152 Fourth-av.

TO RENT—TWO ROOMS, THREE ROOMS AND six rooms, in the best order, with gas and water. Inquire in store, 128 West Randolph-st.

TO RENT—A FRONT ROOM, FIRST FLOOR, nicely furnished, to gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen at 409 South Clark-st.

TO RENT—TWO FURNISHED LODGING rooms at 173 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—ONE OR TWO LARGE ROOMS, nicely furnished, for gentlemen's lodging rooms, in the new brick block, northeast corner Washington and Clinton-sts.

TO RENT—IN A HEALTHY LOCATION ON THE North Side, half block from Clark-st., three pleasant furnished rooms, suitable for gentleman and wife or four gentlemen. Call early at 207½ Superior-st.

TO RENT—315 STATE-ST., ROOMS FOR FAMIlies or gentlemen only, from $4.00 to $10.00 per month. Also dining room upon the first floor for restaurant purposes. Apply at house. C. H. REERS.

TO RENT—TWO SUITES OF WELL FURNISHED rooms, with water, gas, &c., on Wabash-av., within ten minutes' walk of the Post Office. Apply to J. M. MARSHALL, No. 97 South Clark-st.

TO RENT—A PLEASANT SUITE OF ROOMS, suitable for three or four gentlemen. Rent moderate. Also suite of furnished or unfurnished rooms, suitable for two gentlemen or gentleman and wife. Apply at 212 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—ONE PLEASANT FURNISHED sleeping room, without board, suitable for one or two gentlemen. Apply at 228½ State-st.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, TO gentlemen only, taken care of and at reasonable rent, at 172 South Clark-st. Apply to DR. CLARKE.

TO RENT—A FURNISHED LODGING ROOM, with closet, suitable for one or two gentlemen. Apply at 63 Third-av.

TO RENT—AT 246 WABASH-AV., AN ELEGANT suite of front rooms, nicely furnished; also rooms for two or three single gentlemen, with or without board. Reference required.

TO RENT—BY J. S. GOULD, ROOM 5, LOMbard Block, 27 rooms for lodging rooms, within 3 minutes' walk from the Court House. Nothing more desirable in the city.

TO RENT—STORES OFFICES, &c.

TO RENT—POSSESSION IMMEDIATELY—Store and basement 109 Lake-st. Apply to C. B. DAGGETT, Hibbard, Rich & Noble's law office, 67 State-st.

TO RENT—TWO MARBLE-FRONT STORES, No. 85 Michigan-av., and No. 9 Lake-st. Inquire of S. B. COBB, Room 8, Cobb's Building, Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—A THREE-STORY BRICK FACTOry building near Halsted and Lake-sts. Long lease will be given. Apply to E. PRUSSING, No. 6 Larmon Block, northeast corner Washington and Clark-sts.

TO RENT—A BRICK STORE AND BASEMENT, 25 by 75 feet deep, 75 Market-st., corner Washington. By J. PRESTON.

TO RENT—DESK ROOM, OR PART OF A FURnished office, up only one flight of stairs. Call and see. Rooms 5 and 6, 69 Dearborn-st., McCormick's Building.

TO RENT—NEW STORE, 20X60 FEET, STATE-st., north of Harrison, and dwelling over the store, (7 rooms), gas and water. All new and neat, never occupied. C. S. WALLER, 35 Lombard Block.

TO RENT—STORE, NO. 101 WASHINGTON-ST., near Clark; fine front, plate-glass windows, superior locality. Store in complete order. Apply to C. S. WALLER, 35 Lombard Block.

TO RENT—DESK ROOM AT $6 PER MONTH; another at $8. Also, a capacious office at $12, but one block from the Court House, good light and pleasant entranceway. Inquire at Room 5, 144 Madison-st.

TO RENT—PART OF STORE, WITH PRIVIlege of large show window and use of fire proof vault, and other conveniences if necessary. Inquire at 102 East Washington-st., in store.

TO RENT—DESK ROOM IN ONE OF THE most desirable offices in Chicago. Call at Room 5, 130 Dearborn-st. Or would rent the whole office.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT—A GENTLEMAN OF UNdoubted respectability desires a furnished or unfurnished room, with breakfast, in a quiet, respectable family, socially inclined. Rent not to exceed $[illegible] a month. Address CYMSO, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—THREE OR FOUR PARtially furnished rooms, suitable for housekeeping, by three grown persons. Central locality preferred. Address, stating terms and locality, MECHANIC, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—PERMANENTLY—A suite of furnished rooms, with board, for gentleman and wife, in a family with few or no other boarders, on South Side. Address THOMAS, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS—A nicely furnished room required by two gentlemen, within a block or two of the court-house. Address E G S, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—AN UNFURNISHED sleeping-room, for two young men. Address W B, Tribune office.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c.

FOR SALE—TEN FINE HORSES, AT DOW'S LIVery Stable, 75 Douglas-place.

FOR SALE—CARRIAGES, ROCKAWAYS, PARK phaetons, buggies, and those popular adjustable-seat buggies, of our own manufacture; also, second-hand carriages, cheap, at 126 State-st. BRADLEY & SMITH.

FOR SALE—AT J. E. DUPUIN'S BOARDING, Sale and Exchange Stable, on Wells-st., between Randolph and Lake—One carload of fine carriage and single horses.

FOR SALE—A FINE PAIR OF CARRIAGE horses, with carriage and harness, if desired; sound, well matched, afraid of nothing, good travellers, and the safest team in this city. Inquire at 369 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—A SPAN OF BLACK HORSES, sound and five years old. Sold on account of breaking up business. Inquire of DAVID HARTSEL, 652 West Lake-st.

FOR SALE—ONE FAIR MATCHED CARRIAGE horses, very stylish. Can be seen at Nos. 9 and 11 River-st., from 8 to 10 a. m.

FOR SALE—AT A GREAT SACRIFICE—ONE heavy truck team, one truck horse, and three first-class trucks, Hicks' make. Apply at 151 LaSalle-st., between 10 and 12.

FOR SALE—A LOT OF VERY FINE STYLISH horses, at 269 and 271 State-st. Any one in want of something that will clean out the avenue now is their time to get them.

FOR SALE—CARRIAGES OF ALL DESCRIPtions, and will exchange new for second hand. Carriages sold on commission, at 50 and 52 North Canal-st. GARLAND, HOLMES & CO.

FOR SALE—A ¾ SEAT TOP CARRIAGE—Ford's manufacture, at 50 and 52 North Canal-st. GARLAND, HOLMES & CO.

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND TOP BUGGY, in good order. Price, $125. Inquire at 399 South Clark-st.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE SOUTH SIDE LOTS for good buggy and harness. Address W H P, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND dray. Address F T, 1 West Kinzie-st.

FOR SALE—GRAIN WAGONS!—TWO GRAIN Wagons, in good order, and cheap for cash. LUCIUS FIELD, 663 State-st.

MACHINERY.

FOR SALE—TWENTY-HORSE PORTABLE second-hand engine, little used, cheap; also, 8-horse; new engines and boilers, saw mills, iron lathes, planers and drills, belting, hose, files, saws and supplies. Bradley double cylinder engine working. Manufacture planers and matchers and other woodworking machinery. GREENLEE BROS. & CO., 91 Michigan-av.

FOR SALE—MACHINERY—ONE 15x30 SECONDhand engine, good as new; one 12x24; one 11½x20; one 9x16; one 8x16; one 8x12; one 5½x10, all complete and new, with boilers, very cheap and on favorable terms. Also one double saw-mill complete, with 32 foot carriage, 64 foot track. HAWKINS & JAMES, 136 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—SECOND HAND ENGINE, 10x22, and two boilers, for sale cheap, at the machine shops of WALLACE, BAIRD & SMALL, corner Canal and Polk-sts.

FOR SALE—ENGINES, PORTABLE, STATIONary, hoisting and marine, 4 to 30-horse; Pay's Trip Hammer; Foreman's Iron-clad Burr Stone Mills. H. B. AMES, 70 South Canal-st.

FOR SALE—A 20-HORSE POWER BOILER, A 15-horse power engine; complete distilling apparatus, with a capacity of 100 bushels daily, all nearly new and in good order, at a bargain, either singly or together. 61 Blue Island-av.

MATRIMONIAL.

MATRIMONIAL—A YOUNG LADY, WELL EDUcated, and of good family, would like to meet with an honorable gentleman, not under 25, who would make her a kind husband. Must be an American, and in comfortable circumstances. Persons not meaning marriage need not reply. Address MARY WHITNEY, Chicago, Ill.

MATRIMONIAL—TWO YOUNG GENTS, AGED 23 and 25, of a lively and fun-loving disposition, and, as a matter of course, good looking, would like to correspond with the same number of young ladies, not over 20 years of age. Those matrimonially inclined preferred. Please address HENRY HOWARD and FRED CUMMINGS, Oshkosh, Wis.

MATRIMONIAL—A PHYSICIAN WISHES TO form the acquaintance of a young lady, or a young widow, with some means, with a view to matrimony. None need address except those in good faith. Address JOHN LOGAN, Post Office, stating where an interview can be had.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

38 AND 40 WEST MADISON-ST.—A FEW GENtlemen can be accommodated with pleasant rooms and good board at from $6 to $8 per week.

41 SOUTH CARPENTER-ST.—BOARD AND rooms furnished, for two gentlemen, on first or second floor, front rooms, one door from Washington-st. A brick house with all modern improvements.

47 JACKSON-ST., SECOND DOOR FROM Wabash-av.—One large front room on second floor, furnished or unfurnished, suitable for gentleman and wife or single gentlemen. Also, a few day boarders.

50 SOUTH MAY-ST.—A VERY PLEASANT room in a desirable locality, with first-class board, bath adjoining room, half block from horse cars; very reasonable, if taken at once. Also, room for two girls, for $12.

89 SOUTH SANGAMON-ST., BETWEEN MADIson and Monroe.—A delightful suite of unfurnished rooms. Also, one large furnished room, for gentlemen and wives, or single gentlemen, or ladies. House new, with modern improvements.

91 SOUTH SANGAMON-ST.—A PLEASANT parlor and bedroom to let, unfurnished, with board; also, a single room. House new. Gas and bath. Near Madison-st. cars.

99 SOUTH CLINTON-ST.—ONE OR MORE rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with or without board. Clinton-st. cars pass the door, or one half block of Madison-st.

117 THIRD-AV.—NICELY FURNISHED front rooms to rent, with or without board. Also, good accommodations for a few day boarders.

126 NORTH STATE-ST.—TWO OR THREE front rooms, in a house containing all modern improvements, with first-class board. Reference required.

141 NORTH CLARK-ST.—EASTERN BOARDing-house just opened. Every room nicely furnished. First-class table. Single rooms, $6, $7 and $8 a week. Day and dinner boarders accommodated.

148 MONROE-ST.—FURNISHED ROOMS, with first-class board, at $6 to $7 per week, with use of bath, piano, &c. Day board, $5 per week.

166 SOUTH CLARK-ST.—A NICELY FURnished front room, suitable for two gentlemen, may be had, with board. A few day boarders wanted. Particular attention paid to the excellence of the table. References exchanged.

168 SOUTH HALSTED-ST., CORNER OF Jackson—Boarding with pleasant rooms for three young gentlemen. Halsted-st. and Blue Island-av. cars pass the door.

174 EAST MONROE-ST. — FIRST-CLASS board and pleasant rooms in private family; house newly furnished; in pleasant locality. Terms moderate.

183 SOUTH PEORIA-ST.—A GENTLEMAN and wife and two single gentlemen can be accommodated.

185 WABASH-AV.—A NICELY-FURNISHED front room for gentleman and wife or three gentlemen; also, single room for two gentlemen, with board. A few day boarders accommodated at $6 per week. References exchanged.

193 WABASH-AV.—ANY ONE DESIRING pleasant rooms and good board, can be accommodated. Also, few day boarders wanted. Terms reasonable.

244 WABASH-AV.—A NICE UPPER ROOM to rent, with first-class board, for two or three young gentlemen or gentleman and wife. Also a few day boarders. References exchanged.

268 WEST RANDOLPH-ST.—TWO ROOMS TO rent, with board, to gentlemen, in one of the pleasantest locations in the city. References required.

271 ONTARIO-ST., WITHIN SIX MINUTES' walk of Lake.—A pleasant unfurnished front or back parlor, with or without board. Also, other rooms furnished or unfurnished.

281 MICHIGAN-AV.—A DESIRABLE SUITE front rooms, also single rooms, furnished or unfurnished. House new; just opened; all modern improvements.

286 ILLINOIS-ST. — HAVING CHANGED hands, undergone thorough repairs, and newly furnished, are now prepared to accommodate gentlemen and their wives, or single gentlemen, with choice rooms, together with first-class board.

290 WEST WASHINGTON-ST.—TWO PARlors and single room attached, with hot and cold water. Also, two other pleasant rooms, with closets, all in complete order, to rent, with board, to families or single gentlemen.

294 WABASH-AV.—GOOD ROOMS, WITH first-class board. House has all the modern improvements. Also accommodations for day boarders.

303 WEST LAKE-ST.—THIRD DOOR WEST of Carpenter, pleasant rooms en suite, for gentlemen and wife, or party of gentlemen. House new and all modern improvements. No objection to children.

324 WABASH-AV.—A HANDSOME FRONT parlor to rent, with first-class board. A couple of single gentlemen can also find accommodations.

325 MICHIGAN-AV.—FURNISHED ROOMS for families and single gentlemen, with excellent board. Location unsurpassed for summer residence. Terms moderate. Also, a barn to let.

341 WABASH-AV.—ONE LARGE FRONT and back room; also a vacancy for one young man in a large pleasant room, with another man.

387 WEST RANDOLPH-ST.—TO LET, WITH first-class board, in a private family, a very handsome, large front room. Also, accommodation for two gentlemen. The location is good, and house has all the modern improvements. References exchanged.

395 WEST RANDOLPH-ST.—A SUITE OF rooms suitable for gentleman and wife or four young men; also, one single room, with first-class board. House has all modern improvements.

397 WEST MADISON-ST.—A FURNISHED front room, suitable for a gentleman and wife, with board, in a private family where there are no other boarders. Terms moderate.

481 MICHIGAN-AV.—A GENTLEMAN AND wife or two single gentlemen can find good board and large, airy rooms. References required.

508 WABASH-AV.—TWO VERY PLEASANT front rooms, second and third floors, suitable for gentlemen and wives; also, one single room, large enough for two young men. Accommodations first-class. No other boarders in family. References exchanged.

560 WABASH-AV.—A SUITE OF SECOND floor front rooms, furnished or unfurnished; also single rooms for gentlemen or married couple, to rent, with board.

744 WEST LAKE-ST.—A SUITE OF UNFURnished rooms to rent, with board, for gentleman and wife. Also a room, with large closet, for two gentlemen.

769 WABASH-AV., SOUTH OF FOURTEENTH-st.—Two young men seeking a pleasant place to board at reasonable price, can obtain a furnished room in a private family.

1130 PRAIRIE-AV.—TWO GENTLEMEN OR a gentleman and wife can be accommodated with a pleasant room and board in a private family.

AMERICAN HOTEL, 105 AND 107 NORTH Water-st.—The above hotel can accommodate a few boarders at $5 per week. Good board and nice rooms, &c.

BOARDING—A FRONT ROOM, WITH BOARD, for two persons. Terms low; private family; fifteen minutes' walk from Madison-st. bridge. Address W H M, Tribune office.

NEAR LINCOLN PARK—A SUITE OF UNFURnished front rooms to rent, with board, for gentleman and wife. Also, one large furnished room for same. New house, modern improvements, one block from cars. Parties wishing a pleasant home in a private family, at reasonable prices, may address GRANVILLE, Tribune office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

AGRICULTURAL, HARDWARE, STOVE AND tin store for sale—the largest and best in the county, doing a fine business, splendid country on all sides, situate on the Illinois River and C., R. I. & Pacific R. R. A wagon bridge to be built across the Illinois River here this summer. Railroad to cross here from New York to Council Bluffs. About 3,000 inhabitants. Satisfactory reasons for selling. For further particulars, call on or address HULL & HEULCE, Henry, Marshall Co., Ill.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY IS OFFERED TO all who are looking for a legitimate business, in any of the Western States, by a small investment. From $100 to $500 will secure a business which will pay from $10 to $30 per day. 400 per cent profit, and sales unlimited. Call at 129 Dearborn-st., and investigate. One of the best opportunities to make money ever offered to the public. HOWARD TILDEN, 129 Dearborn-st.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR A LEGITImate business in any of the Western States. Profits, 400 per cent; sales unlimited. Will be exchanged for improved or unimproved property in the city or country. A fine pair of horses and carriage will also be taken in exchange, or a good single horse and buggy. Call immediately at 129 Dearborn-st., first floor. HOWARD TILDEN.

A DRUG STORE, WITH HANDSOME FIXtures, good stock, long lease, soda fountain—everything complete for business—will be sold at a big discount. Trade good, but owner has no time to devote to it. Address MYRON, Tribune office.

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY, IN THE best location of the city, for sale. Inquire at 62 North Clark-st.

CHEAP SALOON FOR SALE—DOING A GOOD trade; rent only $10 per month, coming in $150. Must be sold this week. Apply to MOFFATT, THOMAS & CO., Business Agents, 92 Dearborn-st.

BARBER SHOP FOR SALE IN A FIRST-CLASS hotel in a city of 11,000 inhabitants, in Michigan. For particulars inquire of J. P. MORAST, Union Hotel, 180 West Water-st., Chicago, Ill.

COMPACT LITTLE CITY HOTEL FOR SALE—The best for making money now in the market—coming in easy. Must be sold this week. Apply to MOFFATT, THOMAS & CO., 92 Dearborn-st.

DRY GOODS—A GOOD CHANCE—STOCK WITH fixtures and lease for sale, in one of the best locations in the city. Address BLUE ISLAND-AV., corner of Twelfth-st.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE—DOING A PAYING business; rare chance. Address W. I. BOND, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

GROCERY STORE FOR SALE, NOW DOING A good business, on a leased lot. Lease runs three years from the 1st of July; rent of lot only $10 per month. Will sell cheap. Apply at 88 North Market-st.

FINE BRICK HOTEL FOR SALE IN A LARGE country town; one acre of ground, large stables, etc., in first-class order, at $8,000. G. DANFORD & CO., 78 LaSalle-st., Room 6.

FOR SALE—TWO-THIRDS OF SCHOONER CORnelia. Apply to PRINDIVILLE & MORRIS, 9 Dole's Block, corner South Water and Clark-sts.

FANCY GOODS STORE AND DRESSMAKING business, and furniture for two rooms, will be sold cheap. Apply at 661 State-st. immediately. Such a chance is seldom found.

HOTEL—ONE-HALF OR THE WHOLE INTERest in one of the best hotels in the city, splendidly located and doing a fine business. Furniture new, and everything connected with it in first-class order. For particulars, apply to YOUNG & ROWLEY, 180 Madison-st., Chicago.

ICE CREAM BUSINESS AND SALOON FOR sale—Doing a wholesale business. Apply to MOFFATT, THOMAS & CO., Auctioneers, 92 Dearborn-st.

MOFFATT, THOMAS & CO., AUCTIONEERS and Business Agents, 92 Dearborn-st., have upward of 300 chances, in every line of business, exclusively in their hands for disposal, and request parties wishing to invest their money in a straight money-making concern to favor them with a call, and at the same time to intimate to parties wishing to dispose of their businesses that there is no office in Chicago that has the same facilities for a quick sale as their offices. Sales at auction in real estate and outdoor sales a specialty.

MOFFATT, THOMAS & CO., AUCTIONEERS, and Business Agents, have the following straight running concerns for sale, which they can offer upon easy terms, and in many instances their clients will trade for part of the capital required:
First-rate saloon near the Court House.
Two boot and shoe stores, sales $14,000, West Side.
Billiard hall and saloon, West Side.
Billiard hall, saloon and shooting gallery, South Side.
Fine laundry, returns $300 per week, profits, $120.
Four drug stores, good running concerns, South and West Sides.
Restaurant near Court House.
Two large hotels, 90 and 60 beds.
Six saloons, West Side, all doing a profitable trade.
Three ice-cream restaurants, South and West Sides.
Two die-sinkers' and engraving businesses in the heart of the city.
Ladies' furnishing and millinery establishments, South and West Sides.
Three flour-mills, city and country, first-rate.
Agricultural implement manufactory in the country.
Two brass foundries, with finishing shops, city and country.
Bitters manufactory, West Side, together with a variety of other chances. Full particulars at their Real Estate, Auction and Business Agency, Office 92 Dearborn-st., Room 11.

MANUFACTURING BUSINESS, WELL ESTABlished, and now orders on hand from $[illegible] to $1,000, to be sold in consequence of the proprietor having purchased another business, or will trade for real estate or teams. Apply to MOFFATT, THOMAS & CO., Business Agents, 92 Dearborn-st.

NO. 1 FEED MILL, CENTRAL LOCATION IN city, with well established custom, for sale or exchange. G. DANFORD & CO., 78 LaSalle-st., Room 6.

STOCK OF DRY GOODS AND GENERAL MERchandise and storehouse for sale, at Chariton, Iowa, on B. & M. R. R., 130 miles west of Burlington. Business established 16 years. The best stock, the best [illegible], and the largest ready-pay trade of any store in Southern Iowa, west of Ottumwa. For terms, etc., etc., apply to J. V. FARWELL & CO., or FIELD, LEITER & CO., Chicago, or O. L. PALMER, at Chariton, Iowa.

SALOON FOR SALE, ON THE WEST SIDE, DOing a good business. Contains three first-class billiard tables, bar room, reading room, card room, bed room, kitchen and store room, handsomely finished and decorated with forty pictures. The best opportunity ever offered in this city for making money in this line. Satisfactory reason will be given for selling. Good real estate taken in part payment. Apply at 709 West Madison-st.

STEAM SAW MILLS, TURNING LATHES, AND every facility for conducting a large manufacturing business, with two dwellings and five acres of land, adjacent to a station and within three-fourths of an hour's ride of Chicago, for sale. The proprietor going to California. This is one of the finest concerns, and the owner will take a small amount in cash and trade for real estate. Apply to MOFFATT, THOMAS & CO., 92 Dearborn-st.

SALOON AND BILLIARD HALLS WITH SHOOTing gallery for sale. MOFFATT, THOMAS & CO. are instructed to sell these fine chances. Worth looking into. Apply at their office, 92 Dearborn-st.

WILL BE SOLD CHEAP TO A GOOD PARTY, Tilly's Hotel and Restaurant, Nos. 15, 17 and 19 North Wells-st., corner of Water.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

WANTED—WE WISH TO HIRE ONE SALESman of experience, who can engage permanently on a liberal salary, with our house, which has been established twenty-two years. Also two of little or no experience will be accepted to learn business, on a salary of $40 per month, to be increased with experience. References required. Apply personally, at ORVIS & BOSTWICK'S, over 123 and 125 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—THIRTY FIRST-CLASS INSURANCE men to act as agents and canvass in this city and through the Northwestern States. H. H. PAYNE, General Agent, 131 LaSalle-st., Room 3.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS GENERAL BAKER. To a steady and competent man good wages, a steady job and sure pay will be given. Address E. W. BIXBY, Redwing, Minn.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—A FEW RELIable salesmen, experienced or inexperienced; to engage permanently in a light business that will pay $10.00 per day. Don't fail to call and investigate. O. K. STANFORD & CO., 129 State-st.

WANTED—TO BOOKBINDERS—A MAN THORoughly understanding all branches of the business to go to Iowa. For particulars apply to CULVER, PAGE & HOYNE, 118 and 120 Lake-st.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS FORWARDER, competent for all kinds of blank work. Address PEORIA TRANSCRIPT CO., with terms.

WANTED—20 MEN TO TRAVEL THROUGH the West and Northwest for the sale of a valuable invention for farmers. UNION COLLECTION AND AGENCY CO., 131 LaSalle-st., Room 3.

WANTED—ENTRY CLERK. A YOUNG MAN not over 18 years old old, who writes a good hand and is quick at figures. One who lives with parents preferred. Address, in handwriting of applicant, NOTIONS, Carrier No. 8.

WANTED—WOOD WORKER AND PAINTER. Apply to MILLAR & PARSONS, 73 West Randolph-st.

WANTED—A PRESCRIPTION CLERK IN A drug store, German preferred. References required. Address W L, Tribune office.

WANTED—A TINNER WHO UNDERSTANDS his business, none other. T. H. MANNING, 610 Cottage Grove-av.

WANTED—A GOOD MAN TO GO TO JANESville, Wis., and one capable of taking charge of a few men, and one that can loan his employer at least $500. Will give right man an interest. A Mason preferred. Address F A M, Tribune office.

WANTED—A MAN THAT UNDERSTANDS washing carriages and harness, and taking care of horses, at the stable corner of Washington and Carpenter-sts.

WANTED—ONE GOOD TURNER, IMMEDIately, at the Home Washer Manufacturing Company, corner Jackson and Clinton-sts.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED FOREMAN, to superintend a pants shop, running 30 machines. / 20 Lake-st.

WANTED—GOOD SALESMEN TO CANVASS this city. 46 Michigan-av.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE, INTELLIGENT BUSIness woman, with experience in gents' shirt, collar and tie business, to engage in the sale and manufacture of goods. Only those with good references and a knowledge of the sewing machine need apply, stating name and address, to P. O. Box 86, Chicago.

WANTED—A SECOND GIRL, GERMAN, SWEDish or Norwegian, at 61 West Hinsdale-st., between Wells and Franklin.

WANTED—A RELIABLE, EXPERIENCED WOman as nurse. English, Scotch or American preferred. Call between 11 a. m. and 4 p. m., to-day, at 271 Michigan-av.

WANTED—A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN TO DO general housework in a small family. None but competent persons need apply, and must have the best [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

WANTED—A SMART GIRL, 14 YEARS OLD, for clerk, 3 shirt ironers, 2 dining and chamber girls, and 20 for general work, at 160 East Washington-st., Room 21.

WANTED—TWO COLORED GIRLS TO GO TO the country. One to cook, the other for second work. Good home for good girls. Apply Saturday, between 9 a. m. and 4 p. m., at the Montreal House, 155 South Wells-st.

WANTED—A GIRL TO RUN A SINGER SEWing machine. Apply at 54 Alexander-st., near Archer-road and Twenty-second-st.

WANTED—A GIRL TO TAKE CHARGE OF A child 3 years old. Address P M J, Tribune office.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK, WASHER AND ironer, at 11 South Sheldon-st., one block east of Union Park.

WANTED—GOOD GERMAN, SWEDE, NORWEgian or American girls for general housework, hotels, boarding houses, and all wanting good female help to call on HUNTER, WOOD & CO., 92 East Randolph-st.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework can find a permanent place. Apply at 280 Wabash-av.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—A GOOD COOK, in a private family. No washing or ironing. English preferred. Apply at No. 216 Fulton-st., corner of Deering.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL TO COOK, WASH and iron. None but a good cook need apply. Call at 117 South Green-st.

WANTED—A GOOD LAUNDRESS, AT NO. 171 Michigan-av.

EMPLOYMENT AGENTS.

WANTED—400 LABORERS FOR SOUTH PAcific; wages $2.25 to $2.75 a day; 20 men for Indiana. Free transportation furnished to Indiana. Apply to L. C. [illegible]

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY 500 MEN AT $2 PER day. The work is between St. Paul and Superior City, Minnesota. Will last about two years. For transportation and full particulars apply to my agents at 102 East Washington-st., Room 23. WM. BRANCH, Contractor.

WANTED—BOOKKEEPER, 2 CLERKS, PORter, coachman, travelling agent, brakesman, fireman and bartender. Apply at 84 Dearborn-st., Room 2. Applicants by mail address E. G. FULTON & CO., Box 1008, enclosing 10c for reply.

WANTED — MEN AND BOYS, RAILROAD hands, farm hands, mechanics, quarrymen, and all parties wanting help or situations, to call at the Great Western Labor Exchange Agency, 92 East Randolph-st. HUNTER, WOOD & CO.

WANTED—THIS DAY, 300 RAILROAD LABORers, 15 saw mill hands and 3 farm hands. For transportation and particulars apply to R. F. CHRISTIAN, Room 3, Lind's Block.

WANTED.

WANTED—ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF OLD broken, also good watches, jewelry, old gold, silver, guns, pistols, musical instruments, &c. High prices paid in cash at BARTLETT'S, 240 East Madison-st., east of Market. P. S.—Watches, clocks, &c., repaired, 25 per cent below the usual price, and fully warranted; fine new watches for sale; all kinds of old watches taken in exchange, or bought for cash. Remember, 240 East Madison-st.

WANTED—MADAM MAYNARD WILL ANswer all questions of the past, present and future relative to business, love, lawsuits, absent friends or stolen property. Will give phrenological examinations. Call and see my female trust. Agents wanted. Consultation fee from $1 to $3. 121 Jackson-st., near Clark.

WANTED—DR. MATHEWS, CLAIRVOYANT Medium, can tell of business, marriages, journeys, lawsuits, absent friends, or anything you wish to know. Will cure fits, seminal weakness, suppressed menstruation, paralysis, and all chronic and female diseases. Consultation fee from $1 to $3. 121 Jackson-st.

WANTED—A PERSON WHO WILL PAY FOR obtaining letters patent for a new fire-proof roofing for an interest in the patent. Address P. WERNI, 155 West Randolph-st., Chicago, Ill., or call for an interview between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m.

WANTED—DESIROUS OF CONNECTING MYself with a house (for a short time as employee) doing a forwarding and commission business, with a privilege of becoming a partner should the business be satisfactory. Have a house in Baltimore, Md., and can do a large trade. Address W J D, Tribune office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN DESIROUS OF visiting Boston, business that will pay his expenses. Best of references given. Address C. P. JENKS, 1 Portland Block.

WANTED—PARTIES HAVING HOUSEHOLD goods, furniture, carpets, stoves, or store and saloon fixtures for sale, will find a cash purchaser by calling on or addressing me. Sales outside at lowest percentage. J. B. FITCH & CO., 56 and 58 South Wells-st., opposite Briggs House.

WANTED—ALL TO KNOW THAT MARRIED parties of any State desiring divorce, with the least possible publicity, may receive all necessary legal information and assistance thereto, by addressing Box 597, Chicago, Ill., on reasonable terms.

WANTED—TO TRADE TWO LARGE HARRIS' safes for furniture or crockeryware. Also, some real estate lots for good furniture. Apply to MOFFATT, THOMAS & CO., 92 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—ONLY $10 PER MONTH FOR FURnished office, with small private office, head of first flight, new marble block on Clark-st. Room 3, 161 South Clark-st.

WANTED—A MAN WITH ABOUT $1,000 TO GO to St. Louis and conduct the agency for a profitable, honorable money-making business. Address, with place of interview, OMEGA, Tribune office.

WANTED—THOSE INTERESTED TO KNOW that divorces are legally obtained, without publicity, and at a small expense. No fee unless decree is obtained. Address Box 1087.

WANTED—A PURCHASER FOR A DRUG store; centrally located. Now doing a good business. Low rent. Good reason for selling. Address, with name and place for interview, LANGDON, Tribune office.

WANTED—A SMART, ACTIVE YOUNG MAN with $200 cash. Can hear of a good steady position if taken at once, by calling at 98 Washington-st., Room 12.

WANTED—A FRENCH TEACHER, LATE PROfessor in France, is willing to give private lessons to ladies and gentlemen. Address L. SAUVEUR, 228 Blue Island-av.

PARTNERS WANTED.

PARTNERS WANTED—MOFFATT, THOMAS & Co., auctioneers, business and partnership agents, are requested to negotiate partnerships in the following straight-running concerns:
Agricultural implement manufactory. Capital required, $4,000.
Bitters manufactory. Capital required, $1,000.
Seal engravers and die sinkers. Capital required, $500 to $1,000.
Hotels, large and small. Capital required, $2,000 to $6,000.
Sign and house painters. Capital required, $1,500.
Billiard hall and saloon. Capital required, $1,500.
Wagon manufactory. Capital required, $1,500.
Boot and shoe stores. Capital required, $3,000 to $4,000.
Full particulars of any of the above can be had at their office as above.

PARTNER WANTED—BY A JEWELLER AND watchmaker, need not to be a practical man, as the money is only wanted to increase the stock. A capital is required of $2,000. A truly genuine concern. Apply to MOFFATT, THOMAS & CO., Auctioneers, 92 Dearborn-st.

PARTNER WANTED—IN A FIRST-CLASS REAL Estate and Money Broker's Office, established five years. Gross income last year $12,000. Real estate on hand for sale, about $3,000,000. To a business man with some means, that speaks German, a first-class opportunity is here offered. Address BROKER, care of Mr. Sundell, Winslow's Bank, corner South Clark and Water-sts., for five days.

PARTNER WANTED—IN THE LUMBER AND wood and coal business, only a small capital required, by a person who owns the land and fixtures. Or will exchange a sett of good working machinery for real estate, or for horses, wagon and harness, and take security for part of price on machinery. Address WOOD & COAL, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—IN FIRST-CLASS HOUSE and sign painting business, doing a profitable trade. A practical man with small capital preferred. Apply to MOFFATT, THOMAS & CO., Partnership Agents, 92 Dearborn-st.

PARTNER WANTED—IN THE PAINT TRADE. A man of experience, who understands the business in all particulars and can command trade, to join a party that has capital, to establish a wholesale house. Address, confidentially, PAINT, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—IN TRADE FOR COUNtry store, and also in extensive first-class business in Chicago, well established. Apply to SIDNEY W. SEA, 109 Dearborn-st.

PARTNER WANTED—TO ENGAGE IN THE saw and grist mill business in Kansas. To a good practical man, with about $5,000 capital, a splendid opportunity is offered to engage in a business that promises large profits. Inquire of WHITAKER & JONES, [illegible] Washington-st.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $500, TO JOIN ME in an office established over 2 years, pays $200 per month net. Call at 84 Dearborn-st., Room 2.

TO LEASE.

TO LEASE—DESIRABLE LOCATION FOR ELEvator, flour mill or general dockage, on corner West Washington and [illegible]-sts. Apply to G. LUNT, 98 Clark-st., up stairs.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

SITUATION WANTED—TO BREWERS—A FIRSTclass brewer, of 20 years' experience, and who has manufactured, for the past two years, the celebrated Chicago cream ale and porter, is open to an engagement either as brewer or instructor. Apply by letter, to P J, 221 Kankakee-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A BOOKKEEPER of five years' experience. Recommended by former employers. Address C. LEONARD, 23 Nixon's Exchange.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN (Dane) as coachman in a private family. Is willing to make himself useful about the house. Address O H K, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS GARDENER, BY A married man (German). Is willing to take care of horses and carriage. Address N T, care Edgar Sanders, 100 Madison-st., Chicago.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG GERMAN gardener, who has been working four years in the greatest art and trade gardens of Berlin, and who understands his profession thoroughly. Very good recommendations. Kind offers may be made at Mr. WM. BUDDENBACH'S, No. 220 North Green-st.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN, IN A private family, by a man who thoroughly understands his business and make himself generally useful about the house. Please address T W C, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN (Dane), who speaks perfect German, as clerk in a hardware store, in which business he has 2 years' experience, or as clerk in any other store. Address E S, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN from England, who has been in the employment of, and is recommended by, an old and well-known firm in London. Address F, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF several years' experience, a situation as salesman or travelling agent for grocery or liquor house. Can give good reference, and will loan his employer $300. Address, for three days, MOUNT, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS CLERK OR BOOKkeeper, by a young man of good experience, in a wholesale or retail business. Is not afraid to do any kind of work. Understands the hat and cap trade; also, the dry goods and fancy trade thoroughly. First-class references given. Address Ch M 225, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF practical experience as a first-class watchmaker. City or country. City preferred. Address G H 125, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS ACCOUNTANT OR salesman, by an experienced man. An amount of capital can be loaned. O P, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A BOY OF 18, TO work in a private family, to take care of horses and carriage. Is a good driver and is willing to make himself useful. Good city references given. Address M H, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS coachman in a good private family. Is willing to make himself useful about the house. Good references. Address A F, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS CLERK, AT NO LESS than $40 or $50 salary per month, by a young man who speaks English and German and is a fine penman. Address CHAS. OBD, 129 Randolph-st.

SITUATION WANTED—A MAN OF GENERAL business experience, for several years in grain and produce commission, a competent bookkeeper, desires a situation. City references. Address COMMISSION, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG [illegible] man, to take care of horses and drive carriage, in a private family. Inquire at 113 Dearborn-st. (shoe store.)

SITUATION WANTED—A YOUNG MAN, A first-rate penman, wishes employment. First-class references given. A D X, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN AND gardener. Understands his business perfectly. No objections to the country. Good references. Address G. D. Tribune office.

[illegible]

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

[illegible]

SITUATION WANTED—AS HOUSEKEEPER IN a widower's family with one small child and means sufficient for comfort, by a lady of 25, with no encumbrance. Address STRANGER, Tribune office, with name and number of residence, for two days.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A NO. 1 GIRL TO do second work in a private family. Can also run a sewing machine. Best of references. Address J M, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPETENT WOman in a private family to do cooking. Inquire at 190 East Madison-st.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COPYIST OR CLERK in a confectionery or dry goods store; can write a very rapid and plain hand; also is fully competent as mezzo-soprano singer in a choir; has sung nine years on salary. Best of references. Address Miss N M, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPETENT GIRL as second girl or for general housework in a private family. References given. Apply at No. 61 Twenty-second-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPETENT girl to cook, wash and iron in a small private family. Good reference. Address FANNIE, Tribune office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTAble girls, one as cook and the other as second girl. Wabash or Michigan-avs. preferred. Call for three days at 16 Hubbard-st., between Jefferson and Desplaines.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPETENT dressmaker by the day or week. Thoroughly understands the Wheeler & Wilson machine. Call at 1288 Wabash-av.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED—FOR OUR FAMILY PHYSICIAN, in both English and German. A thoroughly reliable guide, written in plain language, with a table of symptoms to facilitate the detection of disease, embracing the Allopathic, Homoeopathic, Hydropathic, Eclectic and Herbal modes of treatment. Endorsed by the highest medical authority of this country. It contains [illegible] Price, cloth bound, only $2.50. The most popular and rapidly selling book in the market. Agents are reporting upwards of [illegible] orders per week. One just reports 128, and another [illegible] last week. Another reports 240 for the last two weeks. Another has averaged 10 per day for the last two months. One man writes, "By the aid of a prescription in Our Family Physician I have not only saved a large doctor's bill, but my boy's life," &c. It is a work of great practical value, and is emphatically the book to sell in hard times. Send for circulars and learn full particulars. Address J. S. GOODMAN & CO., Publishers, 5 Custom House-place, Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS WANTED—FOR DR. MARCH'S NIGHT SCENES IN THE BIBLE—On fine, rose-tinted paper, with steel engravings costing over $3,000, and of unrivalled beauty, grandeur, delicacy and excellence. Highly commended by Bishops Morris, Simpson and Clark, Rev. Albert Barnes, the entire religious press, college professors, and clergymen of every denomination. One says: "It is a beautiful, fascinating, impressive, invaluable book;" another, "It is precious as gems;" another, "It ought to be a household book throughout the English speaking world." Great inducements to clergymen, teachers, students and agents. One agent sold 323 in three weeks, another 67 in one week, another 44 in one day, and so on. For circular, the recommendations, price and terms to agents, address ZIEGLER, McCURDY & CO., 60 Monroe-st., Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED—$75 TO $200 PER MONTH, everywhere, by male or female agents, to sell a newly invented and elegantly constructed $18 Sewing Machine, noiseless in operation, uses the straight needle, sews with double or single thread, makes the genuine hand stitch, will gather, hem, ruffle, shir, tuck, run up breadths, &c., requires no lubrication or change of stitch, cannot get out of order, and will last a lifetime. Is a favorite everywhere and a great mechanical success. Imitations or infringements will be vigorously prosecuted. Illustrated circulars with testimonials free. Single machines will be expressed to any address on receipt of $18. APEX SEWING MACHINE CO., 328 Broadway, New York.

AGENTS WANTED—FOR PROF. PARSONS' LAWS OF BUSINESS, with full directions for all transactions in every State of the Union. By THEOPHILUS PARSONS, LL. D., Professor of Law in Harvard University, and author of many law books. A new book for everybody, explaining the rights, duties and obligations of all the relations of life, as well as every kind of contract and legal obligation. Worth ten times the price asked for it. Exclusive territory and no competition. Send for our descriptive circular and terms to agents. Address JONES, JUNKIN & CO., Publishers, 167 South Clark-st., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS WANTED FOR SECRETS OF THE GREAT CITY, a work descriptive of the Virtues and the Vices, the Mysteries, Miseries and Crimes of New York City. It contains 35 fine engravings, and is the spiciest, most thrilling, instructive and cheapest work of the kind published. Agents are meeting with unprecedented success. One in South Bend, Ind., reports 50 subscribers in a day. One in Luzerne Co., Pa., 44 in a day. One in Saginaw, Mich., 68 in two days, and a great many others from 100 to 200 per week. Send for circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address JONES BROTHERS & CO., 128 South Clark-st., Chicago, Ill. Published in both English and German.

AGENTS WANTED—$75 to $200 PER MONTH, everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., St. Louis, Mo., or Boston, Mass. CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast-iron machines under same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

AGENTS WANTED—TO APPLY IMMEDIATELY for circular giving full description of the best book for 1869. Terms very liberal. ASHER, ADAMS & HIGGINS, Indianapolis, Ind.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL THREE NEW Hand Books of the States of Kansas, Nebraska and Iowa, each accompanied with an accurate map. They contain the latest information respecting the great resources and rapid development of these growing States. Samples of each sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of 75 cts each. A liberal discount made to booksellers, news dealers and travelling agents. Please address RUFUS BLANCHARD, 146 Lake-st., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS WANTED—FOR A NEW BOOK, BY Catherine E. Beecher and Harriet Beecher Stowe, THE AMERICAN WOMAN'S HOME, or, Principles of Domestic Science. Being a guide to Economical, Healthful, Beautiful and Christian Homes. Well printed; profusely illustrated; handsomely bound. A work that will find its way into every household in the land. Exclusive territory and liberal discounts given. Send for our illustrated circular. J. A. STODDARD & CO., 109 Washington-st., Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED—FOR THE SECRET HISTORY OF THE CONFEDERACY. The astounding revelations and startling disclosures made in this work are creating the most intense desire to obtain it. The secret political intrigues, etc., of Davis and other Confederate leaders, with the Hidden Mysteries, from "Behind the Scenes in Richmond," are thoroughly ventilated. Send for circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS WANTED—MALE AND FEMALE TO sell a new article just out, $5 to $10 per day easily made. It is wanted in every family, and sells at sight. Send 25 cents for sample, or stamp for circular. B. DUTTON, Room 16, Reynolds' Block.

AGENTS WANTED—YOUNG MEN AND WOmen wanted for Smax needle and sewing silk packages. Better terms given than any other agency house in the West. Send 50c for sample of 20 fast selling articles, worth $2, or 25c for double sample. Call and see the goods. SMAX & CO., 61 South Halsted-st., Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL DR. WILLIAM SMITH'S DICTIONARY OF THE BIBLE. Also, for the Devotional and Practical Family Bible, finely illustrated and very attractive. Send for circulars. Address R. C. TREAT, 117 South Clark-st., Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED—FOR THE FOLSOM SEWING MACHINE, LETTER A and LETTER B. Letter B is noiseless, and cannot be run backward. The needle cannot be set wrong. Prices, $25, $45, and $55. Sent ON TRIAL. Needles for other machines furnished. P. ATKINSON, 164 Randolph-st., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS WANTED—$10.00 PER DAY, AND NO humbug—to sell a new article, just out, sells at sight; 75c on the dollar clear profit. O. K. STANFORD & CO., 129 State-st., Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED—$7 TO $20 PER DAY easily made by male or female, with Linington's spring steel needle and sewing silk packages. Every lady will buy one. Send 25c. for sample or stamp for circular. C. M. LININGTON, 98 South Halsted-st., Chicago, Ill.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

STRAYED—FROM FRITZ'S FARM, NEAR CALUmet, on Saturday, May 22, a Black Horse, marked with "U. S." on his left flank, and also has a crack in his left fore foot. Any one returning him to said farm or to me, or giving information of his whereabouts, will be suitably rewarded. S. THOMSON, 266 Randolph-st.

STRAYED — FIVE-YEAR OLD, SMALL BAY mare. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning her to the barn of Stockton & Co., Market-st., or to R. H. HENNEGEN, 184 Park-av.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—THE GENTLEMAN WHO PICKED up the lady's handkerchief in the stage, on the evening of the 27th inst., on Wabash-av., would like to make her acquaintance very much. Please address MARY ADAMS, Chicago P. O.

PERSONAL—KATE BRAUGHMAN, COME and see your sister, at 107 South Clark-st. MAY O. BUTLER.

WASHINGTON.

Satisfactory Condition of the National Treasury.

The Debt Reduced Fourteen Millions During the Present Month.

Treasury Department Regulations.

Pacific Railroad First Mortgage Bonds Deposited in the Treasury.

The Indian Commissioners Have an Interview with the President.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Washington, D. C., May 28.

THE INDIAN COMMISSIONERS CALL ON THE PRESIDENT.

The Indian Commission has adjourned. All the members were present at the sittings except Mr. Dodge, of New York, and Tobey, of Boston, who were detained by sickness. After full organization the Commissioners called on the President with Secretary Cox, and told him they were ready to co-operate with him in all his plans for putting the Indian affairs upon a better basis. The President replied that he would act with them cordially, listen to all their recommendations, and give due weight to such advice as they might give as to changes in the present methods of dealing with the Indians. He said he would give them letters to all agencies, and direct that every facility should be extended them for ascertaining the workings of the present system, and that army officers and those acting as agents would give them transportation, and aid them in every way for the purposes of visitation. The Indian country was divided into three divisions. The northern embraces the country upon the Upper Missouri, including the Indians north of the Kansas and those [illegible]